THE COURIER-JOURNAL "OWL" TRAIN OVER SOUTHERN RAILWAY
Lv. Louisville (4th-St. Crossing) Daily .....3:30 a. m.
Ar. Jeffersontown...*3:49 a. m.
Fisherville .. ...*4:00 a. m.
Shelbyville ..... 4:25 a. m.
Ar. Lawrenceburg. .. 5:05 a. m.
Tyrone .. ..*5:09 a. m.
Versailles ..... 5:22 a. m.
Lexington ..... 6:45 a. m.
*Stops on flag signal.

The Courier-Journal.

RETURNING—THE SOUTHERN RAILWAY'S "ST. LOUIS SPECIAL"
Leaves Lexington 6:10 a. m.; Louisville 9:00 a. m., daily, arriving St. Louis 4:56 p. m.—the fastest train to St. Louis by nearly one hour. Entire train with superb dining car runs through complete.

VOL. CIII. NEW SERIES—NO. 13,076. LOUISVILLE, WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 19, 1904.—10 PAGES. PRICE { THREE CENTS. ON TRAINS FIVE CENTS.

The Weather.

Forecast for Wednesday and Thursday: Kentucky—Fair in east, rain and colder in west portion Wednesday; Thursday rain, colder.

Indiana—Rain and colder Wednesday; Thursday fair; fresh north, shifting to west winds.

Tennessee—Fair in east, rain and colder in west; Thursday fair.

THE LATEST.

Kentucky stands far up in the lead in the list of awards made to the exhibitors of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, having a total of 186, divided as follows: Six grand prizes, thirty-five gold medals, fifty-three silver medals, seventy-two bronze medals. This record, too, is made in the face of the fact that there were only three Kentuckians on the juries of awards.

Henry G. Davis, the Democratic vice presidential candidate, continued his campaign in West Virginia yesterday, speaking at Bluefield, North Fork and Welch, where big Democratic rallies were held. His itinerary will end to-day at Kenova, but he contemplates another three or four days' trip along the Wabash system of West Virginia later on.

The annual meeting of the Grand Lodge of Kentucky, Free and Accepted Masons, began yesterday with the reading of the report of the Grand Master, Owen D. Thomas. The order is in a flourishing condition and the attendance is the largest in its history. The Grand Chapter met last night and elected Joe Ewalt, of Paris, as Grand High Priest.

Secretary of State McChesney refused to allow the People's party leaders to file petitions to get the names of congressional nominees in the First, Third and Ninth districts on the official ballot, owing to the fact that they were presented ten days after the limit expired as prescribed by law.

Judge Parker held conferences yesterday in New York City with a number of the Democratic leaders. The political situation in Indiana, New Jersey and other States was canvassed. A letter from Judge Parker was read last evening at a mass-meeting of Ulster county citizens in New York.

The Interstate Commerce Commission issued a report showing the number of casualties to persons on railroads in the United States for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1904, to be 55,130. Of this number 3,787 were killed. The total number of collisions and derailments was 11,291.

The legacy of Mrs. Sallie Grundy, giving 600 acres of land, a fine residence and farming implements and $10,000 in money for an orphans' home in Washington county was accepted yesterday by the synod of the Southern Presbyterian church in session at Shelbyville.

The statement is made by the Chaplain-in-Chief of the Grand Army of the Republic that in the hospitals of Washington are 1,000 insane soldiers who returned from the Philippines. He declares their plight to be due to lack of church work in the army and navy.

Chairman Taggart, of the Democratic National Committee, will leave New York to-day for Indiana. He will put in several days looking after the political situation in Indiana and Illinois.

W. J. Bryan closed the sixth day of his Indiana tour at Bedford last night, speaking to a crowd which filled a four-acre park. During the day he spoke to large crowds at a number of towns.

Preliminary steps toward the organization of a Retail Merchants' Association were taken last night by Louisville business men. Social and business relations are to be developed.

An armory to cost $125,000 and to contain an amphitheater which will seat 15,000 people will be erected by the Fiscal Court of Jefferson county.

The Kentucky synod of the Northern Presbyterian church convened at Danville last night and Dr. John Barbour, of Maysville, was chosen moderator.

A tragedy and a subsequent fight between brigands and soldiers near Mexico City resulted in the death of three men and the wounding of fifteen.

Dr. E. L. Powell, of Louisville, was elected president of the American Christian Missionary Society at the convention held in St. Louis.

The Kentucky State Grange, which is in annual session at Cynthiana, will be addressed to-day by Gov. Beckham and Gov. Bachelder, of Vermont.

In honor of Miss Helen Keller, who was born deaf, dumb and blind, "Helen Keller Day" was observed at the World's Fair.

Senator Redfield Proctor was re-elected to the United States Senate yesterday by the Vermont Legislature in separate session.

Chicago's registration is no greater than it was in 1900, and the political workers are disappointed at the outcome.

The teamsters' strike in Cincinnati has been settled and the danger of a general sympathetic strike is averted.

The French Parliament reassembled in extraordinary session.

LIMIT

Secretary of the U. S. Senate 2021

Of [illegible]urance Must Have [illegible] Nearly Reached.

FI[illegible]NG STILL CONTINUES

And St. Petersburg Hears More Encouraging News.

RUSSIANS CAPTURE GUNS

AND THE JAPANESE COMMAND OF YAMADA IS DEFEATED.

HEAVY RAINS ARE FALLING.

St. Petersburg has been cheered by the report that Gen. Kuropatkin has resumed the offensive and by the news of the defeat of the Japanese command of Gen. Yamada and the capture of Lone Tree hill, which is represented to be key to the position on the southwest fronts of the contending armies. If the report of the advance is authentic and the Russians have crossed to the south side of the Shakhe river, a later rise in the stream may have produced conditions seriously threatening failure of Gen. Kuropatkin's plans, for it is believed the advance force will be cut off from the reserves and the base of supplies and retreat rendered problematical. It is, however, questionable if the advance movement had proceeded to the point indicated. There seems no immediate prospect of a cessation of the fighting that has been in progress for the last ten days, although there are signs that on both sides the supply of ammunition is falling short and that the limit of endurance in the troops must have been nearly reached.

Fidyalun, Six Miles East of Shakhe, Oct. 18.—Fighting still continues along almost the whole front. The Japanese have made an unsuccessful attempt to recapture Lone Tree Hill. The Russian infantry met several attacks and repulsed them all.

Mukden, Oct. 18.—An officer who has just returned from Gen. Mitschensko's division reports that a sanguinary fight has taken place at Laitkhezi, fifteen miles southeast of Shakhe, to which fort Gen. Mitschensko retired in order to preserve communication between the Russian center and eastern flank. The Japanese made a determined effort to cut the line of communication at this point and attacked under cover of a terrific cannonade. Out of one company of a Russian rifle brigade only fifty men were left. Two companies that had expended their ammunition prior to the last Japanese attack lay in the trenches until the Japanese were within a few paces. Then the Russians hurled a volley of stones, charged and broke the attacking line, compelling the Japanese to flee.

There was fighting to-day on both sides of the Great Mandarin road.

GREAT RUSSIAN VICTORY

Is Heralded By the St. Petersburg Newspapers In Extra Editions.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 19, 2:50 a. m.—There is jubilation throughout the city over the news that Gen. Kuropatkin has resumed the offensive, and the holiday, which began with little heart, closed brighter. The crowds in the streets and the illuminations in honor of the Czarevitch's name-day gave a tinge of brilliancy to an evening otherwise depressing, through a constant drizzle of rain. Newsboys up to midnight raced through the thoroughfares with evening extras, shouting "Great Russian victory," and crowds bought the papers. Groups of men in brilliant uniforms or in evening dress at the hotels and restaurants discussed the change in the fortunes of war, but the population as a whole were slow to take fire. They had received the news of the earlier reverses stolidly and now accepted reports of Russian successes and the capture of guns quietly, with satisfaction, but, with considerable reserve.

Correspondents at the front the last forty-eight hours had been hinting that the Russian army was on the eve of another advance; but it was thought here that the troops were too exhausted by more than a week of titanic struggle to engage in an immediate advance movement. Therefore the news of the definite resumption of the advance was calculated to arouse the greater satisfaction; but the realization of the significance of the news permeates the masses here more slowly than in American cities. The kaleidoscopic changes on the Shakhe have been too swift for the populace to follow, and so the better news from the front has been so far taken with comparative quiet. In the best informed circles, however, it is already accepted as true. It is believed that Gen. Kuropatkin intended to signalize the Czarevitch's fete by a victory just as the Grand Duke Nicholas did at Plevna.

The failure of the War Office to give out dispatches is attributed to the holiday, the censor's commission disbanding early. The Associated Press, however, hears on good authority that the Emperor has received a telegram from Gen. Kuropatkin reporting that the Russians are moving forward.

The reverse sustained by Gen. Yamada's column has not yet been reported by Gen. Kuropatkin or Gen. Sakharoff except in a reference to an unsuccessful Japanese attack near Shakhe. The Associated Press Mukden dispatch evidently refers to this affair in reporting that the Japanese left had been beaten off with terrible slaughter and its retreat cut off by a Russian army corps.

* * *

An Unconfirmed Report.

Another Associated Press dispatch from Mukden confirms the news of the Russian advance, when telegraphing late to-night, the correspondent says "It is rumored that we are moving ahead." There is no official confirmation here of the report from Tokio that a Russian attack on the Japanese right on October 17 had been repulsed. If this report should prove true it may involve serious consequences for the Russians who crossed the Shakhe while the river was fordable. According to the Associated Press Mukden dispatches, the water has since risen man-high in consequence of heavy rains, and therefore it will be well-nigh impossible for the Russian army to recross the river owing to the absence of bridges. It would be equally difficult for the same reason to bring up supplies and ammunition to enable Gen. Kuropatkin to follow up the advance. This may explain the statement in a Mukden dispatch to the Associated Press that the fighting was slackening on the morning of October 18.

GEN. YAMADA'S COLUMN

Is Attacked By Russians and Loses Fourteen Guns.

Tokio, Oct. 18, 1 p. m.—The Russians enveloped Gen. Yamada's column on Sunday, October 16, and captured fourteen guns. The Russians are now concentrating in front of the Left Army under Gen. Oku and the Center Army under Gen. Nodzu and another great battle is expected.

These are the first guns to be lost by the Japanese during the war.

A report telling of the disaster to Gen. Yamada and stating the conditions at the front reached Tokio during the night. It as follows:

"The enemy's infantry, about a regiment strong, attacked part of the Right Army occupying Shangpintaizu and Taichaiku on the morning of October 16, but the Russians were routed by a counter attack, and at 9:30 retreated toward the north.

"The enemy in the direction of Waituo mountain remains in his position, but his state is uncertain. There is no change in the direction of our Right Army and there is no change in the front of our Center Army.

"On the evening of October 16 a mixed detachment under command of Maj. Gen. Yamada was sent to help part of the Left Army attacking the enemy north of the Shakhe river. It commenced its operations at the right wing, driving off the enemy. The detachment captured two guns and two ammunition wagons. Having attained its object, the detachment after sunset, under cover of the darkness, began retiring toward its original position.

"In the meantime at 7 o'clock the enemy, a division strong, made a vigorous advance and enveloped both wings of the detachments. Severe hand-to-hand fighting ensued. The detachment succeeded in driving off the enemy in front, but was unable to resist him on both flanks. After breaking through the Russian line the detachment reached its original position.

"Our artillery lost most of its men and horses and was compelled to leave behind nine field and five mountain guns.

"The enemy in front of the Left Army remains in the position he occupied yesterday. The front line of all our columns fired slowly until sunset.

"The enemy in front has been heavily re-enforced, especially in front of our Center Army has the enemy's strength been enormously increased.

"The enemy's strength against our left flank of the Left Army amounts to a mixed brigade.

"Our casualties during the battle of October 16 reached about 1,000.

JAPANESE LEFT FLANK

Is Said To Have Been Driven Back With Heavy Losses.

Mukden, Oct. 18.—Lone Tree hill, won by the Russians after a desperate struggle, was the object of a gallant but unsuccessful attempt at recapture by the Japanese. In spite of the awful slaughter with which they had been driven from the hill the Japanese returned to the charge during the night of October 17, recognizing that the hill was the key to the position on the southwest front. Nine regiments participated, creeping up through the night and delivering a furious assault at dawn. But the hill had been bought too dearly by the Russians to relinquish it, and the Japanese were driven back with terrible slaughter.

It is reported that Gen. Mistchenko's Cossacks, under command of Adjt. Gavrilloff, were engaged in a hot fight on October 17 toward the southeast. A Cossack horse battery silenced the Japanese guns and drove back several infantry battalions, but was unable to capture the guns which the Japanese succeeded in carrying off.

Shakhe station, or what is left of it, has been recaptured by the Russians, who will shortly reopen it for railway traffic with Mukden.

It is reported that the Russian army is advancing. Rain is hindering everything. The rivers are bank-full and the fords are impassable. There are no bridges. Supplies of all sorts are delayed.

Cossacks brought in captured guns and Japanese wounded prisoners on October 17. Russian soldiers surrounded the prisoners and gave them bread and water and in other ways tried to relieve their wants.

News has just been received that the Japanese left flank has been driven back with heavy loss.

THE JAPANESE REPULSED.

Russians Seize Village On Bank of the Shakhe River.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 18.—The general staff has received the following dispatch from Gen. Sakharoff, dated to-day:

"The Russians repulsed a Japanese attack on their right wing during the night of October 17 and seized the village of Shalandtzy, on the bank of the Shakhe river and east of Shakhe. The

(Concluded On 3d Page, 5th Column.)

SCHEME

To Reduce Democratic Vote In Greater New York.

ODELL AT THE BOTTOM OF IT.

WILL CHALLENGE DEMOCRATS AND THUS CAUSE DELAY.

IT MAY COST 20,000 VOTES.

Colonization Frauds Laid Bare By Sworn Statement of Man Employed By Republicans.

REPUBLICANS ARE DESPERATE.

New York, Oct. 18.—[Special.]—This man Odell, who is Governor of New York and chairman of the Republican State Committee, is not only an able man, but a smooth, slick citizen, and the probabilities are that with the aid of Superintendent Morgan, head of the Election Bureau, he is going to give the Greater New York Democrats a heap of trouble on election day. Everything possible is being done to head off the plans of Odell and his pals, but it looks like he will succeed in keeping out from 15,000 to 20,000 legal voters in New York and Queens county. His scheme is to have challenged at least 100,000 voters. This will in itself delay the voting in each precinct, and whether the challenged voter gets in his ballot or not the delay in doing this will consume so much time that when the hour comes for closing the polls many thousands of voters, mostly Democrats, will be shut out and lose their votes. Of course, the fewer votes polled in Greater New York the smaller will be the Democratic plurality.

* * *

Aided By Election Law.

There does not appear to me any way to circumvent this purpose of Odell, as he and Morgan claim that they have a right under the election law to challenge all voters whom they have reason to suspect of not having the legal right to vote. There is great indignation here among Democrats and independents over the methods of Odell, but, of course, that does not help the situation. Trained politicians say that it will cost the Democrats at least 20,000 votes in New York City alone.

The only thing now that the Democrats can do is to apply the Odell tactics in Republican strongholds up in the State, but in those places they will meet with embarrassment by reason of not having the police force with them. The plan is a dirty Republican steal, unscrupulous and outrageous, but it is nothing new to the mode and manner that the machine Republican managers employ to carry elections.

* * *

Colonization Frauds.

Another evidence of the desperation of the Republicans to carry New York was brought out to-day by parts of a statement on file at the office of the District Attorney, made by Benjamin Levy, on whose sworn testimony charging colonization frauds, warrants were issued last Saturday for the arrest of Richard Van Cott, son of Postmaster Van Cott, and Bankson McAvoy. Examination of Van Cott and McAvoy will be held to-morrow before Justice Wyatt in the chambers of Special Sessions. It is expected that the hearing will be secret.

Levy's sworn story as taken down by a stenographer is detailed and at times graphic. Young Van Cott is referred to as "Dick." The numbers of houses where alleged colonizers were settled are given, a review of the registry brigade in a park is described, and Levy declares that nearly all of the recruits he enlisted were "swell dressers."

* * *

Sworn Testimony Given.

Parts of Levy's sworn testimony follow:

"I reside at 177 East Seventy-fourth street, borough of Manhattan. In January last I applied to Richard Van Cott for a position, and about February 5, 1904, I was employed by said Van Cott in the New York post-office as watchman. I held that position, being on the civil-service list, and on that date it was filled by appointment from that list. I then went to Mr. Van Cott and told him my job was up.

"He said: 'I know, Ben. Come down and see Kelly.'

"I saw Kelly and got a job as elevator man at the post-office. I kept that position until September 1, and then again asked Van Cott to get me a permanent job. He said he would see dad, and later I was sent up to Mr. McAvoy, at his home. McAvoy said: 'Dick wants to know if you can get about 100 boys.'

"'Sure,' I said.

"'Well,' said McAvoy, 'I'll tell you what you do. Get fifty boys by to-morrow night and I will meet you at the corner of Fourteenth street and Ninth avenue at 8 o'clock.'

"As I was leaving he called me back and said: 'Ben, you had better take about $8 or $10, say.'

"This was about two weeks ago. McAvoy was at the appointed place all right.

* * *

Got the Boys All Right.

"'Have you got the boys?' And when I said 'Yes,' he added: 'I want about seven or eight put in rooms.'

"He sent one man to 23 Greenwich avenue. He didn't like it and came away. McAvoy gave another man $3.50 for a room at 152 West Eleventh street. We walked to Sixth avenue and he gave a party named Frank and Con Dogan $4 to pay for a room at 19 Christopher street. I went to 3 Milligan street with two or three of the boys and paid $4 a room. This money was given to me by Mr. McAvoy. I said to McAvoy: 'How about the room rent when it is due?'

"He said: 'Well, boys, meet me at the corner of Tenth street and Sixth avenue in front of Paddy Derry's saloon at 8 o'clock every Friday and I will give you the money to pay for it.'

"I went to the club with McAvoy and met Jones. Mr. Van Cott took me in a back room and I told him I had 100 boys, but did not want to be treated the way McAvoy had treated me. He said: 'I have fifteen furnished rooms.'

"That night I had the boys in Washington Park and Van Cott said: 'On your word as a man will these boys go any way you say? You know the way I mean them to go.'

"I said yes, straight Republican."

"Van Cott then asked: 'Have you any idea any one would double cross you in any way?'

"I told him no and said if I had I would put them in rooms.

* * *

All Expenses Paid.

"I then left the room and Van Cott called in Ralph Jones. Jones was sent over to Washington Park and when he returned told Van Cott there was an awful mob over there. Dick then said to me: 'I will give you some money in a little while, Ben. I sent out to get the change of a $100 bill. Later he gave me $50, all in single bills. After a few words, Jones, who is a clerk in the office of the superintendent of mails, was assigned by Van Cott to go with me and pay whatever expenses were incurred. Van Cott gave me some yellow slips bearing addresses.

"'For God's sake, don't lose them,' Van Cott said. 'They'll come in good for next year and save me lots of trouble.'

"After this I placed a number of men in rooms at No. 103 East Thirteenth street, No. 143 Fourth avenue, No. 145 Fourth avenue, No. 117 Fourth avenue and some in East Eleventh street, either in No. 103 or No. 106.

"All subsequent transactions were conducted between Jones and me, Jones stating that he was acting under instructions from Van Cott. We planted men in various rooms throughout the district, as high as $5 a week being paid for room rent. A majority of the men were swell dressers, too."

The names of a dozen lieutenants of Van Cott are mentioned in Levy's confession as having taken part in the various transactions. Frank Stevenson, former keeper of the "Slide" at Third and Thompson streets, was among them.

O. O. STEALEY.

The Democrats Will Appeal.

Albany, N. Y., Oct. 18.—Secretary of State O'Brien to-day announced that he had dismissed the objections of Col. John C. McEwen, of Albany, to the title of the Social Democratic party, proposed for the third column of the official ballot. Col. McEwen's objection was that the name Social Democrat conflicted with the title of the Democratic party. It is expected the Democrats will appeal to the courts.

THREE KILLED

AND FIFTEEN WOUNDED IN A MEXICAN DISTRICT.

BANDITS AND SOLDIERS FIGHT

Former Had Killed a Man and When Their Arrest Was Attempted They Opened Fire.

Mexico City, Oct. 18.—Three killed and fifteen more or less seriously wounded is the result of a tragedy and subsequent encounter with soldiers by three desperate brigands in this federal district to-day. The dead are: Laurino Frias, Nestor Flores and an unknown soldier.

Crazed by drink, the three desperadors, Flores, Saledo and Herera, went to the residence of Vicento Godinez, at Santa Julia, a northern suburb of this city, and called for Godinez. When he issued from the house, accompanied by Laurino Frias, a servant, the bandits opened fire upon them. Frias was instantly killed and Godinez badly wounded.

When news of the tragedy reached the authorities of the city twelve rurales were at once dispatched to a plantation whither, it was learned, the desperadoes had fled.

The bandits had sought shelter under a bridge. Two of the rurales had been detached from the main body to inspect the ravine under the bridge, and when they approached the bandits opened fire, killing one and wounding the other. The bandits then fled to an adjoining plantation, taking refuge behind a house. The main body of the rurales hotly pursued. They were fired upon by the secreted bandits as they neared the house. A pitched battle ensued, over 100 shots being exchanged. Flores was finally killed and Saledo captured after receiving several wounds. Herera, though badly injured, succeeded in making his escape to the hills to the west and a posse is now hot after him.

Leonardo Enriquez, a civilian who accompanied the rurales, was shot eight times and has little chance for recovery. Nearly every soldier in the squadron was wounded. The dead and wounded were taken to Tacubaya, a town near this city.

Saledo, the captured bandit, is known to be a desperate criminal and is charged with three murders.

FRENCH PARLIAMENT

REASSEMBLES IN EXTRAORDINARY SESSION.

Interpellations Regarding the Rupture With Rome and the Marseilles Strike.

Paris, Oct. 18.—Parliament reassembled to-day in extraordinary session. Crowds filled the galleries and lobbies of the Chamber of Deputies anticipating that the opening debate growing out of the severance of diplomatic relations between France and the Vatican would be interesting.

A lively incident occurred in the corridors between M. Puglliesi-Conti (Republican), and M. Celestin Bosc, a late Bonapartist candidate. The latter hissed M. Puglliesi-Conti, who responded with blows from his umbrella. The parties were eventually separated.

M. Brisson presided in the chamber, where many interpellations were presented. Premier Combes, in behalf of the new Ministry, proposed that the chamber first discuss the interpellations relative to the rupture with Rome and thereafter the Marseilles strike and the charges against the administration of the War Office. The proposal brought on a spirited controversy.

It was finally decided by a majority of 100 to discuss the interpellations in the order desired by the Premier. A further proposal to discuss interpellations on Fridays only in order to prevent the blocking of business was carried by twenty-five majority.

In the Senate the proceedings were purely formal, the president of the Senate pronouncing an eulogy on the late Waldeck-Rousseau and other Senators who had died since adjournment. The Senate then closed its session for the day.

CHEERING

Reports To Judge Parker By Party Leaders.

DAY OF MANY CONFERENCES

SPENT BY THE DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE IN NEW YORK.

ULSTER COUNTY DEMOCRATS

Hold a Meeting and Are Urged To Take a Stand For Constitutionalism.

THE ISSUE CLEARLY STATED.

New York, Oct. 18.—The political situations in Indiana and New Jersey were the most important affairs of the Democratic campaign considered by Judge Parker after he arrived here to-day.

A report was made to him concerning Indiana by Simon P. Sherin, who was secretary of the Democratic National Committee in 1892. Mr. Sherin was introduced by National Chairman Taggart, who consulted with the candidate twice preliminary to leaving New York to-morrow to take a hand personally in the canvass of Indiana. Mr. Sherin will remain in New York on the Judge at Esopus before return. Parker engaged with other callers the greater part of the day and was unable to go over the situation as thoroughly as both desired. He may call on the judge at Esopus before returning to Indiana.

It is said the conference did much to shape the contest to be waged by Indiana Democrats for supremacy in the election. The announcement was made by Indiana men who called on Judge Parker that the prospects of carrying the State as shown by a fourth canvass are encouraging. No figures were given out and no results of the canvass will be made public from the headquarters of Judge Parker or the National Committee until the return of Chairman Taggart.

* * *

Situation In New Jersey.

In New Jersey the situation is reported to be far more complex than in any other of the doubtful States, and the result more dependent upon the work done in the remaining two and a half weeks of the campaign. This was the judgment of former Senator James J. Smith, Jr., who called on Judge Parker and declared certain the election of Black for Governor and predicted that the Democratic national ticket will win also.

Edward Arkinson, of Boston, Mass., discussed the Philippine islands question with Judge Parker. Their conference was brief, but Mr. Atkinson took occasion to compliment the Judge on his Philippine speech delivered at Esopus on Saturday.

Judge Parker's position on the service pension order was given support by Gen. John W. Kay, of Brooklyn, who called on the candidate. The General said he could assure Judge Parker he would lose no Democrats by his declaration that if elected he would revoke the executive order and use his influence to have Congress enact a service law.

A number of callers were received by Judge Parker late in the day. Among these were Judson Harmon, Senator W. J. Stone, Daniel S. Lamont, former Secretary of War, and H. D. Ferguson, national committeeman from New Mexico.

At 7:30 o'clock Judge Parker left his apartments and was driven to the home of a personal friend, where he dined informally and spent the evening.

* * *

A Letter To Ulsterites.

Judge Parker discussed the question of constitutional government in a letter read to-night at a meeting of citizens of Ulster county, New York, held at the headquarters of the Commercial Travelers' League. The meeting was arranged by William S. Rodie, Charles M. Preston and Lawrence Van Etten, all prominent in New York State Democratic politics. There are more than 600 Ulster county citizens now living in this city, and the attendance to-night was large. Speeches were made by former State Senator John J. Linson and Edward Chipp, both of Kingston, N. Y. Judge Parker's letter, which is addressed to the Committee on Arrangements, was as follows:

Gentlemen: Ulster county neighbors cannot be excelled anywhere. Neighbors once, they are neighbors always. Years may pass. A son of Ulster may settle far from home. He may seldom see one of the faces so familiar in the old days. But Ulster county is always home to him, and no new friends can take the place of the old neighbors.

I wish I might personally shake the hand of each old friend to-night. I covet the eager greeting and neighborly grip that will be exchanged on all sides.

I want to say just a word about the significance of your meeting. It is well that the sons of old Ulster should bear a part in the great struggle for government by the rule of the Constitution. There is a peculiar appropriateness in it. Ulster was the birthplace of the first Constitution of the Empire State. Twelve years before our national Constitution was in operation, that of New York was formulated and adopted at Kingston, and the State Government was established there in conformity with that Constitution.

The Federal Constitution is a chart that sets forth the course the ship of state should sail to insure a safe voyage. By it government is divided into three departments. Each department is to perform its proper and specified functions.

This is popular government in its most perfect form. So long as each department performs the functions, and only those, conferred upon it by the people through the Constitution, so long are we safe. Under Republican administration this rule has been disregarded. One of the branches of the National Government has occasionally gone beyond its authority and usurped functions withheld from it by the Constitution.

Therefore, this is in issue: Shall the ship of state sail by the people's chart or at random?

I repeat, it is well that the voice of the people of Ulster county be heard on the side of constitutionalism.

With warm greetings and best wishes for each of you, I am very faithfully yours,

ALTON B. PARKER.

* * *

To Address Delegations.

Judge Parker will address two delegations at Esopus this week—one composed of about one hundred Democrats and independent voters from Hudson county, N. J., on Friday and the other of members of the Harlem Democratic Club. In his speech on Friday Judge Parker intends to discuss alleged extravagances of the Republican National Administration. It has not been determined whether the subject of trusts, militarism or free trade and reciprocal arrangements with foreign Governments will furnish the topic for the address on Saturday. All of these subjects are to be taken up at some time before the close of the campaign.

BRYAN'S TRAIN LATE.

The Nebraskan Speaks To Large Crowds On Sixth Day of Tour.

Bedford, Ind., Oct. 18.—The special train which is carrying William J. Bryan on his tour of Indiana was more than two hours late arriving in this city for the mass-meeting to-night, which was the closing event of the programme of the sixth day. Mr. Bryan's voice shows evidence of the strain which he is undergoing. Nevertheless, the large audience which listened for an hour and a half to his discussion of the political issues was attentive. The speaker delivered his address from a temporary stand in the courthouse park, from which platform Senator Beveridge delivered an address a week ago. The park, which covers four acres of ground, was filled with people from the country and surrounding towns.

Mr. Bryan made an earnest appeal for the support of the Democratic national and State tickets.

Mr. Bryan spoke first to-day at a large meeting at Greencastle, which was attended by many students of De-Pauw University. To them he spoke briefly of the duties of citizenship. His audience here was the most responsive he has met on his Indiana trip. His voice was slightly hoarse, but his delivery was the same. He talked along the lines of his former speeches. He said Indiana needed Democracy and the Democracy of the nation needed Indiana. He again opposed a large standing army.

Other speeches were delivered at Brazil, Terre Haute, Linton, Sullivan and Bedford.

In the great crowd at Brazil were many miners. He opposed government by injunction, as he styled it, and said he wanted to see an established system of arbitration for the settlement of differences between capital and labor, and the universal establishment of the eight-hour law.

Mr. Bryan was met at Terre Haute by an enthusiastic crowd. The streets were lined from the railway station to the Coliseum, where he spoke to the capacity of the building. Between there and Linton there were crowds at all the mining towns along the road, who cheered as the train passed.

Nearly every coal mine in Greenround had shut down, that the miners might attend the Linton meeting. The streets were decorated and the show grounds, opposite the Illinois Central station, where the speaking occurred, were one mass of closely-packed humanity.

A few minutes after Mr. Bryan left the speakers' stand at Linton a section of the stand gave way, precipitating 200 people. The fall was but two feet and no one was seriously injured.

MR. DAVIS' CAMPAIGN

Will End To-day At Kenova, But May Be Resumed Later.

Welch, W. Va., Oct. 18.—Henry G. Davis, Democratic candidate for Vice President, wound up a busy day of campaigning with a rally here tonight. The Bluefield meeting, which lasted for two hours, was largely attended. The meeting was held in the open air and mountaineers from many miles around added their lusty cheers to the demonstration.

North Fork furnished another enthusiastic audience of proportionally large size, although in a Republican section of the State. The rally at Welch to-night was held in the court house, which was filled.

Mr. Davis is maintaining his reputation as a continuous campaigner and shows no ill effects whatever of the many speeches he has delivered and the miles he has traveled during the last ten days. The whirlwind campaign will end to-morrow at Kenova. The itinerary for the day has been rearranged so that instead of four speeches there will be a dozen.

From Kenova Mr. Davis will go to Parkersburg Thursday, there to await the coming of Mr. Bryan on Friday. In the meantime numerous conferences with State leaders have been arranged to take place at Parkersburg. From there Mr. Davis will return to his home at Elkins. He is contemplating a three or four days' trip later to cover towns along the Wabash system of West Virginia.

HIS SECOND TRIP.

Bryan Will Speak In Northern Indiana October 25 and 26.

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 18.—William Jennings Bryan, after speaking in New Albany, Jeffersonville and Louisville Thursday night, will go to West Virginia, but he will come back to Indiana for two days' speaking, October 25 and 26. On the second visit he will speak chiefly in the Thirteenth and Tenth congressional districts. His speaking assignments are as follows:

October 25—Kendallville, 9 a. m.; Goshen, 11 a. m.; Warsaw, 12:30 p. m.; North Manchester, 1:30 p. m.; Rochester, 2:45 p. m.; Plymouth, 4 p. m., and South Bend at night.

October 26—Knox, at 9:30 a. m.; Winamac, 11 a. m.; Monticello, 2:30 p. m.; Rensselaer, 4 p. m.; Hammond, 8:30 p. m.

He will go from Indiana to Missouri, Mayor Rose, of Milwaukee, will be with Bryan in Indiana October 25 and 26.

CHAIRMAN TAGGART

Will Spend a Few Days In Indiana and Illinois.

New York, Oct. 18.—Chairman Taggart, of the Democratic National Committee, will leave New York for Indiana to-morrow morning to be absent for a few days. He will give especial attention to the Democratic situation

(Concluded On 3d Page, 6th Column.)

IN THE LEAD

Stands Kentucky In the World's Fair Awards.

WINS SIX GRAND PRIZES

IN GREATEST EXHIBIT CONTEST THE WORLD EVER SAW.

THIRTY-FIVE GOLD MEDALS.

Remarkable Record Achieved Before the Cosmopolitan Public In Winning 186 Awards.

LIST OF THE PRIZE WINNERS.

Kentucky Building, World's Fair, St. Louis, Oct. 18.—[Special.]—The familiar legend, "And There Stood Old Kentucky," must now give way to the Twentieth Century truth, "And there goes New Kentucky, far in the lead!"

The State took a long step forward when it gave its support to the Kentucky Exhibit Association and demanded that the General Assembly supplement the fund raised by private subscriptions with an appropriation of sufficient proportion to make the representation of the State at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition complete.

Giant strides to power and fame in the world's eyes followed that long step forward, making possible the honors that were heaped upon the State to-day. Figuratively the tale might be told:

Scene: World's Fair, St. Louis.
Time: 1904.
Dramatis personae: The nations of all climes; the States of all countries.
President Francis calls for order:
Kentucky, stand up!
You have been awarded on your exhibits by the International Jury of Awards:
Six grand prizes,
Thirty-five gold medals,
Fifty-three silver medals,
Ninety-two bronze medals!
Cheers, as the band plays: "Pluck beats luck in old Kentuck!"

* * *

Awards Announced.

And this is no romance, for this afternoon the Hon. David R. Francis, president of the superior jury, as well as president of the exposition, made the announcement, giving to Kentucky the awards enumerated. What a wonderful record! All Kentucky should applaud. When the officers of the Kentucky Exhibit Association went before the last General Assembly to ask for an appropriation to carry into effect its plans for giving Kentucky the best representation the State had ever had at an exposition, they were armed with facts and figures to bear them out in the contention that the hour was ripe for the State to move far up in the ranks of national progress and that the St. Louis World's Fair offered the vehicle. The necessary money was voted and to-day's announcement proves the wisdom of the State's solons.

* * *

Home Complimented.

The thousands who have visited the Kentucky building, who have been profuse in their compliments on the "Home," its style of architecture, its furnishings and its management, have been told to make a tour of the State's displays of minerals, education, tobacco, agriculture and forestry; that the State building doesn't show but a small part of Kentucky's participation in the commemoration of the purchase of the Louisiana territory.

Those who have studied Kentucky's exhibits at the fair expected the International Jury of Awards to recognize some of the merits of Kentucky's representation, but they could not have hoped for the result obtained—186 awards. It is indeed a remarkable record—one that no State will beat and few, if any, will equal. The outcome is more remarkable when one considers that Kentucky had only three of her citizens as members of the jury, and these three served in one department. It cannot then be said that the jury was prejudiced in favor of Kentucky.

* * *

Tobacco Pre-eminent.

The weed that Sir Walter Raleigh made respectable and that Kentucky made famous occupies four big blocks—each block covering over 4,600 square feet—in the central nave of the Palace of Agriculture, and the Kentucky exhibit has one-fourth of the entire space. All the tobacco States—Tennessee, Maryland, Virginia, Connecticut—lined up here against Kentucky and the competition was keen. But the jury knew a good thing and Kentucky walked off with five grand prizes, thirteen gold medals, thirteen silver medals and eighteen bronze medals. One of the grand prizes was given to the State of Kentucky for the best exhibit of the kind in the entire twenty-four acres of displays in the building. It was marked 98, three more than necessary to bring it within the grand prize charmed circle. The other four grand prizes went to individual exhibitors.

The list of awards on tobacco is not really complete for the reason twenty-two instead of thirteen gold medals, twenty-two instead of thirteen silver medals and twenty-seven instead of eighteen bronze medals were recommended by the group jury which made the examination, but owing to a ruling of the department jury that only one medal could be awarded an exhibitor in a given group, the number was correspondingly reduced, as several exhibitors had been voted two medals each.

* * *

List of Awards.

Following is the revised list of awards on tobacco:

State of Kentucky, tobacco, collective exhibit, grand prize.

W. T. Flower, Olmstead, leaf tobacco, dark, grand prize.

Campbell & Cummings Co., Louisville, leaf tobacco, African types, grand prize.

North Manchester, 1:30 p. m.; Rochester, 2:45 p. m.; Plymouth, 4 p. m., and South Bend at night.

H. N. Martin & Co., Louisville, manufactured tobacco, grand prize.

D. W. Peed, Paris, leaf tobacco, Burley, grand prize.

J. D. Belbridge Tobacco Co., Louisville, manufactured tobacco, gold medal.

Wm. H. Cummings & Sons, Hopkinsville, leaf tobacco, African types, gold medal.

J. H. Ewalt, Paris, leaf tobacco, Burley, gold medal.

Gallaher Ltd., Owensboro, leaf tobacco, Green river, gold medal.

B. W. Gunn, Adairville, leaf tobacco, dark, gold medal.

C. M. Henna, Shelbyville, tobacco seed, gold medal.

W. R. Kendrick, Bowling Green, leaf tobacco, one sucker type, gold medal.

Kentucky Tobacco Product Co., Louisville, tobacco products, gold medal.

W. T. Markham, Adairville, leaf tobacco, dark, gold medal.

R. S. Martin, Junction City, manufactured tobacco, gold medal.

Nall & Williams Tobacco Co., Louisville, manufactured tobacco, gold medal.

J. W. Stump, Cynthiana, leaf tobacco, Burley, gold medal.

Frank Sutton, Louisville, leaf tobacco, Burley, gold medal.
Conn & Ferguson, Franklin, one sucker leaf tobacco, silver medal.
W. C. Dodson, Paris, leaf tobacco, Burley, silver medal.
A. V. Kendrick & Co., Bowling Green, one sucker leaf tobacco, silver medal.
W. B. Kennedy, Paducah, leaf tobacco, dark, silver medal.
Lovell & Buffington Tobacco Co., Covington, manufactured tobacco, silver medal.
C. F. Nosworthy, Henderson, leaf tobacco, Henderson type, silver medal.
E. J. O'Connell, Louisville, leaf tobacco, Burley, silver medal.
A. L. Phillips, Bowling Green, one sucker leaf tobacco, silver medal.
A. L. Powers, Louisville, leaf tobacco, Burley, silver medal.
H. B. Scott Tobacco Co., Bowling Green, manufactured tobacco, silver medal.
J. J. Sledge, Alvaton, one sucker leaf tobacco, silver medal.
Spilman-Ellis Tobacco Co., Covington, manufactured tobacco, silver medal.
J. M. Vaughan & Co., Owensboro, leaf tobacco, Green river, silver medal.
B. F. Beard Tobacco Co., Hardinsburg, leaf tobacco, Green river type, bronze medal.
J. H. Bell, Owensboro, leaf tobacco, Green river type, bronze medal.
Buckner Mitchell, Louisville, leaf tobacco, dark, bronze medal.
D. J. Burr, Reeve & Co., Henderson, leaf tobacco, Henderson type, bronze medal.
H. B. Clay, Winchester, leaf tobacco, Burley, bronze medal.
Ed Lee Hendrick, Oakland, leaf tobacco, one sucker type, bronze medal.
H. L. Hendrick, Bowling Green, leaf tobacco, one sucker type, bronze medal.
N. Long & Co., Owensboro, leaf tobacco, Green river type, bronze medal.
T. M. Murphy, Owensboro, leaf tobacco, Green river type, bronze medal.
J. H. Nave & Co., Owensboro, leaf tobacco, Green river type, bronze medal.
J. R. Peed, Grassy, leaf tobacco, Burley, bronze medal.
Schroeder & Mitchell, Louisville, leaf tobacco, dark, bronze medal.
P. Sherman & Bro., Kirk, leaf tobacco, Green river type, bronze medal.
Eb Woodard, Paris, leaf tobacco, Burley, bronze medal.
B. C. Young, Richardsville, leaf tobacco, one sucker type, bronze medal.
E. G. Young, Richardsville, leaf tobacco, one sucker type, bronze medal.
American Tobacco Co., Owensboro, leaf tobacco, Green river type, bronze medal.
F. A. Thurman, Louisville, model of tobacco press, bronze medal.

* * *

Seventy-five In Agriculture.

Awards to the number of seventy-five in Kentucky's general agricultural exhibit have not satisfied the director of exhibits for the Kentucky commission, and he has appealed to the superior jury for a grand prize on the exhibit as a whole, and there is every reason to believe this request will be granted. The seventy-five awards are divided eight golds, eleven silvers and fifty-six bronzes. It was in this exhibit that the Kentucky Agricultural Experiment Station, of Lexington, made such a remarkable record. It received three gold medals and one silver medal, and, as all four were under different groups, it will be allowed to retain the total number. Several very fine samples of tobacco are shown in this exhibit, and five of them got medals—three golds and two bronzes. The complete list is given:

GROUP 95.

Kentucky Agricultural Experiment Station, Lexington, hemp fibers, gold medal.
John Greenlea, Salem, sorghum molasses, silver medal.
W. J. Loughridge, Lexington, hemp, silver medal.
M. F. Arbuckle, Lexington, hemp, bronze medal.
Banks Hudson, Lancaster, hemp, bronze medal.
H. A. B. Marksbury & Sons, Lancaster, hemp, bronze medal.

GROUP 90.

Miss M. E. Ratcliffe, Paducah, preserves, strawberry and blackberry, bronze medal.

GROUP 81.

Kentucky Agricultural Experiment Station, Lexington, leaf tobacco, yield per acre and variety, gold medal.
J. I. Palmer, Lexington, leaf tobacco, Burley, gold medal.
Dave Reed, Lexington, leaf tobacco, Burley, gold medal.
Downer & Brothers, Guthrie, leaf tobacco, dark, bronze medal.
Fields Brothers, Fulton, leaf tobacco, dark, bronze medal.

GROUP 84.

George D. Karsner, Lexington, wheat, gold medal.
J. A. Peake, Glenville, grains, gold medal.
Wood, Stubbs & Co., Louisville, seeds, gold medal.
Chipps Bros., Bayou, corn and clover seed, silver medal.
C. W. Hawkins, Owensboro, wheat, silver medal.
W. F. Kane, Fallsburg, oats, beans, peas, grass, wheat, silver medal.
Kentucky Agricultural Experiment Station, Lexington, bluegrass and orchard grass, silver medal.
J. R. Kirby, Smith's Grove, orchard grass seed, silver medal.
J. M. Knadler, Valley Station, oats, silver medal.
W. A. Towles, Henderson, bluegrass, silver medal.
J. H. Ward, Bryantsville, seed, silver medal.
J. F. Whorton, Keene, wheat, silver medal.
J. D. Adcock, Jay, corn, bronze medal.
A. C. Atherton, Nuckols, corn, bronze medal.
F. F. Barrett, Henderson, wheat and millet, bronze medal.
R. F. Blakely, Hampton, corn and wheat, bronze medal.
J. W. Boyle, Livia, corn, bronze medal.
Albert Cason, Burlington, corn, bronze medal.
N. A. Coulter, Mayfield, corn, bronze medal.
U. Davidson, Glasgow, corn, bronze medal.
John Dewey, Mayfield, wheat, bronze medal.
Ike Doyle, Mayfield, corn, bronze medal.
W. M. Dulton, Somerset, corn, bronze medal.
Jack Fay, Fulton, beans, bronze medal.
W. B. Finch, Hickman, corn, bronze medal.
H. B. Fuller, Bardstown, barley, bronze medal.
James Hatfield, Jefferson county, corn, bronze medal.
J. R. Haselden, Lancaster, clover seed, bronze medal.
J. H. Heart, Elizabethtown, oats and orchard grass, bronze medal.
J. D. Hedges, Sturgis, clover, bronze medal.
Rowan Holbrook, Hartford, corn, bronze medal.
J. S. Johnson, Lancaster, barley, bronze medal.
Frank Kerrick, Calhoon, corn, bronze medal.
W. R. King, Berry's Ferry, corn, bronze medal.
K. M. Lay, Bayou, wheat, bronze medal.
Lock & Young, Williamsburg, corn, bronze medal.
J. A. Logan, Williamsburg, corn, bronze medal.
J. D. McCandlas, Bayou, corn, bronze medal.
T. E. McDaniel, Smith's Grove, corn, bronze medal.
P. N. McGrew, Bayou, wheat, beans and timothy seed, bronze medal.
W. H. McIntyre, Louisville, corn, bronze medal.
George McKeaty, Sturgis, corn, bronze medal.
W. F. Mills, South Park, corn, bronze medal.
M. R. Molen, Well Springs, corn, bronze medal.
H. A. B. Marksbury & Son, Lancaster, rye seed, bronze medal.
John Mann, Fallsburg, peas, bronze medal.
J. W. Netherton, St. Matthews, orchard grass, both seed and straw, bronze medal.
O. S. Phillips, Groves, corn, bronze medal.
F. P. Pitman, Fulton, corn, bronze medal.
Charles Ray, Bayou, corn, bronze medal.
C. A. Robinson, Lancaster, millet seed, bronze medal.
Ephraim Rudolph, Ozan, corn, bronze medal.
Porter Savage, Woodville, corn, bronze medal.
Essex Spurrier, Lyon county, corn, bronze medal.
J. W. Stroud, Berry's Ferry, corn, bronze medal.
J. R. Summers, Salem, oats, bronze medal.
W. H. Tandy, Guthrie, corn, bronze medal.
C. M. Thomas, Mayfield, corn, bronze medal.
J. P. Upton, Garrard county, red-top grass seed, bronze medal.
J. R. Walker, Hopkinsville, corn and seed, bronze medal.
W. J. Warren, Shady Grove, timothy seed, bronze medal.
C. B. Wilson, Scott county, corn, bronze medal.
J. H. Wyatt, Woodville, hay, bronze medal.

GROUP 83.

Kentucky Experiment Station, Lexington, collective exhibit of dried forage and plants from Kentucky, gold medal.

* * *

Grand Prize On Minerals.

Kentucky is justly proud of her exhibit in the Mines and Metallurgy building, and since to-day's announcement she is doubly proud and justified. A grand prize is given the State, while two gold medals, ten silvers and five bronzes further attest the superiority of the display. There is a probability of the gold medal on clays being raised to a grand prize, and it is believed that an award will yet be made to W. D. Archibald, of West Liberty, who sent in the largest lump of cannel coal in the Mines building. Below is the list of awards on minerals:

State of Kentucky, collective exhibit of coal, coke, clays, petroleum, stone, etc., grand prize.
State of Kentucky, clay arch and collective exhibit of clays, gold medal.
State of Kentucky, collective exhibit of petroleum—crude oil and biproducts, silver medal.
Kentucky Block Cannel Coal Company, Cannel City, cannel coal arch, gold medal.
Northern Coal and Coke Co., Ashland, section of coal and samples of coke, silver medal.
State of Kentucky, collective exhibit of mineral waters, silver medal.
Blue Lick Springs Co., Blue Lick Springs, mineral waters, silver medal.
Blue & Nunn, Marion, lead, zinc and fluorspar, silver medal.
American Standard Asphalt Co., Louisville, asphalt, silver medal.
Kentucky Fluorspar Co., Marion, fluorspar, silver medal.
Bedford-Bowling Green Stone Co., Bowling Green, stone arch, silver medal.
Mountain Lead, Zinc and Fluorspar Co., Paducah, lead, zinc and fluorspar, bronze medal.
The Newport Sand Bank Co., Newport, sands, bronze medal.
The Rowan County FreestoneCo., Farmers, freestone for building, bronze medal.
Louisville Fire Brick Works, Louisville, clay and fire brick, bronze medal.
The Sweeney Quarry Co., Bowling Green, limestone fence, bronze medal.
St. Bernard Mining Co., Earlington, coal and coke, silver medal.
Reinecke Coal Co., Madisonville, model of coal mine, silver medal.

* * *

Forestry To the Fore.

Five gold medals, ten silver medals, eight bronze medals! This tells the result of Kentucky's efforts in the Palace of Forestry, Fish and Game. One of the golds is to the State of Kentucky on the collective exhibit and the superior jury has been appealed to to raise this to a grand prize. The awards are distributed as follows:

State of Kentucky, collective exhibit of logs, dressed specimens, etc., etc., gold medal.
Turner, Day & Woolworth Handle Co., Louisville, handles, gold medal.
Suwanee Spoke and Lumber Co., Kuttawa, spokes, neckyokes, etc., gold medal.
Mengel Box Co., Louisville, boxes and buckets, gold medal.
The Ohio Valley Pulley Co., Maysville, split wood pulleys, gold medal.
Ferguson & Palmer, Paducah, logs and lumber, silver medal.
Von Behren-Russell Co., Louisville, bent woodwork, silver medal.
Hawesville Hub and Manufacturing Co., Hawesville, hubs, silver medal.
Kentucky Wagon Manufacturing Co., Louisville, log wagon, load of logs, silver medal.
Louisville Box and Basket Co., Louisville, section of beech log and woven baskets, silver medal.
Roy Lumber Co., Nicholasville, specimens of lumber, silver medal.
Anderson Box and Basket Co., Henderson, specimens of shipping crates, silver medal.
W. W. Hite & Co., Louisville, ash boat oars, silver medal.
W. H. Gillette, Louisville, carriage poles and attachments, silver medal.
Driscoll Post Hole Auger Co., Paducah, post hole augers, silver medal.
Voss-Cochran Mantel Co., Louisville, wood mantels with clock attached, bronze medal.
E. L. Davis & Co., Louisville, specimens of lumber, bronze medal.
Gamble Bros., Highland Park, bevel siding and hogshead staves and heading, bronze medal.
B. F. Avery & Sons, Louisville, oak plow beams and handles, bronze medal.
L. Green & Son, Falls of Rough, specimens of lumber, bronze medal.
G. E. Moody & Co., Louisville, specimens of lumber, bronze medal.
Frank Handorf, Covington, fountain aquarium, bronze medal.
Frank Fullilove, Owenton, fishing reels, bronze medal.

Seven of the most important exhibits in this department were evidently overlooked and the superior jury's attention has been called to this fact, with the hope that deserved awards will follow.

* * *

Exceeds Expectations.

In the Palace of Education, Kentucky went into competition with the leading educational centers of the world, but she came out with colors flying, receiving two gold medals, eight silvers and five bronzes. There was disappointment in the announcement, however, so far as it concerned two of the exhibits—that from the Kentucky School for the Deaf at Danville and the display from the Louisville Kindergarten Association. Gold medals were expected on both of these and will doubtless yet come. An effort is also being made to get a gold medal for the State on the exhibit as a whole. The list to date is as follows:

Male High School, Louisville, gold medal.
American Printing House for the Blind, Louisville, gold medal.
Female High School, Louisville, silver medal.
Manual Training High School, Louisville, silver medal.
Nazareth Academy, Nazareth, silver medal.
St. Mary's Academy, St. Mary's, silver medal.
Ursuline Academy, Louisville, silver medal.
State Board, Frankfort, silver medal.
Western Colored School, Owensboro, silver medal.
Spencerian Business College, Louisville, silver medal.
State Board, Frankfort, bronze medal.
Kentucky Institute for Education of the Blind, Louisville, bronze medal.
Kentucky Commission, on elementary grades, bronze medal.
Board of Education, Louisville, on elementary grades, bronze medal.
Berea College, Berea, general exhibit, bronze medal.

The American Printing House for the Blind, at Louisville, and the Kentucky Institute for the Education of the Blind, at Louisville, will receive, as collaborators, a copy of the grand prize diploma issued to the American Association of Instructors for the Blind.

* * *

Five Golds On Whisky.

The Kentucky Commission did not make a whisky exhibit, but secured space for a collective display, in which seven firms were represented. Two of the number did not enter the competition. The others received awards as follows:

Greenebaum Bros., Louisville, whisky, gold medal.
Hoffman, Ahlers & Co., Louisville, distilling apparatus, gold medal.
Pfeiffer Bros., Louisville, whisky, gold medal.
Wright & Taylor, Louisville, whisky, gold medal.
Green River Distilling Co., Owensboro, whisky, gold medal.
Middlesboro Distilling Co., Middlesboro, corn whisky, silver medal.

The Lovell & Buffington Tobacco Company, of Covington, has asked the superior jury to reinspect its exhibit of manufactured tobacco, hoping to have its silver medal raised to a gold.

A PROFESSOR'S SPEECH PRODUCES SENSATION.

Des Moines, Ia., Oct. 18.—The Rev. Washington Gladden, of Columbus, O., to-day resigned the presidency of the Missionary Association, perhaps the greatest home missionary organization in the country. The new duties of moderator of the Congregational National Council forced Dr. Gladden to give up this important office.

Prof. W. E. B. Dubois, of Atlanta University, created a sensation by a statement in his address that the rise and education of the ambitious young negro student is a menace to the security and class superiority of the rich, the well-born and the white. He said the negro problem is only a phase of the greater problem of class distinction. The greatest crime of the United States, he said, is stealing, which is manifested in the arrogation of special privileges by the well-to-do and the white over the poor and the black man.

TO GALLERY

President Roosevelt Is Thought To Be Playing.

PROPOSES TO END THE WAR.

SPOONER NOT ENCOURAGED OVER WISCONSIN SITUATION.

THOUGHT THAT HE IS "SORE."

Washington, Oct. 18.—[Special.]—The effort of President Roosevelt to settle the Russia-Japanese war all by himself is regarded here simply as a play to the galleries. The President thus far in the campaign has been effectually muzzled by the Republican leaders and is evidently chafing under restraints that keep him out of the limelight. His proposed mediation will likely be regarded by Russia as an affront, coming as it does at a time when she is temporarily at least in defeat. Moreover, Russia is after Manchuria because she "wants it," just as Roosevelt was after Panama because he "wanted it." Russia will likely resent this inconsistency. In Washington the move is regarded as only another attempt of Roosevelt to regulate the universe.

* * *

Is Senator Spooner "Miffed?"

Is Senator Spooner "sore?" This was a question that was much discussed by politicians at the National Capital to-day when they read the following statement from the Wisconsin Senator in reference to political affairs in his State:

"The conditions are mixed, and it is not certain that the electoral ticket will be carried for the Republicans. Much depends upon non-interference."

The inference is that Senator Spooner is miffed at the decision of the Republican National Committee in recognizing the La Follette faction as regular and in turning over to it the direction of the campaign speakers. Heretofore Senator Spooner has stood very close to the Roosevelt Administration and surprise was expressed at the White House at the statement attributed to him. The supposition is that he thinks it of greater importance to him for his faction to win the State ticket in Wisconsin than the Presidential ticket. Moreover, it is thought he desires to warn the Republican National Committee that they must not go too far in their love-making with the La Follette faction.

* * *

Apply For Bank Charter.

The application of W. T. S. Blackburn, of Dry Ridge, Ky., and others to organize the New Richmond National Bank, of New Richmond, Ohio, with a capital of twenty-five thousand has been approved by Controller of Currency.

* * *

Tennessee Rural Routes.

Tennessee rural routes ordered established November 15: Afton, Greene county, additional service with one carrier; Braxton, Cannon county, additional service, with one carrier.

* * *

Four Kentucky Postmasters.

These postmasters have been appointed for Kentucky: Kidd's Store, Casey county, Maggie A. Snow; McGuffey, Pulaski county, S. A. Douglas; Robbins, Breathitt county, C. T. Snowden; Whitehouse, Johnson county, Mrs. Tempest Keggs.

KENTUCKY STATE GRANGE IN ANNUAL SESSION.

Gov. Beckham and Gov. Bachelder, of Vermont, Will Deliver Addresses To-day.

Cynthiana, Ky., Oct. 18.—[Special.]—The twenty-fourth annual session of the Kentucky State Grange convened in the Operahouse this morning at 10 o'clock. The Grange was called to order by Master F. P. Wolcott, of Kenton county. The morning was taken up in enrolling the delegates and members from over the State, which showed that over 300 were present. In the afternoon a second session was held, and the State Master delivered his annual address. He reviewed the past and present condition of the order, stating that the order now numbered over 1,000,000 members, with organization in every State in the Union. The reports of the officers were then received and accepted. The secretary's and treasurer's reports showed the Kentucky State Grange in a more thriving and prosperous condition than ever before. One of the most notable features of the afternoon session was the presentation of O. K. Kelley, of Washington, D. C., the founder of the order over forty years ago.

At the night session addresses, reports and standing committees, conferring of degrees occupied the time of the members. The session Wednesday morning will be devoted to the transaction of regular business until 11 o'clock, when Gov. Beckham will deliver an address in the Operahouse, followed by Gov. Bachelder, of Vermont, and past lecturer of the National Grange Mortimer Whitehead, of New Jersey.

SOLDIER WEDS NEGRESS; DISCHARGED FROM ARMY.

John J. Smith's Services No Longer Desired In the United States Army.

Washington, Oct. 18.—The Surgeon General of the Army has concurred in the recommendation of Gen. Grant that John J. Smith, a member of the United States Army Hospital Corps, stationed at Fort Mott, N. J., who is said to have married a negress, be discharged from the army "for the good of the service." This recommendation has been forwarded to the Secretary of War for his action.

Gen. Grant acted on the recommendation of Contract Surgeon Sparrenberg, post medical officer at Fort Mott, N. J., who complained of alleged misconduct on the part of Smith prior to his marriage, for which, he said, he lectured him. Smith wrote to the War Department inquiring if there was any reason why he should not be permitted to marry a colored woman, setting forth that her character was good and that he could establish a good character for himself by his record.

The post commander at Fort Mott in forwarding the paper to department headquarters did not add his approval to the post surgeon's recommendation for Smith's discharge.

Peonage Case Goes To Jury.

Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 18.—The case of John W. Pace, convicted in the lower court of peonage, was submitted to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals to-day. The fate of seventy cases depends on this decision.

WOGGLE BUG COUPON.

OCT. 19. Use this Coupon only. No. 19

To the WOGGLE BUG EDITOR SUNDAY COURIER-JOURNAL, Louisville, Ky.

The answer to the question asked of the Woggle Bug in the Comic Section of the paper of SUNDAY, OCTOBER 16, is—

Name ...

Street and Number...

Town or City...

State ...

Trim Your Coupons Close To the Black Line.

This coupon can be used only for the answer to the question asked Sunday, October 16.

Employes of the Courier-Journal not permitted to compete.

See prize list ($250) and rules in Sunday and Wednesday Courier-Journal.

SERIOUS

Illness of Mrs. Harkness, Near Lexington.

WIFE OF THE TURFMAN.

BARBERS DESIROUS OF CLOSING SHOPS ON SUNDAY.

PENITENTIARY FOR HIGGINS.

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 18.—[Special.]—Mrs. L. V. Harkness, wife of the New York millionaire turfman and Standard Oil magnate, is seriously ill at the Harkness place, Walnut Hall Farm, in this county, from organic heart trouble, and she is not expected to live. Mrs. Harkness has been a sufferer for several months and was brought to the Kentucky home four weeks ago in the hope of immediate relief, which has failed to come. She is attended by Dr. Scott, of this city; Dr. Edwards, her son-in-law, of Pittsburg, and a physician from New York. A telephone message from residence to-night brought the information that the patient was some better, and that she had been able to partake of a little refreshment during the day.

* * *

Barbers Want To Close.

A number of the leading barbers of the city have decided to co-operate with the Law and Order League in the crusade against Sunday opening and not give the police department any trouble in enforcing the law. According to this agreement among themselves, which was reached at a meeting recently held, the signers of the petition have forwarded a copy of it to Mayor Combs telling him of their views. Many of the best shops in the city, notably the Phoenix Hotel shop and Ben Franklin on North Limestone street, two of the highest-priced and most prominent tonsorial parlors in the city, refused to sign the agreement and are at liberty to keep their places open half-day Sunday if they want to, as Mayor Combs says the police officers have no right to enter the house of any man to ascertain if the law is being broken unless he has a warrant for the arrest of the proprietor.

* * *

Higgins Given Seven Years.

News was received here to-day from Richmond to the effect that Harry W. Higgins, one of the men arrested several weeks ago in Paris, charged with robbery committed in Richmond, Paris and Lexington, had confessed in Circuit Court there and had been given a sentence of seven years in the penitentiary. Higgins confessed to robbing the residences of Mrs. John M. Foster and Mr. William Bennett and the valuables secured from those places were found in his room at Paris when he and his confederate, Harry Moore, were arrested. He is also charged with robbing the residence of Attorney C. W. Miller in this city, as over $1,000 worth of jewelry secured here was also found in his possession when arrested. Moore is under indictment at Paris.

* * *

Sold At Auction.

As assignee of the Lexington Stove Works, which recently made an assignment, Attorney Foreman to-day sold at public auction the site owned by the company on Seventh street, which contains the plant of the defunct company. The land is sold in three parts, some of the lots being purchased by C. W. Foushee, who is connected with Otis W. Snyder, former president of the Stove company, in business ventures in the South.

Deaths In Hardin County.

Glendale, Ky., Oct. 18.—[Special.]—John Smith, one of Hardin county's most prosperous farmers, is dead after a protracted illness.

The remains of Henry Thomas, aged seventy-eight years, a well-known farmer of this county, were interred in St. James' cemetery in this city to-day.

Richard Figg, a well-known citizen of this city, aged sixty-nine years, died yesterday. His remains were interred in La Rue cemetery.

Kentucky Opticians In Session.

Winchester, Ky. Oct. 18.—[Special.]—The Kentucky Optical Association was in session here to-day, and transacted much business of interest to the members.

J. M. Irmen, of Louisville, is president and C. H. Bowen of this city secretary. The proceedings closed with a banquet at the Court View Hotel.

Suit For $20,000 Damages.

Elizabethtown, Ky., Oct. 18.—[Special.]—S. M. Payton, administrator of the estate of Horace B. Craig, who was killed at New Haven by the L., H. and St. L. railroad some time age, has brought suit against the railroad company for $20,000 damages. The petition alleges negligence and carelessness on the part of the railroad.

Body Is Recovered.

Carrollton, Ky., Oct. 18.—The body of Thomas Patton, the cabin boy, who was drowned off the steamer Avalon last Wednesday at Butts' Landing, about two miles above this city, was found near the Carrollton wharf by a fisherman named Duveese. Burial took place in the Gap Hill cemetery at this place.

Died In California.

Berea, Ky., Oct. 18.—[Special.]—Word has just been received from Whitaker, Cal., that Howard S. Fee, the oldest of the two surviving sons of John G. Fee, the former of Berea College died suddenly on October 15.

Died of Bright's Disease.

Auburn, Ky., Oct. 18.—[Special.]—J. W. Smith died this morning of Bright's disease. He had heroically fought the disease for about fifteen months. The services will be held Thursday morning at his home at 10 o'clock

ATTACHMENT

Was Never Asked For By Auditor's Agent

IN MASON COUNTY TAX SUITS.

APPELLATE COURT UPHOLDS LOWER COURT IN DISMISSING

PETITIONS AGAINST PARTIES.

Frankfort, Ky., Oct. 18.—[Special.]—The Court of Appeals to-day affirmed judgment of the Mason Circuit Court in a case of the Commonwealth against William K. Vanderbilt and others, in which a petition seeking to assess twenty million dollars' worth of property in the hands of appellees was dismissed by the lower court. Judge Nunn delivered the opinion of the court.

The action was by the auditor's agent for the county of Mason in the County Court of that county to list as omitted property about seven hundred thousand shares of stock in three railroad corporations, lines of the C. and O. Company, which he claimed had not, since 1893, been assessed by the State Board of Valuation and Assessment or by the State Railroad Commission on franchise. It was alleged that it was worth twenty million dollars for each of the years named. Upon an allegation that the C. and O. Railway Company held the stock of the appellees it was required to answer. The company did so, denying that it held or controlled any stock belonging to appellees, and also denied that the corporations had failed to list their property for assessment and taxation. On this state of facts, without any proof, the court below dismissed the petition of the auditor's agent, and he appealed. The court here in sustaining that dismissal says that the appellees were only "constructively summoned, and had not entered their appearance to the proceedings, and no proof was introduced by appellant showing that the corporations had failed to pay their taxes," and, under Section 126 of the Code, the lower court could not have done otherwise than dismiss the petition. It further adds that under Section 419 of the Code, an attachment was necessary to give the court jurisdiction in an action against a defendant constructively summoned, and such attachment was not asked.

* * *

Lower Court Upheld.

In another opinion by Judge Nunn the court affirmed judgment of the Jefferson Chancery Court, Second Division, in a tax case of Patrick Joyes against the City of Louisville. The suit was by the city on sixty-four tax bills for the years 1894 to 1899. All of these bills were paid prior to judgment except the bills on Towhead Island and one piece in the city of Louisville. The defense to these was that the appellant owned only an interest in them. The court below held him liable for the portion of the bills due, and for interest.

* * *

Remanded To Lower Court.

The court, Chief Justice Burnam writing, reversed a judgment of the Magoffin Circuit Court in a case of Magoffin County against Jasper Owens, and remanded it to the court below for further proceedings. The action was by the appellee to require the county to distribute the county revenue pro rata among the creditors of the county in the order of indebtedness, he holding claims which he had purchased. The Circuit Court so ordered, and the county appealed to the court here. On a showing that the county has made an order providing for the payment of necessary running expenses, salaries and road building, the remainder to go to liquidating the debts outstanding, the court here sustains that order and dismisses the petition of the appellee.

* * *

Must Pay $2,000.

Judgment of the Bullitt Circuit Court was affirmed by the court in a damage case of L. A. Gratz against Samuel Worden. The appellee was an employe of appellant at a distillery in Bullitt which he leased, and while engaged there sustained injuries. He sued for damages for injuries, and secured judgment in the court below for $2,000. This judgment the court here upholds.

* * *

Taken Under Submission.

The court to-day heard argument of the case of the Western Bank against Coldewey's executor, on appeal from the Jefferson Circuit Court, and took it under submission. Attorneys Henry L. Stone and O. A. Wehle argued for the appellant, and John C. Doolan, W. F. Trabue and C. H. Shields for the appellee.

DUESSELDORFER BEER AGAIN TRIUMPHANT.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 18.—[Special.]—The Superior Jury of the World's Fair has awarded the Indianapolis Brewing Company the grand prize exclusively, which confirms the gold medal award at Paris, establishing their beer the world's standard of perfection.

Death of Maj. Cunningham.

St. Louis, Oct. 18.—Maj. Edward Cunningham, dean of the St. Louis bar, and member of a prominent law firm, died here to-day of acute peritonitis. Maj. Cunningham was a veteran of the Civil War, having served with Stonewall Jackson. He came to St. Louis from Virginia, where he was born.

NEW HOME

For Orphans In Southern Presbyterian Church.

THE LEGACY OF MRS. GRUNDY.

THE NORTHERN PRESBYTERIAN SYNOD CONVENES AT DANVILLE.

DR. BARBOUR MODERATOR.

Shelbyville, Ky., Oct. 18.—[Special.]—The most important matter before the present session of the Kentucky Synod of the Southern Presbyterian Church was disposed of when the legacy of Mrs. Sallie Grundy was accepted, and it was finally decided to establish a second orphanage in this State. Mrs. Grundy, whose death occurred last May, by her will bequeathed a splendid farm of 600 acres in Washington county, together with all the live stock, implements and $10,000 in cash, to the Synod for the establishment of an orphanage. A condition of the legacy is that the orphanage be located on the farm, and that her residence be used, together with all its furnishings of every kind. The Synod already has an orphanage at Anchorage, which is too small for the demands made on it, and the question of larger accommodations for the orphans is solved by the acceptance of Mrs. Grundy's bequest. A committee, composed of the Hon. John W. Lewis and W. A. Waters, of Springfield, and the Rev. W. Y. Davis and the Rev. J. S. Lyons, of Louisville, was appointed to take charge of the farm and establish the orphanage.

The ministers and elders were astir early to-day, and the morning session was called to order at 8:30 by the newly elected moderator, Dr. J. S. Lyons, of Louisville. After devotional exercises led by the Rev. J. H. Taylor, of Anchorage, a second roll call was ordered and showed 145 delegates present. The entire morning session was devoted to the reports of the various standing committees. The moderator announced the new committees for the ensuing year, after which a recess was taken until 2 o'clock.

At the afternoon session the synod discussed the report of the committee appointed to visit the Louisville Seminary and which urged that the school term be lengthened from seven to eight months, but final action was deferred until later in the session.

Before adjourning this afternoon the synod re-elected Dr. F. R. Beattie, of Louisville; the Rev. C. T. Thompson, of Lexington, and Elder Thos. R. Bullitt, of Louisville, trustees of Central University to succeed themselves. A memorial service was also held in honor of the late Rev. G. H. Strickland.

The Rev. J. H. Fogerty, of Hopkinsville, preached the sermon at to-night's session, after which the business matters were again taken up. Col. Bennett H. Young, of Louisville, addressed the synod on evangelization of the mountain section of Kentucky. Col. Young made a strong plea for greater work in the eastern part of the State, and urged the synod to make provisions for more missionaries in the home field.

The Rev. W. H. Sheppard, the negro missionary to Africa, who is in this country on a furlough from his work, is in attendance with his wife, and will address the synod on his work at the session to-morrow evening. Dr. Lyons, the moderator, is rushing the business before the synod through in an effort to complete the work before leaving for Danville Thursday morning to attend the inauguration of President Hinitt, instead of returning here Thursday night and holding sessions Friday.

NORTHERN PRESBYTERIANS.

Dr. John Barbour Chosen Moderator of the Synod.

Danville, Ky., Oct. 18.—[Special.]—The Kentucky synod of the Northern Presbyterian Church convened at the Second Presbyterian church in this city at 7:30 o'clock to-night with about sixty delegates present. Dr. E. L. Warren, of Louisville, formally opened the synod in a strong sermon. Dr. John Barbour, of Maysville, was elected moderator. The synod will get down to business to-morrow morning. The feature of the meeting will be the inauguration of Dr. Hinnitt as president of Central University Thursday morning. The members of the synod will attend the ceremonies in a body. It is expected that about ninety delegates will attend the synod, the remainder arriving to-morrow.

The Lexington and Transylvania presbyteries were in adjourned session this afternoon, but nothing save routine business was transacted.

INSANE SOLDIERS IN WASHINGTON HOSPITALS.

One Thousand Who Returned From the Philippines Declared To Be Bereft of Reason.

Baltimore, Oct. 18.—[Special.]—At to-day's session of the Presbyterian synod Rev. J. H. Bradford, of Washington, chaplain-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, created a sensation by declaring that in the Washington hospitals alone there are 1,000 returned soldiers from the Philippines who are insane. Their sad plight he attributed to lack of church work in the army and navy. Had their welfare been looked after by the church organizations many of them would have been saved from resorting to the saloons and low dives, where their ruin was wrought by drink.

CINCINNATI TEAMSTERS' STRIKE IS SETTLED.

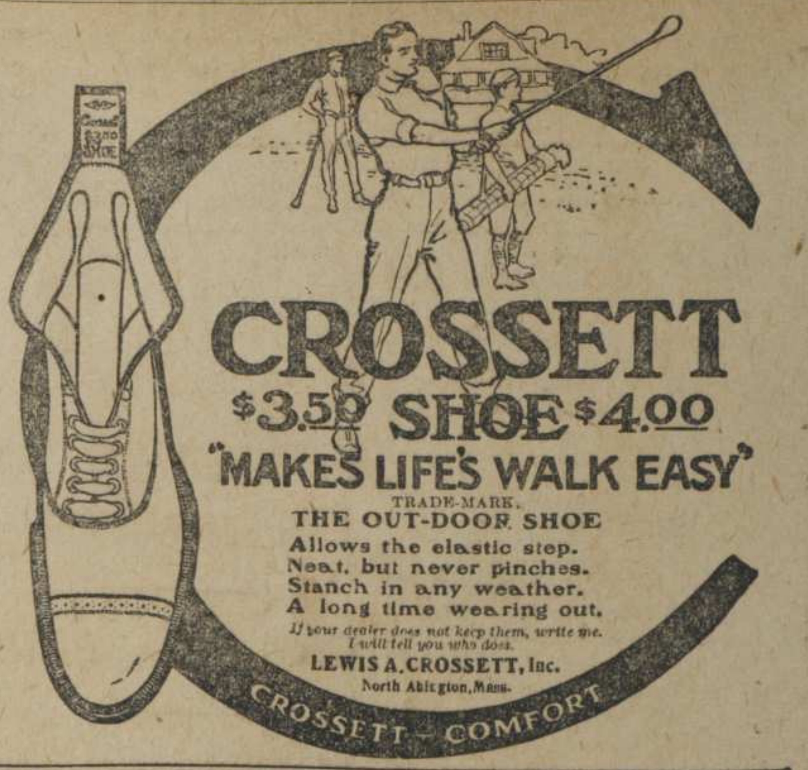
Cincinnati, Oct. 18.—The coal wagon drivers' strike, which began two weeks ago, was brought to an end to-night, and the general sympathetic strike scheduled for to-morrow morning among the stationary engineers, firemen and other crafts has been averted. The coal drivers won a partial victory, but their main fight was for the recognition of the union, and in this they failed.

A FORMER MAYOR SENT TO THE PENITENTIARY.

Davenport, Ia., Oct. 18.—Ex-Mayor S. F. Smith, of this city, son of Samuel Francis Smith, author of "My Country, 'Tis of Thee," stood before Judge House in the District Court this afternoon to receive sentence on two indictments for embezzlement and one for perjury. Smith was sentenced to ten years' imprisonment in the penitentiary at Anamosa. As trustee of large estates Smith recently acknowledged embezzlement of $120,000.

James Dean Dead.

Henderson, Ky., Oct. 18.—James L. Dean, a popular young man of this city, died this morning, after an illness of some months. He was a member of the Elks.



CROSSETT $3.50 SHOE $4.00
"MAKES LIFE'S WALK EASY"
TRADE-MARK.
THE OUT-DOOR SHOE
Allows the elastic step.
Neat, but never pinches.
Stanch in any weather.
A long time wearing out.
If your dealer does not keep them, write me. I will tell you who does.
LEWIS A. CROSSETT, Inc.
North Abington, Mass.
CROSSETT—COMFORT



Loss of Appetite

Means loss of flesh, strength and health. To strengthen and revive your powers of digestion you should begin at once with a persistent course of

Fehr's Malt Tonic

It is not a nauseous medicine, but a delightful and most palatable liquid food. It goes right into the circulation, tones and strengthens the organs of digestion and restores your appetite.

For Sale by All Druggists.

FEHR'S MALT TONIC DEPT., Louisville, Ky.

"HELEN KELLER DAY"

OBSERVED WITH EXERCISES AT THE WORLD'S FAIR.

MANY EDUCATORS TAKE PART.

Miss Keller, Deaf, Dumb and Blind, Shown Special Honor By Exposition Management.

St. Louis, Oct. 18.—"Helen Keller day," named in honor of Miss Helen Adams Keller, of Boston, who, born deaf, dumb and blind, has acquired national fame through her educational success, and the only person in whose honor the Louisiana Purchase Exposition Company has designated a special day, was celebrated at the World's Fair grounds to-day, with exercises participated in by prominent educators of the deaf, dumb and blind from all parts of the United States. The annual conference of the Superintendents of American Schools for the Deaf, in session here, suspended the regular order of business in honor of Miss Keller and took part in the exercises, which were held in the Hall of Congresses.

* * *

Miss Keller's Remarks.

In the course of her address Helen Keller said:

I have been asked to come here to-day and lend my voice to what is being done in the world for the uplifting of those who struggle in unequal and untoward circumstances. All these great halls of machinery and art are the achievement of the strength of man when his arm is free and his spirit unbound. In the midst of so much mighty achievement it is gratifying to know that man has not forgotten his weaker brother.

I have come, not for aught that I have done, but for what has been done to me to raise me to the level of those who see and hear. I testify to what the good and strong have done for deprivation and infirmity. I enter with you into communion of living speech and for the joy of speech I express my heartfelt gratitude that the impediment of dumbness has been removed from my tongue. Such is my brief but earnest message to those who have asked me to come and to those who sit before me.

Now I say what seems to me to be the message of this exposition to all people: The exposition is a great manifestation of all the forces of enlightenment where man's thousand torches burn together. The value of everything here and of everything everywhere is educational. The exposition is what its distinguished founder intended it to be, a world's university. Here the spirit of civilization stands forth illumining and enlightening those who walk in darkness and silence. The service of man to man shines all the brighter through these circumscribed individuals. All these great halls tell me the world is on our side. The forces there displayed hold up my hands and support my weakness. Science, nature and art say to me: "Thou art deaf and blind, but enter thou, too, into the kingdom of God." God bless the nation that provides education for all her children.

DONNED ROBES LIKE SISTERS OF CHARITY.

Scheme Resorted To By Women To Secure Funds From the Charitably Inclined.

Chicago, Oct. 18.—The office of a Home for Epileptics was raided to-day. The books of the institution and the liveries of the woman solicitors were seized.

The raid was a result of an investigation made by Secretary J. A. Egan, of the State Board of Health, who notified Chief of Police O'Neill, charging that it was a fraud. The home, which was supposed to be in Blue Island, employed twelve women solicitors. In making their rounds they dress in green and white gowns cut after the fashion of the costume of Catholic Sisters of Charity.

The "home" has been in operation two years, and no doubt of its genuineness ever was made public until a pseudo nun made charges against the institution. The twelve solicitors are said to collect from $150 to $200 a day.

CASE OF NAN PATTERSON TO BE TRIED NEXT MONTH.

Bail Cannot Be Secured For Woman Charged With the Murder of Caesar Young.

New York, Oct. 18.—Mrs. Nan Patterson, the young woman who has been in the Tombs prison for several months, charged with the murder of Caesar Young, a bookmaker and turfman, will not be released on bail. District Attorney Jerome, however, has promised to call the case for trial during November.

J. B. Patterson, the prisoner's father, called on the District Attorney to-day and told Mr. Jerome that after trying two months he was convinced that he would not be able to furnish the $20,000 bail for his daughter's release. He pleaded that the case be brought to trial at the earliest possible moment.

"I'll try the case for you in the coming month," the District Attorney told him.

A REMARKABLE "MARK."

IT IS "A REMARKABLE MARK"—FIRST, BECAUSE IT CARRIES SUCH WEIGHT AS A GUARANTEE OF QUALITY AND ALSO BECAUSE FOUND IN SO MANY OF OUR BEST HOMES.

FURNITURE

BEARING THIS TRADE MARK IS SURE TO PLEASE BECAUSE WE ARE ALWAYS TRUE TO OUR MOTTO

"A SATISFIED CUSTOMER"

DO NOT FAIL TO SEE OUR BIG LINES OF

FALL PATTERNS

NOW BEING SHOWN IN EVERY DEPARTMENT FROM

Beautiful Parlor Suits

TO

Substantial Kitchen Chairs.

Schupp & Schmidt Mfg. Co.
421-423 W. MARKET ST. BOTH PHONES 438

Luxuries Now, or Necessities Later?

That's the question every wage-earner has to face. If you'll SAVE PART of your earnings and put them into a SAVINGS ACCOUNT here—to bear COMPOUND INTEREST—you'll soon find that the question is being sensibly and satisfactorily answered.

Kentucky Title Savings Bank,
Fifth and Court Place.

Many of those who are advertising in the classified columns to-day for the first time will develop, in the course of a year, into regular and successful advertisers.

GENERAL FALLING OFF IN ATTENDANCE AT HARVARD.

Cambridge, Mass., Oct. 18.—A general falling off from the attendance of last year is shown by the official enrollment figures for Harvard University. With the exception of the law school and the Bussey Institution, a loss appears in every department. The authorities attribute the decrease to some extent to the increasing rivalry of Western colleges. The total decrease from last year is 205.

Always Remember the Full Name
Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

DIVORCE ISSUE

AGAIN BEFORE EPISCOPAL CONVENTION AT BOSTON.

NO FINAL ACTION, HOWEVER.

All Religious Bodies May Be Asked To Agree On Uniform Legislation Regarding Divorce.

Boston, Oct. 18.—The divorce issue again came before the Episcopal convention to-day, but no final action was taken on several resolutions referring to the subject which were presented. The House of Bishops sent a message to the deputies informing them that the bishops had voted to forbid the remarriage of any divorced persons, but when the matter was laid before the deputies on the question of concurrence the Rev. Drs. Lewis Parks and W. D. Huntington, both of New York, immediately set the parliamentary machinery in motion to defeat or at least sidetrack the bishops' resolution. After a brief but spirited skirmish, the matter was referred to the committees, from which it can be called any time.

During the forenoon several resolutions favoring a stricter canon on marriage and divorce were referred to a committee.

The divorce matter again came to the fore through a resolution of George Foster Peabody, of Brooklyn, calling for the appointment of twelve members from both houses to consider the entire question and report to the next general convention. The committee is to confer with other religious bodies as to some uniform standard of legislation bearing on marriage and divorce. It was referred to the Committee on Canons.

A joint commission, appointed three years ago, presented an extended report recommending that all dioceses and missionary districts be grouped into seven provinces, each province to have authority to legislate on matters which do not conflict with the general convention. Each province is to elect a primate to preside over it. The report will be acted upon later.

The House of Deputies to-day decided to refer a proposition to elect a negro bishop for the Southern States to the next convention.

The House of Bishops nominated the Rev. Logan H. Roots, of Arkansas, for bishop of Hankow, China; the Rev. Frank S. Spalding, of Erie, Pa., for bishop of Salt Lake, and the Rev. A. W. Knight, of Atlanta, Ga., for bishop of Cuba.

The nominations will have to be ratified by the House of Deputies to become effective.

DR. POWELL IS PRESIDENT OF MISSIONARY SOCIETY.

Honor Conferred Upon Louisville Minister At the Convention Held In St. Louis.

St. Louis, Oct. 18.—The meeting today of the missionaries of the Christian Church was under the auspices of the American Christian Missionary Society. "Home Missions" being the principal topic of discussion. The report of the acting board of the American Christian Missionary Society was submitted by Benjamin L. Smith, of Cincinnati. The session was concluded with an address by Harry D. Smith, of Hopkinsville, Ky., on "Leaders Who Lead."

San Francisco was selected as the next meeting place of the convention, and the following officers were elected: President, E. L. Powell, Louisville, Ky.; secretary, J. F. Gormley, Portland, Ore.; treasurer, C. J. Neare, Cincinnati.

HE TAKES ISSUE WITH GEN. BURTON.

Inspector General Gaines Does Not Believe the Canteen a Moral Benefit To the Army.

Frankfort, Ky., Oct. 18.—[Special.]—Inspector General Noel Gaines, of the State Militia, has written a letter to Secretary of War Taft, in which he takes issue with Gen. Burton, who in a recent report declared that the canteen was "a moral benefit to the army." Mr. Gaines also calls the attention of the Secretary to the fact that the sale of liquors to army officers has not been stopped, but continues in the officers' clubs. He suggests the need of a law that will cover this feature of the case.

SUES POOLROOM OWNERS FOR HUSBAND'S LOSSES.

Cincinnati, O., Oct. 18.—Mrs. Bettie Newman, wife of E. J. Newman, of Covington, filed suit to-day against Edward Bryson, J. P. Respess, D. J. Enright and several other alleged poolroom owners, for money which she claims her husband lost betting on horse races. The petition recites that he lost $700 in the White House poolroom and $760 in the "Big" poolroom, both of which are operated by the above mentioned men.

PREPARATIONS FOR RALLY.

Bowling Green Democrats Getting Down To Work In Earnest.

Bowling Green, Ky., Oct. 18.—[Special.]—The Democratic Club organized here Monday night is already instilling a great deal of life into the campaign in this county, and is now preparing to branch out and help enthuse the other counties of the district. President John B. Rodes to-day appointed committees on arrangements and finance, decorations, torches and transparencies and parades. These committees will have in their hands the making of a success of the occasion of the speaking of Gov. Beckham and Hon. Ollie M. James on October 29 in this city. It is the purpose of the club to make a district affair of this gathering of the Democratic hosts, and every effort will be made to have the largest political gathering ever assembled here.

BIG CROWD AT FULTON

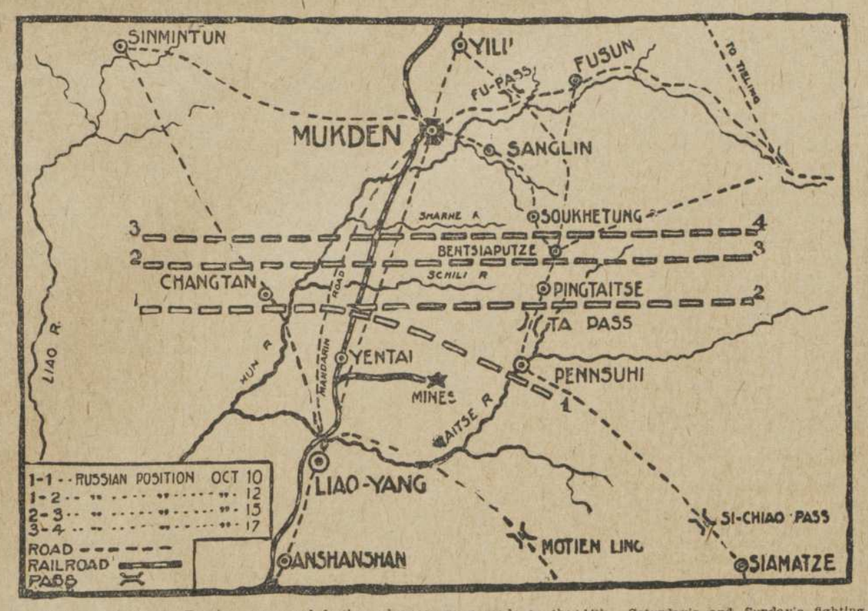
Heard Joint Debate Between James and Speight.

Fulton, Ky., Oct. 18.—[Special.]—A large and enthusiastic crowd assembled here to-day to hear the joint debate between Congressman Ollie James and J. C. Speight, the Republican nominee. The speaking took place in the opera-house and it was clearly observed that the crowd was with Mr. James all along. The debate was opened by Mr. Speight, who made a very labored, as well as weak defense of the Republican Administration. Mr. James was frequently interrupted by applause in his reply. He gave a telling exposition of the Republican fallacies. When Mr. Speight began his rejoinder Mr. James had to appeal to the crowd to remain and give him a respectful hearing.

The Italian Elections.

Rome, Oct. 18.—A royal decree was published to-day fixing the general elections for November 6 and the supplementary balloting for November 13.

Map Showing Territory Lost By Russians In Recent Retreat.



The territory lost by the Russian army since its disastrous dash southward is indicated on the map. The advance probably began October 3, for on the previous day Kuropatkin issued at Mukden his famous "forward" order. His eastern advance guard was at the time in the vicinity of Benshu, and on October 8 the Taitse river was crossed. Bentsiaputze, southeast of Mukden, and Shakhe, on the Mandarin road, were occupied on the 9th, and further advances were made on the 10th. That night, however, Oyama decided that it was time to strike, and early in the morning the great battle near Yentai mines was begun. Simultaneously turning movements were made east and west by the Japanese, and the retrograde movement of the Russians along their entire front was started. Next the Schili was crossed, according to the dispatches, in a hurried manner on the night of the 14th. Saturday's and Sunday's fighting resulted in the Russians being driven farther north, until now their center is said to be on the Shakhe river, about twelve miles south of Mukden, with their east flank at Soukhatin, and their southwest front east of the Hun river, opposite Changtan. The Russians are on both sides of the Shakhe river, where Kuropatkin is at bay, and the armies' positions are changing constantly.

PERJURY CHARGE

IN INDICTMENT AGAINST T. S. HAMILTON AT BROOKSVILLE.

Result of Investigation of Power Will Case By Bracken County Grand Jury.

Covington, Ky., Oct. 18.—[Special.]—Commonwealth's Attorney Edward Daum, of Brooksville, was in Covington to-day, and in an interview regarding the Power will case said that an indictment has been found against T. S. Hamilton, one of the wealthiest men of Covington, a former partner of Power and a beneficiary under the will. Daum said that when Power died last June a rule was made returnable against Hamilton to show cause why the will of Power had not been probated. In his response he made a sworn statement before a notary in which he stated that it was his understanding that the will had been destroyed and therefore could not be probated. On investigation by the grand jury the will was suddenly brought to light, and, as a result, the Bracken county grand jury last Saturday returned an indictment against Hamilton for false swearing.

Mr. Hamilton when seen at his Covington home to-day would make no definite statement, saying that he knew of no indictment and that he had rather not be quoted until he was fully prepared. He did say, however, that when the matter was thoroughly sifted there would be not the slightest culpability attached to him and that he had no fear of the outcome if he was indicted. It is seldom that anything has created such a stir in Covington and also in Bracken county, where Hamilton is well known. It is said that under the will both Hamilton and his brother, Power Hamilton, were to receive $75,000 each.

KENTUCKY TO BE IN SOUTHERN PROVINCE.

Boston, Oct. 18.—[Special.]—At today's deliberations of the Episcopal convention the Joint Committee on Provinces, which was appointed three years ago, rendered its report. According to the new arrangement of dioceses into a province system Kentucky will be in the same province with North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Tennessee, Arkansas and Texas. Each province will have its convention body, consisting of a house of bishops and a house of deputies similar to the great triennial conventions.

DISCIPLES OF CHRIST CHALLENGE SPIRITUALISTS.

St. Louis, Oct. 18.—[Special.]—The Disciples of Christ, in national convention, to-day adopted resolutions challenging the National Spiritualists' Association, also in convention here, to present one medium capable of demonstrating their claims of the possibility of communication with spirits. A conference will be held to-morrow to arrange for a sensational test.

Daniel Sheehan Dies.

Owingsville, Ky., Oct. 18.—[Special.]—Daniel Sheehan, aged sixty, is dead after a week's illness of pneumonia. He was a native of Ireland and came to America when six years old. He formerly lived in Danville, Carlisle, Lexington and Georgetown.



ASSESSMENTS

WILL BE DISCUSSED BY CATHOLIC SOCIETIES.

Objection Made To Increase Called For By Executive Councils.

At a mass-meeting to be held at St. Martin's Hall, Shelby and Gray streets, to-night assessments, a subject of keen interest to every Catholic, and especially members of the various branch societies of the Catholic Knights of America, will be under discussion. In view of the fact that there are 2,000 members of such societies in Louisville it is expected a large crowd will attend. The meeting is at the request of the supreme officers of the Catholic Knights of America in Kentucky, and is for the purpose of enlightening Louisville members of Catholic societies regarding action taken by the executive councils of the order recently, when that body decided to rerate assessments against members of the various branches whereby the assessments to secure membership and insurance will be increased to some extent.

Since it was decided to increase the expense of membership in the various societies, it is said, there has been a tendency on the part of members to drop out of the societies rather than submit to the increase in assessments. This has been the case in Louisville and all over the State where Catholic fraternal societies exist. The action of the high councils in adding to the expense of retaining membership in the fraternal society branches of the Catholic Knights, it seems, has caused disturbance in the ranks or nearly all the societies, and, realizing this, the supreme officers will attend the meeting to-night and discuss the subject in all its phases, each holding, however, that such action is absolutely necessary for the general good of the organization.

Under the head of Catholic Knights of America there are seventeen different societies, with an aggregate membership in the State of Kentucky of 28,000, and the pressure is strong against the change in the assessments throughout the State. So strong is the sentiment and spirit of resentment that an injunction suit is pending at Lebanon against the Supreme Council to prevent that body from enforcing it. Pending the trial of the suit it was decided advisable by the supreme officials to lay the facts more fully before the various societies by calling mass-meetings and discussing the question in detail. The object is to show to Catholics the wisdom of the change and its absolute necessity and that it is made necessary by the large death rate in the various fraternal orders.

STATUE OF EMPEROR FREDERICK UNVEILED.

Emperor William Does the Honors of the Occasion Before a Brilliant Assemblage.

Berlin, Oct. 18.—Emperor William unveiled the equestrian bronze statue of Emperor Frederick in front of the new Museum of Art to-day in the presence of a brilliant company of princely personages, the Imperial Chancellor, Count von Buelow; the Cabinet, the diplomatic corps, delegates from foreign art societies, Generals and Admirals, all of whom stood in a drizzling rain until the Imperial party arrived and during the ceremonies.

The Empress, the Crown Prince, Frederick William, and his betrothed, the Duchess Cecilia of Mecklenburg-Schwerin; little Princess Victoria and Prince Henry of Prussia were in the royal group, while the Emperor's sons, Princes Eitel, August, Joachim and Oscar, formed part of the guard of honor surrounding the statue. Among the troops was a company of the Emperor's gigantic guardsmen from Potsdam, selected from the tallest recruits in all Germany. The Emperor, the members of the royal family and the other more distinguished personages after the unveiling withdrew to the marble hall, wherein his Majesty dedicated the building to art.

RAILROAD CASUALTIES IN UNITED STATES 55,130.

Of That Number 3,787 Were Killed During Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 1904.

Washington, Oct. 18.—A report issued by the Interstate Commerce Commission to-day shows that the total number of casualties to persons on railroads in the United States during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1904, was 55,130, comprising 3,787 killed and 51,343 injured. This shows a large increase.

The total number of collisions and derailments was 11,291, involving $9,383,077 of damage to cars, engines and roadway. This is an increase of 643 collisions and derailments.

Bourke Cockran At Cleveland.

Cleveland, O., Oct. 18.—A large crowd heard the Hon. W. Bourke Cockran speak in Central Armory to-night. The meeting was the first large gathering of the Democrats of Cleveland and Cuyahoga county. Mr. Cockran was introduced by Mayor Johnson and was the only speaker. His speech was a review of the fundamental principles of the two great parties

HURRIED DRIVE

SAVED NEGRO FROM BEING STRUNG UP TO TREE.

Accused of Attempted Criminal Assault On a Prominent Farmer's Wife.

Muncie, Ind., Oct. 18.—[Special.]—After a hurried drive through the darkness to this city, William Easton, a colored laborer, who has been employed at the C., C. and L. section camp, eight miles southeast of Muncie, escaped being strung up to a tree for having attempted an assault on Mrs. Greenberry Reese, wife of a prominent farmer in that vicinity. Mrs. Reese was found lying unconscious in her home late yesterday afternoon.

She did not recover until this afternoon, when she told the story of the fiendish attempt. Her screams frightened the negro away, after he had broken a window and was crawling in when she fell to the floor exhausted by nervous fright. She is in a serious condition and physicians say may succumb. The negro hid all day, but was found late yesterday by a posse of farmers headed by Reese. Members of the section gang, headed by Foreman Clark, by a ruse got possession of the negro and hastened to Muncie with him. He is now in a cell and extra guards are in the jail.

ANOTHER FATALITY IN AUTOMOBILE ACCIDENT.

Springfield, O., Oct. 18.—An automobile run at reckless speed in the darkness plunged over an abutment going up for a new bridge over Mad river, seven miles northeast, this morning. The huge machine turned upside down and was smashed and flattened on the rocks below. The chest of Vernon Middleton, brother of Judge E. C. Middleton, was crushed and he was killed outright. Mrs. Bessie Wilkins' left arm was broken and she is badly bruised. Mrs. Virginia Hundley has internal injuries and may die. Charles R. Murphy, son of Postmaster Murphy, was the fourth of the party. He escaped with slight injuries. The entire party is from Urbana and had been out for an all night ride.

CHAMPION NOW CHIEF OF CHICAGO FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Chicago, Oct. 18.—John Campion, first assistant fire marshal, has been appointed chief of the Chicago Fire Department, succeeding William H. Musham, retired. Chief Campion has been a member of the department for more than thirty years, and gradually worked his way to the top. As chief of the First battalion he had much experience in fighting downtown fires. He is sixty-three years old.

NEW YORK HORSE SHOW TO DISTRIBUTE $35,000.

New York, Oct. 18.—Prize money amounting to $35,000 will be distributed by the National Horse Show Association of America during the twentieth annual exhibition, which will take place in Madison Square Garden November 14 and 19, inclusive.

Several new classes have been added for competition this year, causing an increase of $3,000 in the prize list.

Frenchman Ends His Life.

New York, Oct. 18.—Despondent because he had failed to make a success of his business since coming to this country, a few months ago, Paul Godard, a French expert in precious stones, to-day jumped from one of the approaches of the new Williamsburg bridge and was dashed to death on the stone pavement, 125 feet below. The proprietor of the boarding-house where Godard had lived said that Godard came of a well-known French family and had once been an officer in the French army. He was fifty years old.

Philipine Outlaw Killed.

Manila, Oct. 18.—A force under Lieut. Pogge, of the Constabulary, has defeated a large number of Pulajanes in the mountains of eastern Samar, killing the notorious outlaw Oyomo, and fifty of his followers.

Post-office Safe Dynamited.

New Cumberland, W. Va., Oct. 18.—Safe crackers dynamited the safe of the New Cumberland post-office and secured several hundred dollars in cash and stamps.



IN FAVOR OF SOUTHWESTERN PRESBYTERIAN UNIVERSITY.

Clarksville, Tenn., Oct. 18.—In the Chancery Court here this morning Judge Stout granted a perpetual injunction in the case of the Southwestern Presbyterian University vs. the Synod of Tennessee et al. This suit was brought to prevent further efforts on the part of the Presbyterians of Georgia to remove the university from Clarksville to Atlanta, there to form a part of a great Southern educational institution. Complainants prayed for an injunction to prevent further efforts along this line, which was granted as above. The case goes to the Supreme Court.



French Dressing. MATERIALS:—Four tablespoonfuls olive oil, one tablespoonful vinegar or lemon juice, half teaspoonful salt, quarter teaspoonful pepper.

Lea & Perrins' Sauce

THE ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE

Seasoning:—A simple salad is so delightfully improved by the addition of a tablespoonful of Lea & Perrins' Sauce that no French Dressing should be sent to the table without it.

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, Agents, NEW YORK



WAITER WAITED FOR COOK, BUT NOT FOR THE POLICE

Resented His Discharge From Restaurant, Using Club To Exprees His Sentiments.

The cook reported the waiter; the waiter was "fired" by proprietor; the waiter waited for the cook and clubbed him with a club, failing to wait for the police. The waiter is out of a job and keeping out of the sight of the police, while the cook is off duty indefinitely.

That is the tragedy that followed the invasion of John Sheffield, a colored waiter, into the "sanctum sanctorum" of James Lampton, the colored cook at the English Kitchen, on Jefferson street, near Fourth avenue. The invasion was made Monday night and yesterday morning Lampton went to the proprietor with his complaint. Sheffield went to work as usual yesterday afternoon, but was given his salary and told that his relationship with the restaurant was severed.

Sheffield knew where the orders had come from and how they happened to be issued, so he decided to get revenge. Being a waiter by profession, he lingered about the Jefferson-street door of the restaurant and incidentally leaned upon a heavy, four-sided club, which he found on the old Masonic site.

Lampton, feeling an extra sense of his importance, since he had caused the discharge of the waiter, finished his work at 7:30 o'clock and walked out of the restaurant with more than his customary swagger. At the door he was encountered by the discharged waiter, who, without parley, struck him a heavy blow in the head, felling him. Sheffield then disappeared.

Dr. George C. Leachman was summoned and took five stitches in the cook's wound. Lampton was removed to his home and is said to be in a serious condition.

LIMIT

(Continued from First Page.)

enemy strongly bombarded the captured village, but did not advance to the attack on Lone Tree Hill, now called Putiloff Hill.

"The work of burying the dead proceeded all night long. Military honors were paid the Japanese dead.

"A considerable concentration of the enemy's troops has been observed against our center."

There was no fighting on the Russian left yesterday and the Japanese operations on the extreme right, evidently intended to cut the railroad below the Hun river, have failed, the Japanese being unable to get beyond Sinchinpu, two miles west of the Shakhe railroad station. Field Marshal Oyama seems to be massing troops against the Russian center and the war office expects that he will make a desperate effort to-night or to-morrow to retake the two vital positions.

The general staff believes that the storming of Lone Tree Hill for valor and slaughter will occupy a place by itself in military annals. Kuropatkin under whose eye the assault was made, rechristened it Putiloff Hill, in honor of the man who led the attack at the head of the Second brigade of the East Siberian rifle division, who was subsequently decorated on the field with the St. George cross.

A SOMBER HOLIDAY.

Citizens of St. Petersburg In Little Mood For Merrymaking.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 18, 4:40 p. m.—This is the patron saint day of the heir to the throne as well as the fiftieth anniversary of the bombardment and siege of Sebastopol, and it had been hoped to signalize it by the announcement of a victory for Kuropatkin and at the same time announce the definite departure for the Far East of the Baltic fleet, which is now believed to be on its long voyage. But the news from the theater of war has caused a miscarriage of all the plans and only the ghost of a holiday remained. The city was decorated with flags, but in view of the tremendous loss of life below Mukden, especially in Gen. Meyendorff's first corps, which is from St. Petersburg and its neighborhood and which sustained the brunt of the fighting at the Russian center, the people had no heart for merrymaking. Besides the day was cold and dreary.

The Emperor marked the day by appointing his youthful heir chief of the cadet corps and by a ukase pensioning the survivors, widows and orphans of the Turkish-Russian war and promoting all the retired captains of the Turkish-Russian war to the rank of Lieutenant Colonels. In the afternoon the crowds displayed more buoyancy on the strength of special dispatches printed in the afternoon papers heralding the Russian victory at Lone Tree Hill and declaring that the Russian army is advancing and capturing many guns.

THE RUSSIAN LOSSES

Estimated At 20,000 To 25,000 At Gen. Oku's Headquarters.

Headquarters of Gen. Oku's Left Army, Oct. 16, 3 p. m.—Via Funsan, Oct. 18.—Since Sunday last the Japanese Left Army has buried 4,100 Russian dead. It is estimated that the Russian casualties are from 20,000 to 25,000. The Japanese report their casualties at about 3,000. Early this morning the Japanese continued to advance, driving the Russians before them and capturing two guns and many rifles.

At 7:30 this morning the Russians attempted to recapture Lamuting, but were repulsed with heavy loss. The battle there is over.

A Fight At Da Pass.

Mukden, Oct. 18.—It is reported that the Japanese made a furious attempt to take a wooded hill near Da Pass last night. The firing began at 11 o'clock and continued with rifle and cannon throughout the night. This action probably was a part of an attempt by the Japanese, who were already in possession of small hills in the plain, to rush the center along the foothills at the Shakhe river.

Slump In Japanese Fours.

London, Oct. 18.—The Russian successes caused a considerable slump in Japanese fours on the stock exchange to-day, which was further aided by the wildest reports, even including the capture of Gen. Kuroki.

CHEERING

(Continued from First Page.)

in Indiana and Illinois while he is in the West. Mr. Taggart expects to return to New York and remain here until the election.

During the day he was in consultation with the members of the Executive Committee and with a number of callers from outside States.

Simon P. Sherin, of Indiana, and James Smith, of New Jersey, were among those who discussed the situation in their States with the Democratic managers.

AN IMPORTANT CONFERENCE.

Platt, Depew and Odell Discuss the New York Senatorship.

New York, Oct 18.—Senator Thomas C. Platt and Senator Chauncey M. Depew spent half an hour with Gov. Odell at the Republican State headquarters to-day. It is understood that the senatorial election next winter when a successor will be chosen to Senator Depew was the subject of discussion. There have been various rumors about the matter, a suggestion being made that former Gov. Black would be elected to succeed Senator Depew. Senator Platt announces that he is anxious that Senator Depew shall succeed himself. There was extreme reticence about the conference to-day.

Fairbanks In Rhode Island.

Providence, R. I., Oct. 18.—With a speech at Infantry Hall in this city to-night Senator Charles W. Fairbanks, the Republican candidate for the vice presidency, ended a busy day in New England, having made brief addresses at Pittsfield, Mass., Woonsocket and Pawtucket, where his special train stopped during the trip to this city. At each stop he was accorded a cordial reception.

Beveridge At Madison.

Madison, Ind., Oct. 18.—[Special.]—The largest political gathering in many years marked the Beveridge meeting to-day. M. R. Sulzer, chairman, introduced Judge Bingham, who is swinging around the circle with the junior Senator, for a brief talk, and then presented the latter, who received an ovation. Senator Beveridge was tendered an enthusiastic reception. To-night he spoke again to a packed courthouse.

Republican College League.

Indianapolis, Oct. 18.—The convention of the National Republican College League to-day elected the following officers: President, Alfred E. Lunt, Harvard College; vice president, Clark Jeneson, Utah; secretary, John A. Alburn, Ohio; treasurer, C. E. Bown, Indiana; campaign manager, R. C. McCulloch, Canton, O.

Leased By a Campaign Club.

New York, Oct. 18.—The house at 28 East Twentieth street, in which President Roosevelt was born, has been leased by a Republican campaign club. The latter was organized only recently, but has a membership of more than 150.

TO COMMEMORATE WORK OF THE HAGUE TRIBUNAL.

New York, Oct. 18.—Plans are being formulated for the erection in New York of a large monument to commemorate The Hague tribunal's mission among the nations. Those behind the scheme declare it will be among the largest and most artistic memorials in the world. A prominent society woman is said to have agreed to collect the necessary funds.

Snowstorm In Wyoming.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Oct. 18.—The worst snowstorm of the season is raging through this section. The storm is accompanied by a high wind.



$250 IN CASH PRIZES
WILL BE GIVEN TO
Courier-Journal Readers

Who will send in a complete set of Correct Answers, or the largest number of Correct Answers in a set, to the FIVE QUESTIONS that will be asked the

Woggle Bug

During the month of October, one question being asked each Sunday. A complete set of answers means thirty-one, one coupon on which answers must be written being published each day in the month. There will be

64 CASH PRIZES
DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:

For the greatest number of correct answers from one person	$100
For next largest number of correct answers from one person	50
For third largest number of correct answers from one person	20
For fourth largest number of correct answers from one person	10
For ten next largest number of correct answers, $2.00 each	20
For fifty next largest number of correct answers, $1.00 each	50
64 Cash Gifts Amount to	$250

If no one person gets all the answers correct, then the prizes go to those having the largest number of correct answers. If two or more persons give the same number of correct answers, the prizes will be divided.

OBSERVE THESE RULES:

FIRST—Read these instructions carefully.

SECOND—Cut out the coupon printed on Page 2 neatly, following the black border lines closely.

THIRD—Read the question asked the Woggle Bug Sunday, October 16, then write plainly on the lines of the coupon, in as few words as possible, what you think the answer was. Then add your name, street and number, or other address, town or city, and State.

FOURTH—Do the same thing with the coupons that will be printed every day until Monday, October 31. You can make the same answer on each coupon for the week, or you can make different answers, but they must be on the coupon printed in the paper each day, showing the numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, etc., and the dates. Be sure that you answer the right question on the right coupons. The question asked Sunday, October 9, cannot be answered on a coupon bearing a date Sunday, October 16.

FIFTH—When you have filled out all the coupons cut from the Courier-Journal for one week, put them carefully away—don't mail to us yet. Do the same with succeeding weeks, until you have filled out coupons for the five questions that will be asked on the five Sundays of October. Then carefully sort your coupons, placing those for each week together, according to the dates and the number printed in the upper right-hand corner. Then place them ALL in one envelope and mail to "The Woggle Bug Editor, Sunday Courier-Journal, Louisville, Ky." Put nothing in the envelope except the coupons—no letters or notes of any kind. Send ALL your coupons in one envelope so that they will reach the Courier-Journal office not later than 10 o'clock Thursday morning, November 3. Coupons received later than that hour will positively not be counted, nor will coupons mailed each day or at the end of each week be counted—coupons for the entire month must all come in one envelope at the same time.

SIXTH—Remember that the largest number of correct answers to all questions will get the prizes. If two or more persons have the same number of correct answers to the five questions, the prizes will be divided. This rule will apply to all the prizes. For October it will be possible for one person to send thirty-one answers, that number of coupons being printed.

SEVENTH—Neatness in filling out coupons, care in arranging them consecutively according to numbers, and by dates, and a careful observance of all the rules printed herewith, will count for or against the contestant. For instance, if two persons send the same number of correct answers, and one follows all the rules laid down carefully, while the other does not, the prize will go to the first one. A committee will decide these points.

EIGHTH—Contestants must be regular subscribers to or readers of the Courier-Journal, and coupons must be cut from papers that have been bought and paid for, either through carriers, agents, newsboys or by mail. Employes of the Courier-Journal will not be permitted to compete.

NINTH—Correct answers for the month of October will be published the first Sunday in November, and the prizes will be awarded immediately thereafter. Names of prize winners will be published. The correct answers will be telegraphed the Courier-Journal the day before publication by Mr. L. Frank Baum, the author, so that no one connected with the Courier-Journal can know the answers until the contest for the month is closed.

The Guessing Coupon

will be found at the top of the fourth and fifth columns, page 2 of the Courier-Journal each week-day. Cut it out and fill it up carefully. It may help you get a portion of $250.

COURIER-JOURNAL OFFICE BUILDING DIRECTORY

Elevator Sunday 9 a. m. to 12 m.

Louisville Loan Co.....Room 1.

Barber Shop—Room 2, second floor. H. R. Cook, Proprietor.

Drs. Orendorf & Weber—Suite No. 3, second floor. Hours 9 to 1, 3 to 6, 7 to 8. Sunday 9 to 12. Tel. 924.

Arts and Crafts Co.—Misses Bruce. Rooms 4 and 5.

Dr. John R. Collier, Osteopath—Nervous diseases a specialty. Hours 8 to 4. 'Phone Main 3733—A....Room 8.

The Colonial Security Company of St. Louis (incorporated)—A. V. Christensen, Supt....Room 9.

National Life and Accident Ins. Co.—W. A. Johnson, Supt....Room 10.

Madame Stokes, Complexionist. Hours 9:30 to 12 and 1 to 5:30 p. m..Room 12.

Dr. Wm. N. Spohn....Room 12. Hours 8:30 to 9:30 a. m., 12 to 1 and 6 to 7 p. m.

Dr. B. G. Rees, Dentist—Telephone 3689 A....Rooms 14 and 15.

Wm. J. Watkins & Co.—Press and Ornamental Brick, Coke, Coal, Iron....Room 16.

Val. P. Collins, Architect....Room 16.

New Louisville Jockey Club...Room 17.

E. Felgenbaum, Ladies' Tailor. Room 18.

Dr. A. F. Pelle, Dentist, Dr. W. M. Couison, } Room 19.

Western and Southern Life Ins. Co.—Alex. Altsman, Supt....Rooms 20, 21 and 22.

American Loan and Trust Co...Room 23.

Louisville Truss and Rupture Co.—Tel. 218 A—Main....Room 24.

Dr. C. C. Godshaw....Room 24. Hours 9 to 10 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m. and 7 to 8 p. m. Tel. Main 218 A.

Dr. J. W. Clark, Dentist—Rooms 25 and 26. Telephone 3689—M.

Hunter & Heliman—Fire Insurance. Rooms 27 and 28.

Dr. W. C. McManama, Osteopath. Hours 9 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 4 p. m. Both 'phones....Room 29.

Geo. J. Monroe, M. D.—Room 30. Hours 9 to 11:30 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m.; Sunday 9 to 10:30 a. m. 'Phone 3733 Y, Main.

Miss Kate Fitzgerald—Purchasing Agent. Room 31.

Miss Mary McGinn—Shoe Parlor. Custom work a specialty. Cumb. 3689 Z....Room 32.

Tinsley Engraving Co.—Rooms 33, 34, 35, 36 and 36½.

Mrs. J. T. Pendleton, Modiste. Rooms 38 and 39.

Dr. Sue N. Epperson, Osteopath. Room 40. Office hours 9 to 12 and 2 to 4. 'Phone Main 3689 Y.

The Atelier Novelty Mfg. Co...Room 42.

A. S. Keller....Room 42. Decorator in China and Porcelain.

P. T. Archer—Commercial Photographer. Room 44½.

Dr. H. B. Green, Dentist....Room 45.

Thos. E. Grove, Artist—Portrait and Ivory Miniatures....Room 50.

Harvey Joiner, Artist—Room 51. Paintings on exhibition. Visitors welcome, 10 to 4 o'clock.

Louisville Bureau of Designing—Architects, Engineers and Artists. Tel. Main 3220—M....Rooms 52 and 53.

Inland Farmer....Room 54.

John Herr Sutcliffe—Advertising Agency. Room 55.

Miss Linda Nuss—Stamping; Art Needlework; Shirt Waists; Children's Clothes. Room 56.

California Fruit Agency—A. B. Cauldwell, Manager....Room 57.

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TEN PAGES.

WEDNESDAY..OCTOBER 19, 1904

"Business."

Tuesday Evening, Oct. 18.—The stock market was active to-day, but not so much so as on yesterday, and there was considerable realizing noted at times. At no time were prices allowed to go much below last night's closing figures, and several of the railroad group, notably St. Paul and Missouri Pacific, were kept strong, apparently with a view to facilitating profit taking. L. and N. was weak. The market closed irregular, but with sentiment decidedly bullish.

Rates for money on call were quoted at 1¾ and 2 per cent. Time loans were easy at 3 to 3½ and 3¾ per cent., while prime mercantile paper was taken at 4½ and 5. Sterling exchange was steady.

A good cash demand for wheat affected prices for the futures, and the close was at a net gain of 1½c to 2c per bushel. December corn was up ⅜c to ½c, and oats were a shade higher.

The cotton market gave evidence of some strength in the early trading, notwithstanding an estimate of a crop of 11,300,000 bales, based on Miss Giles' estimate of condition. There are two sides to the market, but closing prices showed no great change from yesterday's final figures.

The Chicago cattle market was steady, the hog market steady to weak, the sheep market steady and the lamb market weak.

The Struggle In Manchuria.

The great series of battles which has been fought in Manchuria for ten consecutive days between the Russians and the Japanese is still in progress, with the ultimate issue yet in doubt. While the Japanese have inflicted the heaviest loss upon their adversaries and gained much ground, the stubborn resistance of the army of Gen. Kuropatkin, with recurring aggressive movements, indicating that the spirit of his troops is not broken, still leaves the solution of the problem in suspense and apparently narrowed down to a test of endurance. In its results so far there has been a shifting of opinion as to the relative merits of the two armies quite with scarce a parallel, as, indeed, may be said of the conflict as a whole as to the numbers engaged and the prolongation of the struggle.

When Gen. Kuropatkin, after having been long inactive, with reported evidences of further retreat, issued his stirring address to hs army and vigorously advanced, with the evident purpose of turning the Japanese right flank, the probabilities of success seemed critical. When, however, Gen. Oyama, by a brilliant show of strategy declining to be stampeded, drove a wedge into his adversary's center and simultaneously attacked him on his right, it had the immediate effect of causing Kuropatkin to withdraw his left wing and assume the defensive. For more than a week the Japanese had successive victories, inflicting damaging blows upon the enemy and forcing him by successive retreats to fall back full twenty miles over ground he had once occupied, and take the Shake river as his line of defense. Up to this time the result seemed to portend decisive victory to the army of Gen. Oyama. Then there came another surprise. At the moment when everything seemed to favor that Gen. Kuropatkin was about to find his Sedan or Gettysburg, he resumed the offensive and has continued to maintain his ground with evidences of reserved strength well calculated to test the greatest powers of generalship on the part of his adversary and of endurance on that of his troops. The consequence is that the struggle has assumed a phase of alternate attack and repulse on both sides, with no evidence at this distance that Gen. Kuropatkin contemplates retreat or that Gen. Oyama possesses the power to drive him from the strong defensive position he has assumed. The large number of dead and wounded, the continuous rains and the evident hardships both armies are called upon to bear will long make the struggle memorable in history.

The tenacity of both armies well indicates the importance of the issue. Should it result in the defeat of Gen. Kuropatkin with the loss of any considerable part of his army, it would close the campaign with the greater part of Manchuria in possession of the Japanese. The approaching winter would compel him to make Harbin his base, and prevent further aggressive movement until spring. Then would come the moral effect likely to be produced in Russia, in possible disaffection among the people, to be heightened by the ultimate fate of Port Arthur. This might lead, according to the seriousness of the discontent, to arbitration or other means of bringing the war to an end. But, barring such contingencies, the decisive defeat of Gen. Kuropatkin's army would by no means imply a termination of the war. The resources of Russia would be equal to an indefinite struggle. There would be no coincidence with Sedan to that end, even with the capture of his whole army. Its place could soon be filled, which was impossible in the case of France. It must also be borne in mind that Lee's defeat at Gettysburg did not terminate the civil war, which, notwithstanding the disparity in resources between the two contestants, was prolonged nearly two years.

On the other hand should the Japanese army fail in forcing the Russians to fall back or to cripple them seriously, it is not probable that it could long maintain such an advanced position, as it would be compelled to be in closer touch with its base, nearly 150 miles in their rear. It cannot rely upon Hai-Cheng, as its sea-port, Yinkow, will, before a great while, be closed with ice. Pending the fall of Port Arthur, Takushan and the mouth of the Yalu must constitute its bases and the absence of a railroad with the distance and difficulty of roads, will require it to be within closer reach of these points. Dalny and Pitsewo will be open ports, with railroad connection northward, but the distance will be great and the narrowness of the peninsula will make them less desirable than the first named.

These are all questions which enter into the determination of the future relative positions of the contending armies. They constitute problems which explain the tenacity with which both contestants have sustained the terrible struggle in the vicinity of Mukden. The issue is in the balance. The result is fraught with the most serious consequences to the army which first succumbs under the severe ordeal, and time alone can determine upon which standard victory will perch or which will have to retire in sheer exhaustion. Measured by human endurance it cannot be much longer deferred.

A Sorry Spectacle.

The National Civil Service Reform League recently sent to the chairmen of both the National Republican and National Democratic Committees a letter quoting Sections XI. and XII. of the Civil Service Law, prohibiting the solicitation of contributions for political purposes from Federal employes. The letter, after assuring Messrs. Cortelyou and Taggart that the League could not question the desire of each of them to secure obedience to this law on the part of all who are required to respect and enforce it, thus concluded:

"It is in no wise our purpose, however, to confine what we now say to assessments on Federal officeholders or to acts made unlawful by particular statutes. We believe that, in a free country, the collection of such enforced contribution from public servants of any grade or kind, whether Federal, State or Municipal, who make them through fear lest refusal be followed by injurious consequences to themselves and their families, is a grave scandal; we have no doubt that such is the belief of honorable and patriotic men whatever their politics or party throughout the Union, and we request you, as a good citizen, to join with us in a protest against these wrongs.

"We ask from you, therefore, a public declaration that you recognize the right of every man, whether in public or private employ, to the wages of his labor without such molestation and that, so far as may be in your power, you will see that no one suffers because of refusal to comply with any demand for contribution made professedly on behalf of your committee or of the great party which you represent."

Mr. Taggart promptly and unambiguously answered the letter thus:

"The Democratic party recognizes the right of every man, whether he be a public or private employe, to the wages of his labor, without molestation, and so far as is within my power, I shall see that no one holding any political office shall suffer because of refusing to comply with the demands for contributions made professedly on behalf of the Democratic committee or of the great party which I represent."

Mr. Cortelyou, after waiting for more than a week, probably for consultation and collaboration with his chief, turned out this unique reply:

"Prefacing my response to your letter with the statement that the Republican National Committee has not countenanced nor will it countenance, directly or indirectly, any violation of existing law on the subject of the assessment of Federal officeholders for political purposes, I beg to say that I do not think I am called upon to make any public declaration of this fact. The records of the candidates of the Republican party in this campaign show a consistent adherence to the letter and spirit of genuine civil-service reform; and, as the head of the committee having to do with the management of the campaign for their election, I see no reason to assume, either from their record or my own, that the public would be justified in any other conclusion than that the influence of this committee would be thrown in favor of rather than against a strict compliance with the law."

Why does Mr. Cortelyou resort to so much circumlocution to avoid committing himself as requested to do by the League?

Why does he prefer to stop short with a reference to the records of himself and the President, rather than make the simple declaration, which would mean something coming from him, that he will see that no one suffers because of a refusal to comply with any demand for a contribution on behalf of his committee or his party?

Why, instead of making such a declaration, does he beat about the bush with a reference to the civil service record of the President, who, once an active civil service reformer, became the most systematic spoilsman when he launched his candidacy for election to the place which he holds through the "lottery of assassination;" filling the public service with such expert spoilsmen as Payne and Clarkson, with no other purpose than to build up a machine for his nomination and election, and even going to the extreme, in his abuse of the civil service for his own selfish ends, of turning over the Federal patronage in one State to such a creature as Addicks, and insisting, reinsisting and continuing to insist, on delivering the goods, notwithstanding the refusal of the respectable element of his own party in the Senate to countenance this prostitution of his power?

Truly it is a sorry spectacle which his campaign manager makes for him in his method of avoiding openly committing himself to upholding the law which both of them have tramp'ed under foot. Complete silence would have been less humiliating to those civil service reform friends of the President who, because the hold of partisanship is stronger on them than that of reform, still cling to him notwithstanding his flagrant record in outrage of those things which they profess to have at heart.

They Know Their Own Minds.

Mr. Roosevelt, a well-known candidate for the presidency, attacked the Democratic party for not knowing where it was, and his words have been industriously repeated by his party associates. It is claimed that the Republicans are troubled by no doubts or dissensions, but, united in sentiment and feeling, with a full comprehension of what they want, are advancing boldly and in beautiful harmony toward the virtuous ends at which they aim. Recent events in Wisconsin and in Delaware are not allowed to figure as exceptions to this rule.

However, when 60,000 Republicans in Massachusetts made a loud call for reciprocity which reciprocates, Senator Lodge discovered that he had been in favor of this from his cradle up, and that the Republicans who looked on him as the relentless foe of all sorts of reciprocity that any sane man would think desirable for two countries—and unless it is thus it does not reciprocate—had cruelly misunderstood him. So amid subdued applause from Senator Lodge himself the Republican State Convention adopted a resolution favoring reciprocity with Canada, which, though overburdened with verbiage, distinctly refused to confine the proposed reciprocity to noncompetitive products. Thereupon it was given out that everybody was satisfied, and that harmony in great chunks was rampant among Massachusetts Republicans.

Those who gave it out had reckoned ill, as Emerson says, because they left out the Home Market Club, an organization which knows its own mind at all hours of the day and night and makes no secret of its rapacity, in which, indeed, it rather glories. Gen. Draper accordingly went before a meeting of the officers of the club and said that, "of course"—mark you, "of course," thus excluding all doubt—the Massachusetts resolution was an attempt at a straddle upon an important issue, showing a desire to retain the support of both sides. As the Courier-Journal has so often called attention to this desire of the Republicans to be on all sides of everything, it marks with satisfaction, not unmingled with surprise, that for once Gen. Draper and the Home Market Club are in accord with its teachings about Republicans. Gen. Draper then cites the Republican national platform and the Massachusetts platform in juxtaposition. The former says:

"We have extended widely our foreign markets, and we believe in the adoption of all practicable methods for their further extension, including commercial reciprocity wherever reciprocal arrangements can be effected consistent with the principles of protection, and without injury to American agriculture, American labor or any American industry."

The Massachusetts platform indorses this and then goes on:

"We also believe that still further measures should be taken toward negotiating reciprocity treaties with foreign countries, and especially with Canada and Newfoundland, upon such terms and conditions as will secure an enlargement of our foreign trade, for the common benefit of our people, wherever reciprocal arrangements can be effected consistently with the principles of protection and without injury to American industries, or when, as President Roosevelt said in his message of 1902, the 'minimum of damage done may be disregarded for the sake of the maximum of good accomplished.'"

Gen. Draper asks which of these deliverances commits the party and answers neither. He thinks it would have been better to say nothing than to make contradictory statements. This is good from members of a party that has bitterly reproached Democrats for not saying anything at all about an issue that is conceded to be entirely eliminated from the present campaign. Now, reciprocity is not a dead issue by any means, as was shown by the failure of the attempt to shut it out of the Massachusetts platform. But Gen. Draper holds up the two platforms as inconsistent, and says it would have been better to say nothing. That is equivalent to saying that the Democrats did better in ignoring a dead issue than did the Republicans in straddling a live one. However, Gen. Draper consoles the Home Market Club by telling them that while both parties in Massachusetts ask for reciprocity with Canada they will not get it except on noncompetitive lines so long as one-third of the United States Senate consists of protectionists who stand by their principles, and when two-thirds of the United States Senate become free-traders, or near enough free-traders to indorse reciprocity regardless of protection, the whole tariff structure will be overthrown. Thus Gen. Draper puts the Home Market Club on the stand-pat platform, and treats all who do not stand with him as virtual free-traders. He is, no doubt, so far right that no real reciprocity can be expected from the Republican party as now constituted. But what a comment are his statements as to the harmony that is said to exist among Republicans.

The nature of this harmony is further shown by a statement from Mr. Charles H. Innis, of Boston, a member of the platform committee. He said:

"I am not surprised that Gen. Draper is dissatisfied with the plank in the Republican State Convention platform on the question of tariff and reciprocity. I think the committee realized that this declaration would not be acceptable to the protectionists who believe in a 'prohibitory' tariff, of whom Gen. Draper is one. They felt it would not be acceptable, on the other hand, to those who believe in free trade with Canada, as distinguished from reciprocity with Canada. The committee believed, however, that the platform was acceptable to, and had the approval of, the great majority of the Republican party, who, while believing in the principle of protection, are in favor of entering into treaties with other countries, provided we exact a market for every one which we give."

It is delightful to see such unanimity among the members of a party which always knows its own mind. Gen. Draper is right about the straddle and also that the Republicans who want reciprocity with Canada will not get it till they inflict a crushing defeat on the stand-patters who now dominate the party.

Mr. Olney's Conjecture.

Mr. Olney, in his Cooper Union speech, which was one of the strongest presentations of the issues of the campaign yet delivered, referring to the extravagance of the Administration and the corruption in Government offices, said: "Is there any reason to believe that in this matter of graft the Post-office Department stands alone, and that against the gangrene which has affected it the other departments are immune?" The question would answer itself by logical deduction if there had not already cropped out so much evidence that it is an exemplification of the rule rather than an exception. Had the same investigation been made in other directions as was done in regard to that particular branch of the service, a mere fractional part of a single department, there can be little doubt that the whole system of departmental administration would have been shown to be rotten to the core. It will be remembered that when the charges were first made of the irregularities in the office of the First Assistant Postmaster General they were hooted at and derided as intended merely for political effect. The Postmaster General decried them as "Hot Air," and it was only through persistent demand that investigation was ordered. When it was found that they were serious the inquest was delayed, and the report not made for six or eight months. Even with the evidences produced the inquiry, instead of being extended to other branches of the service, was confined within the narrowest possible limits, and as far as official precaution would avail there were no means by which the truth as to them could be developed. The whole power of the Republican party came to the rescue, and Congress, through its political complexion, denied an investigation. No wonder, with such evidence of a guilty conscience, there should be such superhuman effort made to prevent at the polls the disclosure as to the general system of graft from which, by Mr. Olney's conjecture, the other departments are not immune.

Judge Herrick, the Democratic nominee for Governor of New York, spoke for many observers of the political situation when he said:

"As early as the first of the year it was apparent to me that President Roosevelt, if he was nominated, would be decisively beaten, but soon after spring there came a change in the political atmosphere, which no one can explain but those who have had long experience in politics. Probably no one but those could feel it. I cannot describe the sensation, but it was plain that large corporate interests which had been against the Administration had experienced enough pressure to be turned the other way and are apparently in favor of another four years of Republican national administration. Mind you, that does not cast the balance for Republican success, but it is enough to make the result more in doubt."

That there has been such a change in the attitude of the corporations toward Mr. Roosevelt admits of no doubt. This has been explained in different ways, but the Courier-Journal has failed as yet to see any explanation which is in the least creditable to Mr. Roosevelt. The fact that there has been such a change, unsatisfactorily explained, is in itself ugly enough, without clothing the imputation in words as ugly.

Dr. Charles M. Kurtz, who lectures here this afternoon under the auspices of the Woman's Club on "Art at the St. Louis Exposition," does not come among strangers. On the contrary, it may be said that in a sense he comes to his own, for whatever of art impulse there may be here is largely due to the ground he broke and the seeds he sowed twenty years ago, when he did us such good service in charge of the art exhibit at the Southern Exposition. Since then Dr. Kurtz's field and work have been greatly widened, and there have been few important movements in this country for interesting and educating the people in art in which he has not been an influential factor. Louisville needs such pioneers as he, and his present position as assistant chief of the Art Department at the World's Fair, with the subject of his lecture, should make his visit at this time especially welcome.

Workingmen from Chicago and other Northern points are going to New Orleans and finding employment as steamboat roustabouts in place of negroes who have been holding out for $125 to $150 per month. There has been no riot there in consequence, but when negroes go to Illinois to take the place of strikers they find a very different reception. In most cases they have to face riot and assault and sometimes find the State militia barring their way. Several years ago Tanner, the Republican Governor, ordered them to be deported from the State, and officially announced that they would not be permitted to take the place of striking miners. This was in open defiance of the Federal Constitution, which says that "the citizens of each State shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several States."

Senator Allison has spoken with his accustomed lucidity and positiveness. He clearly shows that there would have been no Treasury deficit if there had not been one.

"ON DIT."

Wednesday, Oct. 19.

"Ex-Senator Davis is a grand old man," said Harry Morgan, of Indianapolis, who is at Seelbach's Hotel, "one of the youngest old men I have ever met. And, by the way, my meeting with him was a little out of the ordinary. You know a traveling man gets into the habit of having a certain room in each hotel in the various cities he visits. The hotel proprietors humor us in this little fancy, and so it goes. Over in Wheeling, W. Va., in the hotel where I always stop, I am given room No. 11. It happened that on my last visit there I got in ahead of time and when I registered I found that my room was already occupied. I was anxious to take possession of it at once and as I was given to understand that the occupant was to leave within the hour the clerk took me upstairs to the room, saying that he thought I would like to meet the gentleman who was to give way to me.

"It was to Henry G. Davis, of Elkins, W. Va., that I was introduced there in room No. 11, and when the circumstances were explained to him he enjoyed the situation as much as I did.

"Senator Davis was on his way to another portion of the State, where he was to speak, and we spent the hour before his departure in a conversation which was most pleasant, at least to me.

"I have been through New York State thoroughly during the past month, and with what I know of the political situation in other important States, the chances are that on that last trip of mine to Wheeling I almost forced a Vice President of the United States out of his room."

* * *

"Colorado has one of the most remarkable railroads in the world," said a resident of that State in one of the hotel lobbies last night. "It can justly claim to have the highest railroad ever constructed, as the new road runs over the Continental Divide at a height of 11,660 feet. This is the highest standard gauge railroad ever built. The highest point on the line is only sixty miles from Denver. Where the other transcontinental lines cross the great divide is several thousand feet lower than the new road. The high line is the Denver, Northwestern and Pacific railroad, and is called the Moffat road, after its builder, D. H. Moffat, a Colorado capitalist. It is to run from Denver to Salt Lake across a strip of virgin country that hitherto has had no railroad. There is an area 500 miles long and 250 miles wide that was practically cut off from the world because it had high ranges of mountains on every side. The Moffat road has scaled this mighty wall that surrounds this tremendous basin and the new region, as large as a half dozen Eastern States, is now open to the world. The new line for the first fifty miles out of Denver has the most magnificent mountain scenery in the world."

* * *

E. T. Perkins, a Government engineer, engaged on irrigation work out West, was chatting with some friends at Seelbach's when something was said about the drouth now prevailing in Central Kentucky.

"Drouth? Why you fellows up here don't know what a drouth is. Come down into Southern California for that, where the average rainfall is only seven and a half inches—just about what you got in one big rainfall on a certain Fourth of July seven or eight years ago. I tell you out in that country we get to long for rain. I remember, for instance, in 1898, we had been working for a month in the San Bernardino range near Palm Springs, Cal., and each morning the sun came up in unclouded glory, and after a good day's work retired in the same order. One day a companion and myself were returning to camp in a buckboard, when suddenly a little shower began to patter down upon us. My friend, who was driving, shouted: 'We can't miss this, Perkins,' and hastily wrapping the reins around the whip, we stretched ourselves at full length and tried to get wet. We met with rather poor success, however, as it was only a passing shower."

* * *

Henry W. Barret tells of the remarkable but unintentional ramblings of a letter which was mailed by his daughter several months ago. The letter was addressed to D. W. Gray, care National Bank of Kentucky, and inclosed was a check payable to Mr. Gray as treasurer of some church institution. No receipt was returned for the check, but the sender thought that Mr. Gray considered the check a receipt, but on the first of the following month, when she checked up her bank account she found the check was still out. She waited another month with the same result. Then she asked her father to ask Mr. Gray if he had received the check. Mr. Gray said his records were at home, but he would look into the matter and report. The next day as Mr. Barret was passing through the bank, Mr. Gray hailed him. "Mr. Barret, I want to report a very remarkable circumstance. When I went home yesterday afternoon I found a letter with the Philippines post mark upon it and inclosed therein was your daughter's letter with check. A letter of explanation was attached. Some one had sent a circular to a young doctor in the Philippines, into which, being quite large and unsealed, the letter for Mr. Gray must have dropped, and passing all inspection had journeyed 6,000 miles for one cent, being, probably, the cheapest trip ever made by a first-class passenger.

FOLLOWS THE LAW.

SECRETARY OF STATE M'CHESNEY REFUSES TO PERMIT

Names of People's Party Congressional Candidates In First, Third and Ninth Districts To Go On Ballots.

Frankfort, Ky., Oct. 18.—[Special.]—Secretary of State McChesney to-day refused to permit an evasion of the plain letter of the statute requiring that petitions of political parties for place for candidates on the official ballot be filed in his office "not less than thirty days before the day of election," declining to allow representatives of the People's party of Kentucky to file petitions to get their candidates for Congress in the First, Third and Ninth districts on the ballot. The petitions were presented by John Krouse, of Jefferson county, and Secretary McChesney responded that he could only follow the laws governing the filing of such petitions, and that he had presented his petitions just ten days too late to secure a place under the device given the People's party electors. Mr. Krouse withdrew for conference with Jo A. Parker and other of his party leaders, and it is anticipated that they will take some sort of legal steps to get the three congressional nominees on the ballot. The form of the ballot has been certified to by the several County Clerks over the State, to-day being the last day for such certification by the Secretary of State, and the ballot paper has been furnished the counties for the printing of the ballots. This printing will not be done until within fifteen days of the day of the general election.

Forest Fires In West Virginia.

Parkersburg, W. Va., Oct. 18.—Forest fires have started in the woods not over a mile from this city and portions of the southern suburbs are in danger. Hundreds of men and boys are fighting the flames to prevent destruction of property in their path.

Points About People.

Miss Mary Harris Ballard has issued invitations to her third cotillon, which will be given at Lansdowne on Thursday, October 27, in honor of Miss Kathleen Hussey.

It will be led by Miss Ballard and Mr. Charles C. Carter and the girls who have been invited to it include the following:

MISSES

Kathleen Hussey,	Eliza Minnigerode,
Virginia Bayless,	Louise Patterson,
Myra Bullitt,	Margaret Creel,
Marie Burnett,	Anna Wood,
Martha Marvin,	Roberta Buchanan,
Standiford Danforth,	Bessie Parsons,
Nellie McDonald,	Augusta Willey,
Sallie Robinson,	Ethel Humphrey,
Bonnie Robinson,	Evelyn Whitney,
Lucile Robinson,	Louise Bell.

* * *

Miss Fannie Evans will give a luncheon to-day at the Pendennis Club in honor of Miss Evelyn Manley, of New York, who is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Charles Chase. It will be chaperoned by Mrs. Chase and the rest of the party will include the following:

MISSES

Evelyn Manley,	Fannie Tapp,
Eleanor Belknap,	Mary Garvin Brown,
Margaret Wright,	Alice Trabue,
Elizabeth Burnett,	Marion Richardson,
Mary Speed,	Virginia Perrin.

* * *

Miss Virginia Perrin has returned from New York, where she spent ten days with Mrs. Frederick M. Sackett.

* * *

Mrs. Joseph Perry Gaut, of Knoxville, Tenn., formerly Miss Pauline Chambers, will arrive to-day on a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel R. Chambers, with whom she will spend a week.

* * *

Miss Florence Haldeman and brother, Master Walter N. Haldeman, who have been visiting Miss Lottie Wilson, in Douglas Park, during the illness of their sister, Elizabeth, have returned home.

* * *

Mrs. Llewellyn West Avery, of Detroit, who is the guest of her mother and sister, Mrs. S. P. Voris, and Miss Mamie Voris, will return home the last of this week.

* * *

Mr. Frank Cleland, of Harrodsburg, who has been visiting Mrs. Frank Barbour, has returned home.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Galt Robinson, who have been making their home at the Weissinger-Gaulbert since their marriage, will move to New Albany to live shortly and will go to housekeeping there.

* * *

Miss Evelyn Whitney, who has been visiting Mrs. Howard Page and Misses Ione and Lillie Lee Page, in Tuxedo Park, N. Y., is now the guest of Mrs. George F. Baker, of Tuxedo.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Rawson Waller, of Chicago, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Presley Ray and Mr. and Mrs. Howard Hunter, have gone to St. Louis to spend a few days at the Exposition. They will return to Louisville before returning home.

* * *

Mrs. Julius Winter and daughter, Mrs. V. H. Englehart will leave to-day for St. Louis on a visit to the Exposition.

* * *

Mrs. Thomas G. Gaylord, of New York, is expected in Louisville this week on a visit to her sister, Mrs. John H. Brand.

* * *

Misses Nanette and Agnes Stockdale and Mr. Thomas Stockdale, who have been at the Galt House since their return from Michigan, have rented Mr. and Mrs. George Newman's apartments at the St. James for the winter and are moving to-day.

Mr. and Mrs. Newman will spend the winter with Miss Florence Satterwhite.

* * *

Miss Katherine Hughes will leave to-day for Chicago and St. Paul to be gone for some time. She is going to accompany Mrs. Daphne Peabody Edwards in her private car on a tour of the West.

* * *

Mrs. Ion B. Nall has gone to Paducah on a visit of several weeks to her daughter, Mrs. David Van Culin.

* * *

Miss Dora Lindsay, of Brooklyn, N. Y., who has been visiting Mrs. John M. Martin, has gone to Chicago.

* * *

Miss Nellie Harris, of Pulaski, Tenn., who is visiting her sisters, Mrs. Alfred Meade and Miss Minnie Harris, will leave next week for Kansas City, where she will visit her sister, Mrs. Frederick Childs.

* * *

Mrs. H. A. Power, of Paris, is in the city visiting Mrs. Stuart McDowell, of Belgravia.

* * *

Mrs. William A. Hughes will entertain her euchre club next Wednesday.

* * *

Mrs. John Cowherd and Mrs. Ben Harbison, of Shelbyville, have returned home after a visit to Mrs. Morris Satterwhite.

* * *

Mrs. Sallie R. Appleton will arrive Thursday on a visit to Mrs. Robert Ester Pilcher.

* * *

Miss Mary B. Gaines, of Washington, D. C., the daughter of Capt. Samuel M. Gaines, is the guest of Mrs. Clarence Crawford, of 1805 First street.

* * *

Miss Ada Pyne Bankhead, of Memphis, Tenn., has just concluded a visit to St. Louis, where she attended the Exposition, and is the guest of Mrs. A. W. Hart.

* * *

Mrs. John S. White, of 1431 Cherokee road, will give a luncheon on Thursday, November 17, in honor of Miss Martha Moreland Johnson.

* * *

Mrs. Mary H. Stanhope, of Lexington, is visiting Miss Kate Crawford.

* * *

Miss Lucile O'Brien and Miss Martha Johnson return Wednesday from a short visit to Mr. and Mrs. Harry Robb, on the Preston-street road.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Chatterson and family have returned from their summer home at Kenwood and are at 1414 Garvin place.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur Hubley and son Samuel have returned from Flat Rock, N. C., and have taken apartments for the winter with Miss Anna McComb, 743 Third avenue.

Their house at 504 West St. Catherine street has been taken by Mr. and Mrs. Walter H. Pearce.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Thatcher and Miss Bessie Thatcher, who have been visiting friends here, have returned to their home in New York City.

* * *

Mrs. S. T. Matthews and Miss Ruth Matthews, of Frankfort, are visiting Mrs. Judith Marshall.

* * *

Mrs. Kean's recital is a private entertainment to which invitations have been issued and at which about thirty prominent society matrons will be patronesses.

* * *

Mr. John H. Rothert left yesterday for a week at the World's Fair.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. Henry Doerr and daughter, Lillian L. Cawein, are at the Willard.

* * *

Mr. Walter M. Cahn has left for a week's stay at the St. Louis fair.

* * *

Mrs. Mason Seebolt and Mrs. E. B. Hahn have gone to St. Louis to attend the World's Fair.

CUBANS CONVICTED OF FALSIFYING RETURNS.

Havana, Oct. 18.—A dispatch to La Lucha says that all five members of the Santiago provincial election returning board have been sentenced to fourteen years and eight months' imprisonment for falsifying returns in order to seat several Congressmen belonging to the moderate coalition. Leaders of the moderates in Congress have informed the Associated Press that they will appeal against the sentence to the Supreme Court.

Lutheran Synod In Session.

Richmond, Ind., Oct. 18.—Olive Branch Lutheran Synod, which includes Louisville, opened to-day at Lyon's Station, near here. The Woman's Home Missionary Society meets at the same time. Among those on the programme are Mrs. S. S. Waltz, of Louisville; and Miss Cromer, also of Louisville. Louisville Lutheran clergymen will take active part in the synod.

ON THE FUNNY BONE.

A Rhymster's Resolve.

While I am a hayseed poet, an' am oft compelled to show it by a-writin' bout the cider an' the sass,
'Bout the bees a-makin' honey, 'bout the ducklin's fat an' funny, or the joys of seein' home a country lass,
Still, a poet has some feelin' an' to you I'm mine revealin'—every year that's passed above my head
Since I first begun a-writin', in the fall I'd be inditin' mushy stuff about the leaves a-turnin' red.

An' this year, tho' I may rue it, I'll be hanged if I will do it; I'll be swiggered if I'll write a pesky line
On the subject I have mentioned, firm as granite I'm intentioned, even tho' I lack the wherewithal to dine.
I will write about the cattle, or the merry milkmaid's prattle; 'bout the harvest moon a-hangin' overhead,
But I'll be forever swiggered, I'll be ballywhacked an' jiggered, if I'll write about the leaves a-turnin' red.

* * *

Which?

McFlub—What does Jopley do?

Sleeth—He's a dealer in chestnuts.

McFlub—The edible or the Depew variety?

* * *

Not All of It.

Giffle (indignantly)—You want the earth, don't you?

Spinks (complacently)—Well, no. I don't believe I could do anything with the Sahara desert or the far Polar regions.

* * *

Had a Fellin' For Her.

"You don't love me!" sobbed young Mrs. McRobinson.

"Yes, I do," protested her husband.

"Then why don't you buy me that Persian cat I want?"

Mr. McRobinson said nothing further at the time, but that evening as he entered the house with a wildly animated bag in his clutch, he called cheerily, "Here, Maria, never say I don't love you again. In the words of the reigning song, 'I've a feline for you.'"

* * *

Devilish.

To all do wicked thoughts occur,
Deny it if you can;
At times I've even wished I were
A boodle Alderman.

* * *

The Very Idea.

Another terrible accident!
Hundreds of precious lives lost!
Is any person to be blamed?
Yes; it is easy to fix the responsibility.
Then the guilty will doubtless be punished?
Oh, no. What? Punish anyone for criminal carelessness here in free America?

* * *

The Best One.

O'Rorke—Phwat ticket are yez workin' fer?

McToole—The meal ticket, b'gobs!

* * *

Horrible Thought.

Fashionable Mother—Editha, I trust your fiance is a worthy young man.

Ditto Daughter—Oh, yes, mamma, but rather shy.

Fashionable Mother—Good heavens! You don't mean of money, I hope?

NOTABLE SOCIAL EVENT AT VERSAILLES.

Wedding of Miss Katherine Scott Graves and Mr. Chester Terrill Ayres.

Versailles, Ky., Oct. 18.—[Special.]—The Presbyterian church was filled with a fashionable throng this afternoon, to witness the marriage of Mr. Chester Terrill Ayres, of Chicago, and Miss Katherine Scott Graves. The ceremony was performed at 6:30 o'clock. The church was beautifully decorated.

The bride entered the church with her father, Mr. W. H. Graves, being preceded by her matron of honor, her sister, Mrs. W. H. Avery, of Jacksonville, Fla., and her little niece and nephew, Miss Elizabeth Chrisman, of Nicholasville, and Master Jack Warfield, of Chicago, as flower girl and ring-bearer. Mr. Ayres came in with his best man, Mr. Albert Ayres, of Keokuk, Ia. There were six ushers: Messrs. James Gilson, of Philadelphia; William Lawson, of Chicago; Henry Brown, of Williamsport, Pa.; Nathan Elliott, of Lexington; Lewis A. Nuckols and Dr. A. J. A. Alexander, of Versailles. The Rev. G. H. Rout, D. D., pronounced the wedding ceremony.

After the ceremony at the church an elegant reception was given from 7 to 11 o'clock at "Elwood," the country home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Graves, two miles south of Versailles, on the Nicholasville turnpike. Over one hundred guests were present, and a superb supper was served. Among the guests from a distance were Mrs. Lewis C. Ayres, of Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Ayres, of Keokuk, Ia.; Miss Florence A. Brown and Miss Lou Deemer, of Williamsport, Pa.

Sutherland—Pelosi.

Nicholasville, Ky., Oct. 18.—[Special.]—The marriage of Miss Theresa Zeloti Sutherland and Mr. Joseph Pelosi, of Georgetown, was celebrated at 9 o'clock this morning at St. Luke's Catholic church, the Rev. W. O. Bealer officiating. Miss Sutherland is the only daughter of Mrs. Rosa Sutherland. Mr. Pelosi is a well-known young business man of Georgetown. They will reside here.

The marriage of Miss Lucy Brown and Mr. J. F. Rogers will take place at 1 o'clock to-morrow at the home of the bride in South Main street.

Waller—Hutchinson.

Morganfield, Ky., Oct. 18.—[Special.]—One of the prettiest and most notable weddings that have ever taken place here was that of Mr. Thomas C. Hutchinson, of Evansville, Ind., and Miss Adeline R. Waller, of this city, who were married this afternoon. The ceremony took place in the Methodist church. The bride is a beautiful and accomplished young woman and the groom is a prominent business man of his home place. Mr. and Mrs. Hutchinson left for New York, from where they will sail for Bermuda.

SPEAKING TOUR FOR GOV. BECKHAM.

Will Address the Grangers, the Educators and Democrats This Week.

Frankfort, Ky., Oct. 18.—[Special.]—Gov. Beckham will leave here to-morrow morning at 7 o'clock for Cynthiana, where he goes to address a meeting of the State Grange, in annual session there. The following day he will be at Danville, attending the reception and banquet to be given at Central University to the new president, at which he speaks. He will return here Thursday evening, and will leave the next afternoon for Glasgow to fill a speaking appointment Saturday afternoon, made by the Democratic State Campaign Committee.

Charged With Criminal Assault.

Washington, Ind., Oct. 18.—James Mode, white farm hand, charged with criminal assault late yesterday afternoon on the five-year-old daughter of his employer, John Lawyer, was arraigned this morning. He pleaded not guilty and was bound over to the Circuit Court, now in session, for trial.

At the Theaters.

MASONIC—Lilliputians in "Dreamland;" evening.
HOPKINS—Vaudeville; matinee and evening.
AVENUE—"At Cripple Creek; matinee and evening.

George Bernard Shaw, whose plays "Candida," "The Man of Destiny" and "How He Lied To Her Husband," will be presented Friday and Saturday at Macauley's, is that curious anomaly, a literary man of independent fortune.

Mr. Shaw's fortune is so independent, in fact, as to render him rather aggressively likewise, if one may believe those who have had dealings with him. For example, it is said that the witty Irishman demands 10 per cent. of the gross receipts of each and every performance in return for the use of his comedies, nor is he open to conviction on the subject of the exorbitance of this demand. There is no discussion; pay if you want to play, and there's an end on't.

Another point on which Mr. Shaw is adamant is the alteration of any detail of his works, the one exception he has made to this rule being in the case of "Man and Superman," which is obviously too long for representation without condensation. Cyril Maude once confessed to Mr. Shaw: "I have taken the liberty of cutting six lines out of the third act of 'You Never Can Tell.'"

Mr. Shaw replied: "That was a liberty that I cannot allow."

"But, my dear sir, you must understand that with those lines it would be impossible to put on the piece."

"Impossible!" exclaimed the dramatist. "You don't say so. My good fellow, you delight me!"

Robert Loraine, who is now appearing as Lieutenant von Lauffen with Herbert Kelcey and Effie Shannon in "Taps," will offer "Man and Superman," under direction of Sam S. Shubert, in January. Arnold Daly, now appearing in "Candida," will present "You Never Can Tell," under the management of Liebler & Co. after the holidays.

One of the scenes in the new Louis Mann play, to be presented at Macauley's October 28 and 29, is that of a theater green room during the performance of a grand opera. The piece is a strictly dramatic work with no music, but its story deals to some extent with theatrical life, and its principal character is that of a musician, talented, but kept in obscurity by his diffidence and simple nature.

Miss Josephine Olive May, in company with J. W. Albaugh, is delighting the Hopkins audiences with Grant Stewart's little play, "The Girl From Kansas." Listening to her laugh is like taking an invigorating tonic. While she was a member of a well-known New York company she became known to her associates as "the laughing girl." Miss May declares she could not be serious if she should try. Two seasons ago she was taken to London with a prominent company. The King and Queen attended the performance at Adelphi Theater and Miss May was called to the box of the royal pair. Of course it was considered a signal honor and the London press made much of it. The following day a critic visited the actress. He complimented her work.

"And to think," he said, "you were honored so greatly. Did you not feel extremely nervous?"

"Nervous at what?" asked Miss May with unfeigned surprise.

"Why, at the presence of the King," responded the astonished critic. "Think of the great tension one's nerves must be on in playing before his majesty!"

"Oh, I wasn't particularly rattled," responded the American girl. "I have played before the President in America."

Mr. Albaugh is a son of J. W. Albaugh, who is favorably known to old Louisville theatergoers, he having been in a stock company here during the war. Many of the old-timers who have visited the theater this week declare that the talent of the young man is equal to that of his father, who was known the country over for his performances in juvenile parts. Mr. Albaugh is a nephew of Maggie Mitchell, the actress.

One of the most amusing scenes in "Dreamland," the musical extravaganza in which the Royal Lilliputians are featured at the Masonic Theater this week, is the schoolroom specialty in which Charles H. Johnson and the chorus participate. Mr. Johnson's burlesque characterization of an eccentric professor is unusually clever and the lines of the skit, although frequently broad, provoke many laughs.

Ward & Vokes' elaborate second edition of their musical farce comedy, "A Pair of Pinks," will be next week's attraction at the Masonic Theater. Except for the name, the management declares that every feature of the entertainment will be brand new. The songs will include "Josie," "Dee-diddle-dee-dum," "Don't Apologize," "For Our Country," "Best Little Woman In the World," "Our U. S. A.," "Song Birds A-going South," "Don't Say Good-bye," and "I'm Not As Foolish As I Look." Besides there will be a chorus of girls in rich costumes.

That "The Queen of the White Slaves," next week's attraction at the Avenue Theater, is a "hummer," is evidenced by the fact that every scene in the play is said to contain climaxes conducive to an unlimited number of thrills, and the six acts of the production boast the astonishing aggregate of nineteen scenes. The most sensational scenic effects are "The Chamber of Death," "The Den of the Terrible Nine," "Dead Man's Corridor" and a raft afloat on the swells of the Pacific ocean.

Miss Mamie Mann, the little actress who plays the leading role in "At Cripple Creek," the current attraction at the Avenue Theater, began her career as a leading woman at the early age of sixteen years. She has played all sorts of roles, from Camille to Juliet.

SHOCK MAY CAUSE MRS. HACKER'S DEATH.

Fire Breaks Out In Dwelling—John Mason Strauss a Sufferer.

Discovery of a fire in the third story of the residence of Mrs. J. M. Kennedy, 525 West Breckinridge street, caused a great shock to Mrs. Margaret F. Hacker, Mrs. Kennedy's mother, who is very old and has been extremely ill for several weeks. The fire was detected because of the smoke which filled the house and though the blaze was confined to the third story, it appeared that the entire structure would be burned. Mrs. Kennedy and her mother were in their room on the first floor and were greatly frightened. Mrs. Hacker has been under the constant care of a physician and, on account of her age, it is feared that she may not survive the shock.

The second story of the house is occupied by John Mason Strauss. The fire did not reach the second floor, but it was necessary to take a pipe line to the third story and the apartments of Mr. Strauss were flooded, as the big truck of the Salvage Corps did not go out when the alarm was first sounded. Considerable damage was also done by smoke.

As soon as Mrs. Kenendy discovered the fire, she gave the alarm and the trucks from the No. 7 Engine House, which is nearby, reached the scene quickly. It was due to the proximity of the engine house and the rapid work of the men that the residence was saved, as the fire had gained a headway when it was first found.

Mrs. Kennedy hastily wrapped her mother in shawls and prepared to have her carried from the house whenever it became necessary. The old woman was taken into the sitting room, opening to the front hall, and placed in a chair. The excitement of the crowd, which gathered about the house and the rushing to and fro of the firemen, the dragging of the hose up the stairway and the general disturbance was almost too much for her. She was given constant attention, for fear that she would faint.

The first floor of the house was practically undamaged. Mr. Strauss was not at home and the extent of the damage to his apartments could not be known. Mrs. Hacker is the mother of Philip Hacker, the musician.

The cause of the fire is unknown. The damage to the house amounts to several hundred dollars.

WILL HURRY

Mr. Bryan To the Louisville Meeting

AFTER NEW ALBANY SPEECH.

THREE DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES TO HOLD CROWD.

BIG RECEPTION COMMITTEE.

Arrangements for the reception of William J. Bryan when he comes to Louisville to-morrow night to address the Democrats at Phoenix Hill were completed yesterday by the committee in charge.

A committee of six has been appointed to go to New Albany in an automobile and to return to Louisville with Mr. Bryan in the auto. It is expected that Mr. Bryan will have completed his speech in time to reach Louisville and begin his address here at 10 o'clock. The committee appointed to meet Mr. Bryan consists of Mayor Charles F. Grainger, W. B. Haldeman, H. S. McNutt, S. M. Hager, Herman D. Newcomb and F. J. Herrmann.

Prior to his appearance the crowd will be addressed by Judge Matt J. O'Doherty, Robert Worth Bingham and Swagar Sherley. The meeting will be presided over by J. T. O'Neal, who will make a short introductory speech.

The Bourbon Democratic Club, under whose auspices the meeting is to be held, is working hard for its success.

The following committee has been selected to receive Mr. Bryan after he has reached Louisville:

G. Wallace Embry, John Mansfield, Phil Thompson, J. M. Letterle, William Bohon, John Baron, E. T. Schmitt, W. W. Davies, Fred Hoerter, George McCran, Charles R. Long, William J. Semonin, Henry Belt, John W. Vreeland, Judge A. E. Richards, W. O. Harris, John Dodd, Walter Lincoln, Judge T. L. Burnett, Judge Samuel Averitt, Capt. William Abel, Paul C. Barth, Lloyd W. Gates, James P. Edwards, Laban Phelps, Harry M. Brennan, Capt. John H. Weller, Dr. J. W. Fowler, John T. Gathright, Edward Reiss, Dr. Charles Mohr, Arthur Wallace, Percy Haly, A. R. Rous, Henry Deible, Henry Zimmer, Judge Asher Caruth, J. J. Fitzgerald, Joseph Nevin, John Chadler, Mike Reichert, Lawrence Reichert, John Gruber, Hancock Taylor, Joseph Huffaker, Louis Seelbach, Gen. John B. Castleman, A. J. Carroll, Thomas Barker, Pen Beckley, Aaron Kohn, Robert L. Page, George Alexander, Judge Emmet Field, Judge Shackelford Miller, Judge Samuel B. Kirby, Judge Matt J. O'Doherty, Judge Joseph Pryor, Judge John McCann, Charles F. Taylor, Col. Bennett H. Young, William Gaulbert, Maj. D. W. Sanders, Arthur Rutledge, Dr. T. P. Satterwhite, Dr. M. K. Allen, Charles P. Weaver, June Gayle, John Otter, Charles F. Smith, W. M. Smith, Preston Rogers and James B. Smith.

This committee will have seats on the stage. The various Democratic clubs in the city will not attempt to march to Phoenix Hill on account of the distance many of them would have to walk, but they will attend in bodies, going on the street cars and forming after the park is reached. Every member of every club in the city is expected to be present. The Andrew Jackson Club will march in a body from its rooms at Humpich's Hall. The president has called for all members to meet there at 7:30 o'clock.

* * *

Governor Cannot Come.

An invitation was extended to Gov. J. C. W. Beckham to attend the meeting and occupy a seat on the stage with the local leaders, but the Governor telephoned last night that he will be unable to attend on account of being engaged at Danville, where he is to respond to a toast at the banquet to be given by the Central University alumni. The invitation to the Governor was sent by the Bourbon Democratic Club, which is conducting the Bryan meeting. The Governor regretted that he could not be present and will so reply to the invitation.

* * *

Jeffersontown Democrats To Attend.

The Democratic rally at Jeffersontown, which had been arranged for to-morrow night, has been postponed on account of the Bryan meeting at Phoenix Hill and the Democrats of that neighborhood will attend the big rally.

The Bourbon Democratic Club will meet to-night to make arrangements for attending the Bryan meeting in a body to-morrow night.

NEW DEMOCRATIC CLUB

Formed Last Night In the Tenth Ward.

The Tenth Ward Democratic Club was organized last night at a large meeting of the voters of that ward, held in the Falls City Hall. The national and local Democratic tickets were enthusiastically indorsed and the following officers elected: Edward S. Murphy, president; Thomas Dugan, first vice president; John J. Brown, second vice president; William Stoddard, secretary; John M. Kindregan, assistant secretary. The club will hold a big rally during the next few days, and the following committee was appointed to make the arrangements: J. J. Keane, S. C. Moore, Thomas Moran and William Ryan.

INTERPRETING

FREIGHT RATES IN SOUTHEASTERN TERRITORY.

Main Work of Association At All-Day Session Yesterday.

After an all-day session at the Galt House the executive officers of the Southeastern Mississippi Valley Freight Association adjourned without having taken any definite action. The meeting was called by Chairman M. P. Washburn, of Louisville, to discuss rates on grain through the Southeast and involved the interpretation of the existing rules and rates, rather than the formulation of new ones. There has for many months been a misunderstanding in the matter of rates in classes C, D and E, which constitute all kinds of grain. Various complications have arisen through the different interpretations put upon the rules governing these classes, and in order to arrive at a definite understanding yesterday's meeting was called.

Those who attended the meeting were T. C. Powell, traffic manager of the Southern railway; G. P. Bliss, general freight agent of the Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific; Horace F. Smith, traffic manager of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis; T. F. Steele, general freight agent of the New Orleans and Northeastern; C. B. Compton, traffic manager of the Louisville and Nashville; C. C. Cameron, general freight agent of the Illinois Central; L. Sevier, general freight agent of the Alabama Great Southern; F. B. Bowes, of the Illinois Central; R. V. Taylor, J. T. Poe and Hayden Miller, of the Mobile and Ohio; J. M. Culp, Lee McClung and Henry Spencer, of the Southern railroad; A. S. Dodge and E. K. Vories, of the 'Frisco, and W. J. Dickinson, of the Louisville and Nashville.

THE BIG STICK CIGAR.



ROOSEVELT—Try This Box, They'll Be Better.

—[Pittsburg Post.

ON $2,500 BOND

MRS. PERRINA S. OWEN RELEASED IN POLICE COURT.

Principal Witness For Prosecution Said To Have Reconsidered Her Statement.

Mrs. Perrina S. Owen, who was arrested Monday charged with the murder of her husband, William Owen, by poisoning him with carbolic acid mixed with whisky, was presented in Police Court yesterday morning on a motion for bail. None of the witnesses in the case was examined under oath, but they were questioned by Prosecutor Hagan, who, after consultation with Mrs. Joseph Stabb, one of the main witnesses for the prosecution, agreed that a bond of $2,500 was sufficient. The bond was prepared and signed by George W. Constance, of 417 West Main street, and G. Hooper, 1005 Letterle avenue. When Mrs. Owen was released she left the jail with several of her children and went directly to her home at 1621 Mellwood avenue.

A subpoena was served on Mrs. Joseph Stabb yesterday morning by the defense. Capt. Frank Hagan, counsel for Mrs. Owen, says that Mrs. Stabb will not testify that Mrs. Owen told her, "I have fixed the dose for my husband," but will corroborate Mrs. Owen. The latter said she mixed the acid with whisky to kill bedbugs, and hid the bottle behind the bed to prevent Mr. Owen from finding it.

Patrolman Thomas Merrifield said he heard that Mrs. Stabb had repudiated her original and voluntary statement regarding the case, and says he will introduce several witnesses in Police Court who will testify that Mrs. Stabb did say that Mrs. Owen told her that she had prepared the dose for her husband.

Prosecutor Robert Hagan stated yesterday after Mrs. Owen had been released on bond that he had not prepared the case completely, and that he believed, under the circumstances, that a bond of $2,500 was sufficient to secure the attendance of the accused woman in court, and for that reason he consented to the fixing of the bond at that figure. Capt. Frank Hagan, who is defending Mrs. Owen, says the evidence of which he has heard will not be sufficient to hold Mrs. Owen and says he is confident of an acquittal of his client in the preliminary hearing. The date for the examining trial has not been fixed.

CHARLES LEHMANN PASSES AWAY IN ST. LOUIS.

Prominent Odd Fellow and Was a Resident of Louisville For Sixty Years.

St. Louis, Oct. 18.—[Special.]—Funeral services were held to-day over the remains of Charles Lehmann, aged seventy-seven, formerly a prominent Louisville Odd Fellow, who died Sunday of paralysis. His son, Peter J. Lehmann, lies dangerously ill with typhoid fever in the house in which the elder Mr. Lehmann died and whence he was buried. The son's illness has become worse since the father's death. The deceased was born in Germany, and when five years old came with his parents to the United States, settling at Louisville, where he resided sixty years and whence he came to St. Louis in 1893.

Dr. Cleaver Gets $7,500 Verdict.

Lebanon, Ky., Oct. 18.—[Special.]—Dr. Thomas F. Cleaver was this afternoon given a verdict of $7,500 against the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company in the Circuit Court. Dr. Cleaver was injured last spring in attempting to drive across the railroad track in front of an incoming passenger train. The case will be appealed.

Family Is Poisoned.

Henderson, Ky., Oct. 18.—[Special.]—Four members of the family of W. F. Cunningham near Zion, this county, were poisoned from eating ice cream. They all recovered. It was thought it was from ptomaine poisoning.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

NEW DATES FOR DEMOCRATIC SPEAKERS.

Democratic speaking appointments were announced yesterday by the Democratic State Campaign Committee as follows:

* * *

Boyle County.

Perryville—Saturday, October 29, at 2:30 p. m., Robert J. Breckinridge and C. C. Fox.

Mitchellsburg—Saturday, October 29, at 7:30 p. m., Henry Jackson and E. V. Puryear.

Parksville—Saturday, October 29, at 2:30 p. m., C. C. Bagby and Homer Boughman.

Germantown—(At Catholic church) Saturday, October 29, at 7:30 p. m., William J. Rice and W. Reed Embry.

Sycamore—Saturday, October 29, at 2:30 p. m., E. V. Puryear and Henry Jackson.

Danville (At courthouse)—Saturday, November 5, at 7:30 p. m., Henry Jackson, William J. Price and E. V. Puryear.

Junction City—Saturday, October 29, at 2:30 p. m., William J. Price and W. Reed Embry.

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Breckenridge County.

Cloverport—Saturday night, October 22, Judge Matt O'Doherty.

* * *

Hopkins County.

Cox's Store—Saturday, October 22, at 2 o'clock, John B. Brasher and Everett Jennings.

Dalton—Tuesday evening, October 25, at 7 o'clock, John B. Brasher and Polk Lafoon, Sr.

Oak Wall—Thursday evening, October 27, at 7 o'clock, John B. Brasher and R. B. Bradley.

Browders—Saturday, October 29, at 7 p. m., John B. Brasher and Walter Gatliff.

* * *

Marion County.

Chicago—Saturday afternoon, October 29, at 1:30 o'clock, S. A. Russell, W. W. Spalding and R. D. Thornbury.

New Market—Saturday afternoon, October 29, at 1:30 o'clock, Lev Russell, John McChord and Herbert Walter.

Raywick—Saturday afternoon, October 29, at 1:30 o'clock, H. S. McElroy and C. C. Boldrick.

Bradfordsville—Saturday afternoon, October 29, at 1:30 o'clock, J. P. Thompson, Ben Spalding and B. J. Lancaster.

St. Mary's—Saturday afternoon, October 29, at 1:30 o'clock, C. S. Hill and P. K. McElroy.

Riley—Saturday afternoon, October 29, at 1:30 o'clock, H. W. Rives and John Barr.

Gravel Switch—Saturday afternoon, November 5, at 1:30 o'clock, J. P. Thompson, Lev. Russell and W. W. Spaulding.

Holy Cross—Saturday afternoon, November 5, at 1:30 o'clock, C. C. Boldrick, P. K. McElroy and Lev. Russell.

Rush Branch—Saturday afternoon, November 5, at 1:30 o'clock, Ben Spaulding and John Barr.

Loretto—Saturday afternoon, November 5, at 1:30 o'clock, H. W. Rives and H. S. McElroy.

Calvary—Saturday afternoon, November 5, at 1:30 o'clock, C. S. Hill, R. D. Thornbury and Herbert Walter.

Lebanon (At the courthouse)—Saturday evening, November 5, J. P. Thompson, H. W. Rives, H. S. McElroy, C. C. Boldrick and Lev. Russell.

Lebanon (At the courthouse)—Monday, November 7, Congressman D. H. Smith.

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Hickman County.

Spring Hill—Friday, October 21, 7:30 p. m.

Beelerton—Friday, October 21, 7 p. m.

* * *

Russell County.

Cave Springs—Wednesday, October 26, at 7 p. m., O. B. Bertram and J. N. Meadows.

Jabez—Thursday, October 27, at 7 p. m., O. B. Bertram and J. N. Meadows.

Irvin's Store—Friday, October 28, at 7 p. m., W. S. Hart and J. N. Meadows.

Webb's Cross Roads—Saturday, October 29, at 2 p. m., O. B. Bertram and W. S. Hart.

Russell Springs—Saturday, October 29, at 7 p. m., O. B. Bertram and W. S. Hart.

Stokes'—Tuesday, November 1, at 7 p. m., J. N. Meadows and W. S. Hart.

Denmark—Wednesday, November 2, at 7 p. m., J. N. Meadows and W. S. Hart.

Creelsboro—Thursday, November 3, at 2 p. m., J. N. Meadows and W. S. Hart.

Kendall—Friday, November 4, at 7 p. m., J. N. Meadows and W. S. Hart.

Freedom—Saturday, November 5, at 7 p. m., W. S. Hart and O. B. Bertram.

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Calloway County.

Calhoon's Schoolhouse—Friday night, October 21, Zeb. A. Stewart.

* * *

Elliott County.

Sandy Hook—Monday, October 24, at 1 p. m., F. A. Hopkins.

Johnson County.

Red Bush—Tuesday, October 25, at 1 p. m., F. A. Hopkins.

Flat Gap—Tuesday night, October 25, F. A. Hopkins.

* * *

Muhlenberg County.

Greenville—Wednesday afternoon, October 19, Nat A. Porter.

Central City—Wednesday night, October 19, Nat A. Porter.

South Carrollton—Thursday afternoon, October 20, Nat A. Porter.

Luzine—Thursday night, October 20, Nat A. Porter.

* * *

Butler County.

Morgantown—Saturday afternoon, October 22, Nat A. Porter and T. W. Thomas.

* * *

Todd County.

Trenton—Monday afternoon, October 24, Nat A. Porter.

Elkton—Monday night, October 24, Nat A. Porter.

Allensville—Tuesday afternoon, October 25, Nat A. Porter.

* * *

Logan County.

Lewisburg—Wednesday afternoon, October 26, Nat A. Porter and South Trimble.

Auburn—Thursday afternoon, October 27, Nat A. Porter and South Trimble.

Adairville—Friday afternoon, October 28, Nat A. Porter and South Trimble.

Olmstead—Saturday afternoon, October 29, Nat A. Porter and South Trimble.

* * *

Allen County.

Settle—Thursday afternoon, November 3, Nat A. Porter.

Chapel Hill—Friday afternoon, November 4, Nat A. Porter.

Scottsville—Saturday, November 5, Nat A. Porter and James H. Fuqua.

* * *

Barren County.

Glasgow—Monday night, October 31, Nat A. Porter.

Rocky Hill—Tuesday afternoon, November 1, Nat A. Porter.

Cole's Bend—Tuesday night, November 1, Nat A. Porter.

Cave City—Wednesday afternoon, November 2, Nat A. Porter.

Goodnight—Thursday night, November 3, Nat A. Porter.

SECOND REHEARSAL FOR AMATEUR PERFORMANCE.

"Daughter of the Regiment's" Presentation Already Drawing Interest.

The second rehearsal of "The Daughter of the Regiment" was held at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon at Mrs. J. Morgan Bruce's studio. Mrs. Bruce, who will have charge of the production, has selected an excellent cast, which embraces the best local talent. Several members of the cast are familiar to Louisville audiences, including Henry Guthrie, Frank Root and David McKelvey, all of whom have done clever work in several amateur productions.

The costuming and stage setting will be an attractive feature of the performance. The chorus will be composed of about 150 young girls and boys in peasant costume. Great enthusiasm is being taken in the production, which gives promise of being one of the cleverest and most entertaining ever given by local talent. The rehearsals will be held at Macauley's when the theatre is not otherwise engaged. The performance will be given November 10, at Macauley's for the benefit of the Confederate Home. Mrs. Belle Dick will have charge of the general arrangements.

FRENCHMAN COMMITS SUICIDE IN ST. LOUIS.

St. Louis, Oct. 18.—[Special.]—Louis Le Pere, apparently a Frenchman, of Vicksburg Miss., was found dead in his bed at the Columbia Hotel, Ninth and Chestnut streets, by the landlord at noon to-day. A half empty bottle of carbolic acid was at his side.

He had a return trip ticket to Vicksburg and two baggage checks in his clothing, but no money. The body was sent to the morgue. He was about fifty years old and a letter in French in his pocket indicates that he was married.

COUNT

FAVORS THROUGH LINE

Figures On the Walnut-Street Car Service.

THREE DAYS' TALLY KEPT

Of 20,026 Passengers, Only 3,189 Proceeded North On Fourth Avenue.

COMPANY'S DEDUCTIONS.

An adjourned meeting of the committee representing the citizens of Parkland and the Executive Committee of the Louisville Railway Company met Monday, October 17, about noon to further consider the request of the Parkland people to restore the Walnut-street lines in Fourth avenue to Main street. The two committees met about ten days ago, and it was then agreed to make a count of the number of passengers on the Walnut-street cars, both east and west, at Fourth and Walnut. The count was carefully made on October 11, 12 and 13 for the purpose of showing the total number of passengers arriving at that point—the number out, the number remaining on cars and the number of people going north on Fourth street after leaving the cars. This count resulted as follows:

20,026 passengers on cars reaching Fourth and Walnut.

7,700 passengers out at Fourth and Walnut.

3,189 passengers going north on Fourth street after leaving cars.

12,326 passengers remaining on the cars going straight through.

It will be seen from these figures that out of 20,026 persons on the cars at Fourth and Walnut considerably over one-half remained on the cars and went through, while only about one-seventh of 20,026 left the cars and went north on Fourth street. Considering these facts, the Executive Committee did not feel justified in inconveniencing the larger number of the Railway Company's patrons, which would result if the Walnut-street lines were restored in Fourth avenue, and so informed the Parkland committee. This, taken in connection with the congested condition of Fourth street when the Walnut-street cars were operated through to Main street, satisfied the Executive Committee that a vastly larger number of people are more comfortably and better served by running the cars straight through on Walnut street.

The patrons most interested in the question are those traveling through on Walnut street between the eastern and western portions of the city and those desiring to go north on Fourth street to Jefferson, Market and Main.

If the loop lines were restored, it is urged, it would require a large number of through passengers to leave the direct route, and transfer from one line to the other, instead of going directly to their destination, while the smaller number of passengers going north on Fourth street would be saved a short walk.

It is pointed out that passengers on the West Walnut line can reach Fourth and Main and Fourth and Market by several lines, by transferring at Eighteenth and Walnut or Seventh and Walnut, and passengers on the East Walnut line can reach the same points by transferring at Hamilton avenue, Shelby street, Preston street or Second street.

The point is also made by the company that Fourth avenue is a retail shopping street, filled with carriages throughout the day, and the operation of nearly four hundred additional cars on that street during the day results in serious and growing congestion, which causes serious stoppages and loss of time to the passengers, not only to the through travel on Walnut street, but also to the heavy passenger travel on the Fourth street cars.

As a conclusion it is stated that the facts shown plainly indicate that in trying to accommodate the smaller, the change would inconvenience the greater number of passengers.

Mr. T. J. Minary, president of the company, was asked if the proposed morning and evening service of running alternate cars on Fourth avenue would be carried out, in view of the facts disclosed by the count, as above presented, and he replied:

"That offer was made as a concession to those of our patrons who objected to the change in the operation of the Walnut-street line, but they did not take kindly to the proposed service, and naturally we don't care about giving them something they don't want, particularly when it is at the inconvenience of a larger number of our patrons. However, this is a matter which is not fully determined."

TENNESSEE WOMAN IS ROBBED IN ST. LOUIS.

St. Louis, Oct. 18.—[Special.]—Sneak thieves made a rich haul at the rooming house, 105 South Fifteenth street, yesterday. Mrs. Dora Bush, of Lebanon, Tenn., was the victim, and she has asek the police to recover a certified check for $1,500, some articles in the shape of wearing apparel and trinkets and a neat sum of money.

Mrs. Bush is here for the fair, and has been stopping at the address stated. She has a boy relative with her named William Stokes, and the thief, not content with robbing Mrs. Bush, stole $13 in silver from the boy's trousers. It is not known how entrance was effected. The door was locked when Mrs. Bush retired and it was still locked when she woke up and discovered her loss.

METHODIST CONFERENCE TO MEET AT GALLATIN.

Gallatin, Tenn., Oct. 18.—[Special.]—The Tennessee annual conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, will meet in ninety-first annual session in the Methodist church in this city to-morrow. Bishop W. W. Duncan will preside. Many of the preachers have already arrived, and been assigned to homes. Rev. Lewis R. Armis, who has for nine years been secretary of the conference, will almost surely be re-elected to this position. Gallatin people have made extensive preparations for the care of those attending the conference.

Alaska Day At the Fair.

St. Louis, Oct. 18.—In commemoration of the thirty-seventh anniversary of the transfer of the territory of Alaska to the United States, Alaska day at the World's Fair was observed to-day. One of the features of the ceremonies was the unveiling in the Alaska pavilion of a bust of William Henry Seward, Secretary of State when the purchase was made.

HOME WEDDING.

Miss Elizabeth Peter Escott and Mr. Humphrey Hardison, of Nashville, Married Last Night.

An impressive home wedding, simple and beautiful in all its appointments, was solemnized last night at 8:30 o'clock, when Miss Elizabeth Peter Escott and Mr. Humphrey Hardison, of Nashville, were married before a large gathering of friends and relatives.

The ceremony took place in the drawing-room of the home of Mr. and Mrs. Walter N. Escott, the bride's parents, and was performed in front of the tall mantel and mirror, which were beautifully draped in green and white, the wedding colors.

The mirror was twined with asparagus plumosa and Southern smilax, while the mantel was banked with lovely white chrysanthemums and ferns, and below the hearth was filled with growing plants flanked by handsome Kentia palms.

The whole house was a bower of green and white intensified by the white tarpaulin on the floors. All the curtains were draped in smilax; the chandeliers were wreathed in airy plumosa, and at the doorways were curtains of smilax draped above the heads of the guests. All the rooms were similarly decorated with white chrysanthemums banked on the mantels and foliage used effectively to set off the flowers. In the hallway the banisters were draped in green and tall palms screened Wehrley's orchestra, which played the wedding music.

* * *

Enter From Hall.

The bridal party entered the drawing-room, from the long hall, having come in through the rear door, to the bridal chorus from "Lohengrin." The six ribbon girls, who are members of Miss Escott's Sunday-school class at the Second Presbyterian church, came first carrying the white ribbons with which they formed an aisle through which the rest of the party passed.

Miss Margaret Curd and Miss Lucy Kahn were first, then Miss Elizabeth Bruce and Miss Elizabeth Stites, and finally Misses Josephine Barclay and Catherine McDonald. The first two girls took their stand near the mantelpiece, where the ceremony was to take place; the second were stationed at the folding-doors, and the third couple stood just without, in the hall, until after the bridal party had passed through the ribbons, when they, too, entered the drawing-room.

The Rev. Dr. Neander M. Woods, who performed the ceremony, came through the aisle first, followed by the groom and his best man, Mr. William Thomas Hardison, Jr. Miss Escott then came with her father, Mr. Walter N. Escott. During the ceremony Wehrley played "The Evening Star" from "Tannhauser."

The six ribbon girls were dressed alike in dainty gowns of white Paris muslin trimmed with lace, with white ribbon sashes, and carried arm bouquets of white chrysanthemums.

Miss Escott wore a beautiful gown of white brocaded satin made empire style and carried a small white Bible edged in gilt with her monogram in gold letters.

The skirt of the gown had a panel of rose point lace down the front, caught with orange blossoms, and the bodice was trimmed with a berthe of duchess lace caught with the same flowers. Her tulle veil was held in place by a half wreath of orange blossoms.

Mrs. Escott, the bride's mother, was gowned in white lace over white taffeta.

Mrs. Hardison, the groom's mother, wore black crepe de chine and real lace.

Mrs. M. A. Montgomery, of Oxford, Miss., the groom's sister, was gowned in white lace.

Mrs. Elizabeth G. Peter, Miss Escott's aunt, wore black Spanish lace trimmed in rose point.

Mrs. J. W. Hopkins, the bride's grandmother, wore black silk and duchess lace, and Miss Mary Neal, of Nashville, wore a gown of white lace.

The ceremony was followed by a handsome reception, and the bridal party was served in the dining-room, where the decorations were in bride's roses and lilies of the valley.

The bride's table, which was round, was beautifully arranged with a large round mat of roses and lilies of the valley edged with ferns and plumosa as the centerpiece, and the cloth was draped in tulle.

* * *

White Candles and Shades.

The centerpiece was encircled by individual silver candlesticks filled with white candles, which bore dainty white shades trimmed with white roses. At each place was a white artificial rose filled with rice, besides the place cards, which were done in water colors and represented brides holding dainty French bouquets.

The bride's cake was ornamented with a bride and groom on the top, and was passed to the guests to be cut for the thimble, ring, dime and needle.

The ices at the bride's table were served in souvenir boxes in the shape of wedding bells trimmed with orange blossoms, and the cakes were iced in white roses. All the other ices for the guests were in various designs appropriate to a wedding.

There were twenty seated at the bride's table, and the party included the bride and groom, Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Montgomery, of Oxford, Miss.; Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Fairleigh, Mr. and Mrs. William H. Mourning, Misses Marion Richardson, Mary Tyler, Mildred Buchanan, Virginia Mathews, Addie Meriwether, Mary Neal, of Nashville, and Messrs. Will Thum, John Miller, Neville Bullitt, Burrell Pursley, Edward Farmer and William Thomas Hardison, Jr.

Miss Escott's gifts to the six ribbon girls were small silk gauze fans spangled in silver.

Mr. and Mrs. Hardison left last night on their wedding trip, and will be at home after November 15 at 2236 West End avenue, Nashville, Tenn.

The out-of-town guests who attended the wedding included the following:

Mr. and Mrs. D. Rhea, Mr. and Mrs. T. Rhea, Miss Anne Rhea, Mr. W. T. Hardison, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Daniel A. Lindsey, Mr. Robert Dyas, Mr. Henry McClure, Miss Mary Neal, all of Nashville, and Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Montgomery, of Oxford, Miss.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Many ladies are martyrs to suffering. Their best help is PARKER'S GINGER TONIC.

Parker's Hair Balsam is life to the hair.

DEATHS.

BOHAN—October 18, 2 p. m., Mrs. Patrick Bohan, Sr., in her 74th year.

Funeral from late residence, 522 Lampton street, Thursday morning 8:30 and 9 o'clock at St. Mary Magdalene's church, Brook and College streets.

LOCHNER—Entered into rest, Mary Eva Lochner, October 17, at 7 a. m., aged 74 years 8 months and 15 days.

Funeral from late residence, 921 Mary street, Wednesday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock and at St. Matthew's Evangelical church at 2 o'clock. Interment in Cave Hill cemetery. Friends of family invited to attend.

WALKER—October 18, at 5:25 p. m., Mrs. Katie Walker (nee Lawler), aged 34, wife of Jap W. Walker, at her late residence, 2412 Bainbridge.

Funeral Thursday morning at 8:30 from the residence and at 9 o'clock from St. Charles Borromeo church. Interment in St. Louis cemetery.

Cincinnati, O., Pittsburg, Pa., papers please copy.

MEETINGS.

Abraham Lodge, No. 8, F. and A. M., will meet in stated communication in their hall, Masonic Temple, on Wednesday, October 19, at 7:30 p. m. Work in the M. M. degree. Members of sister lodges cordially invited. By order of

CHAS. A. SOMMERVILLE, W. M.
JAS. B. HEBDEN, Secretary.

Preston Lodge, No. 281, F. and A. M., will meet in stated communication in their hall, Main street, above Shelby, this (Wednesday) evening at 7:30 o'clock. Work in M. M. degree. Members of sister lodges and representatives to Grand Lodge are fraternally invited to attend.

W. B. TRUMBO, Jr., W. M.
J. MEFFERT, Secretary.

UNDERTAKERS.

SCHOPPENHORST BROS.
Funeral Directors & Embalmers
1820 West Market
Telephone 1841. Chapel for use of patrons.

Woman's Nature

Is to love children, and no home can be completely happy without them, yet the ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass usually is so full of suffering, danger and fear that she looks forward to the critical hour with apprehension and dread. Mother's Friend, by its penetrating and soothing properties, allays nausea, nervousness, and all unpleasant feelings, and so prepares the system for the ordeal that she passes through the event safely and with but little suffering, as numbers have testified and said, "it is worth its weight in gold." $1.00 per bottle of druggists. Book containing valuable information mailed free.

Mother's Friend

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

"For Goodness' Sake"
the price of a loaf of
Mother's Bread
is still but 5 cents, although the price of flour has advanced.
SAVE THE LABELS AND GET A BEAUTIFUL DOLL FOR 100 LABELS.

On the Trail
of the best
Printing Office
in the city?



Out looking for your money's worth? Then come to us. There is a style about our work which others can't furnish to you, because they don't know how. We don't charge any more.

3 STORES
416 to 426 W. Main St. Fetter

JELLICO COAL
The Coal that catches quickly, makes a hot fire, leaves few ashes and is JENUINE.



JENUINE JELLICO LUMP.
We mine it and give it to you direct. Quick delivery to any part of city.
25 Bus. for $3.00. 100 Bus. for $12.00.
Both Phones 289. 10th and Broadway. R. A. Watson, Mgr.

EDUCATIONAL.

A STANDARD OIL MAGNATE RECENTLY SAID
"There never before were such opportunities for men and women."
There are plenty of opportunities. The trouble is that you are not fitted to grasp them. During one period of two months last year we could have enabled sixty-three more students to secure positions if we had had them. We fit you—better than any other Louisville school. Get the proof.
Spencerian
BUSINESS COLLEGE
ENOS SPENCER, President
EXPERT ACCOUNTING DEPARTMENT
Thos. E. Turner, Chas. G. Harris, Mgrs.
Union National Bank Bldg.
Sixth and Main Streets
LOUISVILLE, KY.

STATEMENT OF
THE STAR FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Louisville, Ky. June 30. 1904.

ASSETS.		LIABILITIES.	
Cash in banks	$60,134 48	Capital stock	$200,000 00
Cash in office	206 59	Accounts payable	2,090 39
Bonds, City of Louisville and U. S.	200,568 75	Reinsurance reserve	43,989 13
Accounts receivable	1,194 90	Outstanding losses (estimated)	16,376 23
Due from Agents (May and June)	47,504 08		$262,455 77
		Surplus	47,203 03
	$309,658 80		$309,658 80

Total receipts for first six months $120,731.63
Total disbursements for first six months $68,960.84
FLORIAN COX, President. A. G. LANGHAM, V. President. EDW. J. WATKINS, Secretary.

MONUMENTS.



An Excellent Monument
direct from our great manufacturing plant HERE can be bought NOW for a REASONABLE price.
Buyers should see our large and varied stock; ready for prompt delivery.
Salesrooms 317 W. Jefferson st. Plant and Main Office, Thirteenth and Fourteenth—Maple st.
PETER-BURGHARD STONE CO.
Estimates given on building cut stone.

JOSEPH H. PETER & CO.
(Incorporated.)
MONUMENTS
at manufacturers' prices.
923 E. Broadway.

ATLANTIC CITY.
CHALFONTE.
THE LEEDS COMPANY.

FOR A PRACTICAL WEDDING GIFT
visit our Modern
HOUSEFURNISHING DEPARTMENT
In the basement. French Steam Coffee Pots, Beaten Biscuit Machines, Chafing Dishes, Japanese Gongs and lots other useful novelties for kitchen and pantry.
J. Dolfinger & Co.
684 4th AVE.
NEAR WALNUT.



WASH BLUE
Costs 10 cents and equals 20 cents worth of any other kind of bluing.
Won't Spill or Break
Can't Spot Clothes
DIRECTIONS FOR USE:
Wiggle-Stick
around in the water.
At all wise Grocers.

RECORDS

May Be Broken By Bryan Meeting.

DEMOCRATS IN NEW ALBANY

EXPECT VISITORS TO COME FROM MANY COUNTIES.

THEORY AS TO HAYES' DEATH.

The Bryan meeting to be held in New Albany to-morrow night promises to be the biggest political demonstration ever held in that city. It will be attended not only by citizens of New Albany and Jeffersonville, but arrangements have been made by the people living in the towns on the Monon, the P., C., C. and St. L., and the B. and O. to attend, and it is expected that the southbound trains will be thronged with people picked up at the various stations.

John Clare, an enthusiastic Democrat, member of the New Albany Common Council from the Third ward and one of the oldest and most skillful railway men of Southern Indiana, will act as engineer of the engine drawing the special train in which Mr. Bryan and his party will travel. In honor of the event, Mr. Clare has arranged to have his engine profusely decorated with flags and bunting and he promises to carry the distinguished visitor to each of his speaking appointments along the line on time. Mr. Clare will be met at Huntingburg by Frank Fougerousse, Councilman from the Second ward and president of the New Albany Council, and R. Lee Grosheider, Councilman from the Third ward. They will ride from Huntingburg to New Albany on the engine.

On account of a resolution recently adopted by the New Albany Common Council, there will be no booming of cannons to greet Mr. Bryan when his train rolls into the station at West First and Water streets, but he will be met by hundreds of enthusiastic Democrats. He will be entertained at dinner, together with the reception committee and other prominent Democrats, by George Moser, at his home, 711 East Elm street, and he will begin speaking from the stand erected on the vacant market space between Pearl and State streets not later than 7:30 o'clock and possibly a few minutes earlier. Should the weather be unfavorable, the meeting will be held in the Operahouse, which has been secured for the occasion.

ODORS FROM SEWER

Occupy Thought of Jeffersonville Council.

Only eight members of the Common Council were present when the roll was called last night promptly at 7:30 p. m., but others came in later. A petition was read from the Civic Improvement Club, requesting that dead trees should be removed from streets and public places, and the citizens were requested to do the same as regards their property. The matter was referred to the appropriate committees.

A communication was also submitted to the Council calling attention to the sewer odors on Spring street. The communication was from the Board of Health, represented by Dr. W. H. Sheets, secretary of the board. The communication assigned the cause to the defective construction of the sewer and the lack of traps in it. The matter was referred to the Mayor and City Attorney with power to act.

An invitation was received for the Common Council and city officers to attend the thirteenth annual meeting of the Municipal League of Indiana, which is to be held at South Bend from November 15 to 18. A motion was carried by eight to three in favor of those attending who could, their expenses to be paid by the city.

The Clerk's and Treasurer's reports for the month of September, 1904, were received, showing a balance in the general fund of $581.68.

Three-fourths of the bills presented had not been signed and a motion was made to refer all unapproved bills back to committee. The motion was lost, as it was pointed out that the blame did not rest with those presenting the bills. The Mayor suggested that members of committees should take opportunity to examine and sign bills before the meeting of the Council. Among other bills presented was one presented by Robert Short on account of police and jail, "for hauling drunks to jail, 50 cents." A bill was submitted by the Jeffersonville Water Supply Company for one quarter's water, $1,675. It was referred to the committee on waterworks along with ten of its quarterly predecessors.

Death Had Already Come.

New Albany railroad men claim that James Hayes, the Monon brakeman who was struck by a passenger train at Campbellsburg, Ind., forty-five miles north of that city, Monday afternoon and badly mangled, was dead before the train struck him. They say that he was subject to heart disease and that a sudden seizure caused his death. He had been sent ahead of the local freight on which he was employed as brakeman to flag the accommodation train and was sitting on the track when observed by the engineer of the accommodation, who was unable to stop the train before it struck him. He was thirty-two years old and he leaves a wife. His body was taken to his home at Saltillo, Ind., for burial. His brother, H. C. Hayes, 411 East Elm street, New Albany, is a conductor on the Monon.

NEW ALBANY.

—The Entre Nous Club, a popular social organization, met last evening with Miss Edna Hannan, 1628 East Spring street.

—Mayor William V. Grose continues ill of rheumatism at his home on West Tenth street, near Floyd, and his official duties are being looked after by Frank Fougerousse, Councilman from the Second ward and President of the Common Council.

—The body of Mrs. Susan Crook Brookbanks will arrive here this morning over the B. and O. S. W. railway, and will be taken to the home of her aunt, Miss Sue Jackson, 407 East Market street. Mrs. Brookbanks died at Waldron, Pa., last Monday.

—Patrick Cummings, a well-known citizen, died last evening at the home of his son, Thomas Cummings, 72 Vincennes street, of a complication of diseases, after a long illness. He was seventy-one years old, and he leaves five children—two daughters and three sons.

—Mrs. Missouri E. Stapp, a native of this city, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Lanham, died at her home in St. Louis Monday, aged fifty-five years. The body will arrive here to-morrow morning, and will be taken to Fairview cemetery, where services will be held in the mortuary chapel.

—A meeting of the Veteran Volunteer Firemen's Association will be held next Monday night at the headquarters on West Market street, between First and Second. Several questions of importance are to be considered and the president, Thomas E. Spence, asks that there be a full attendance.

—J. M. Robertshaw, alias J. W. Shaw, has received his discharge in bankruptcy in the United States Court at Indianapolis. Robertshaw was engaged in business in Corydon and filed his petition of voluntary bankruptcy several months ago before George B. Cardwill, of this city, Deputy Clerk of the United States Court.

—The monthly meeting of the Women's Missionary Society of the First Presbyterian church will be held to-morrow afternoon at the home of Mrs. W. A. Loughmiller, 801 East Elm street. Friday afternoon the Woman's Missionary Society of the Third Presbyterian church will hold the October meeting at the home of Mrs. Charles Schan, 1817 Ekin avenue.

—Mrs. Anna Monahan, widow of Thomas Monahan and an old resident of the city, died yesterday of paralysis at her home, 733 Shelby street. Her aged husband died less than two months ago from the same malady. Mrs. Monahan was sixty-eight years old, and she leaves six children—four sons and two daughters. Her funeral will take place to-morrow morning from Holy Trinity Catholic church, of which she was a devout member.

—Yesterday morning the cottage owned and occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Louis Seuerdrey, 1128 Washington street, North Side, was burned, the blaze having been communicated from a defective flue. An alarm from box 35 was promptly answered by the Fire Department, but the flames had such a start that the highly inflammable building was speedily consumed. Only a small portion of the furniture was saved. The loss was about $400, on which the aged pair held only partial insurance.

—County and township tickets have been nominated by the Socialists of New Albany and Floyd county as follows: Dr. William Moore, Representative; Frank Goodman, Joint Representative; J. A. Schrieber, Treasurer; Edmond A. Stoeckdale, Sheriff; John Knipe, Coroner; Henry Koehler and J. P. Loesch, Commissioners; James Horton, Assessor; Robert W. Lewis, Trustee New Albany township; Emil von Alkman, Trustee, and Jesse Rhineberger, Assessor Lafayette township.

—Miss Loula Parker and R. Edward King were married yesterday morning at 9 o'clock at the parsonage of Trinity Methodist church by the pastor, the Rev. Dr. J. W. Duncan. They left immediately after the ceremony for St. Louis, where they will spend a week at the fair. The bride is a daughter of Charles Parker, of Rock Island, Ill., a former resident of this city, and she has made her home nearly all her life with her grandfather, J. R. Packer, 1716 Ekin avenue. The groom is the credit man for Peaslee-Gaulbert Co., Louisville. Mr. and Mrs. King will be at home after November 1 at 1123 East Elm street.

YOUNG LOUISVILLE SOLDIER AND HIS BRIDE.



MISS KATHERINE H. SELFRIDGE, of San Francisco.

LIEUT. FREDERICK G. KELLOND, Nineteenth United States Infantry, formerly of Louisville.

A marriage interesting to Louisville, which took place yesterday in San Francisco, was that of Miss Katherine H. Selfridge and Mr. Frederick George Kellond, first lieutenant and battalion adjutant of the Nineteenth Infantry, U. S. A., a former Louisville man.

The ceremony was performed at 9 o'clock last night at the home of the bride's father, Mr. E. A. Selfridge, of San Francisco, and the couple left immediately on their wedding trip. They will be at home after December 1, at Vancouver barracks, Washington, where Mr. Kellond is now stationed.

Miss Selfridge, who is a beautiful girl, is the daughter of Mr. Edward A. Selfridge and a granddaughter of the late Admiral Thomas O. Selfridge, U. S. N.

Mr. Kellond is the son of Mr. William Alfred Kellond, of St. Louis, formerly of Louisville, where he was district freight agent of the Illinois Central railroad.

Mr. Kellond began his military career in 1898 as a private and then corporal in Company C., of the Louisville Legion. He was next a corporal in the First Kentucky Volunteers which saw service at Porto Rico and the following year he was second lieutenant in the Forty-fifth Infantry, U. S. V., with service in the Philippines.

In 1901 he joined the regulars as second lieutenant in the Nineteenth Infantry stationed in the Philippines; in 1903 he became first lieutenant and in 1904 battalion adjutant of the same regiment.

JEFFERSONVILLE.

—The Falls Cities Association of Women's Relief Corps will have its next meeting Tuesday with Corps No. 12 of this city.

—Dr. E. L. Dolph officiated at the wedding of James A. Collett, Jr., and Miss Laura Howard, the ceremony taking place at the parsonage.

—Miss Laura Prather, daughter of Mrs. Margaret Prather, of Watson, and Mr. Clyde Monson will be married at the home of the bride to-night.

—Miss Emory C. Broy, of this city, will sing for the Louisville Elks at their social session next Monday night. Miss Broy has a fine contralto voice.

—Charles Schnell, the nine-year-old son of Constable Charles Schnell, had his left hand badly cut by a hatchet yesterday, and was attended by Dr. E. N. Flynn.

—Little Frank Keiser, two-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Keiser, had to have one finger amputated as the result of getting his finger in the way while his sister was cutting wood.

—The forthcoming wedding is announced of Miss Lillian Foos, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Foos, and Charles Varble, both well-known young people of this city.

—A horse and buggy, belonging to Messrs. Coots & Sons, the undertakers, caused some excitement yesterday by taking an independent trip all over the city. The career finally ended in the neighborhood of the shipyards.

—Judge Marsh yesterday heard and took under advisement the application of the defendants for a new trial in the action of B. A. Coll vs. the P., C., C. and St. L. railway, in which a jury recently awarded the plaintiff $2,000.

—Sheriff Pernett has received a summons to serve upon George W. Farris and Rose Farris, of this city, to answer a suit in the Scott Circuit Court on October 21, brought by August and Alice Duerpe to quiet title to real estate.

—Emma Irene Northam was yesterday granted a divorce from Frank P. Northam with $200 alimony, the defendant defaulting when the case was called. Cruel treatment is alleged as the cause. The parties are very well-known people.

—The defendant having defaulted, divorce was granted yesterday morning to Jessie Collins from George S. Collins, custody of the child and $200 alimony being also granted. Suit was filed one month ago, the parties having been married four years.

—Three cases sent back by the Supreme and Appellate Courts for rehearing or for reversal were yesterday ordered placed again upon the docket. They were McCallin Green vs. the American Car and Foundry Company, damages; George W. Tackett vs. the C., I. and L., for damages, and Samuel P. Adams vs. David Watson, injunction.

—It has now been definitely decided that John W. Kern, the Democratic candidate for Governor of Indiana, shall speak in this city on Wednesday, October 26. The first arrangement was that he should speak at Charlestown, but the day being altered from Saturday to Wednesday the place also was changed.

—Delegates were selected at township conventions all over the county yesterday to the Democratic convention to be held in this city to-morrow to nominate a candidate for Sheriff of Clark county. Sheriff Pernett will receive the renomination without opposition, the convention being only held for the purpose of regularity.

—The Presbyterian Cadets, the new boys' organization formed by Dr. J. S. Howk, of the First Presbyterian church, completed their organization Monday night, and will hereafter meet alternate Monday nights for drill. The officers are Roy Graham, Captain; Chester Allen, First Lieutenant; Stauss Spieth, Second Lieutenant; Hugh Marble, First Sergeant.

—The Jeffersonville Water Supply Company is preparing to install a half-million gallon pump experimentally to see if the land on which they hold options bears enough water to supply the city. In case the supply should prove adequate for the city's needs a plant will probably be installed to take the place of the present river supply.

—William Prinz and wife, living at 1405 Spring street, are much worked up over the disappearance of their twelve-year-old son Tom, who left to go to school and has not been seen since. The only explanation that offers is that he has taken a ride out on a wagon to near Underwood, twenty-five miles up the country, where he lived until two years ago. The father has gone out to investigat

SURRENDER.

Vest and Murphy Give Bond of $1,000 Each.

INDICTED BY FEDERAL JURY.

FRANKING OF LITERATURE TO BE INVESTIGATED.

JUDGE EVANS' STATEMENT.

William West and James Murphy, the Democratic election officers indicted by the Federal grand jury on the charge of conspiring to hinder and prevent registration, went to the United States Marshal's office yesterday afternoon and surrendered themselves. Bond had already been fixed at $1,000 in each case by Judge Walter Evans. Dr. M. K. Allen became their surety and they were immediately released. The trial was set for the spring term of court.

The men indicted were election officers at the Twenty-ninth precinct of the Tenth ward, and it is charged in the indictment that they repeatedly absented themselves from the polls and remained away for such long periods that many negroes were prevented from registering, it being required that all the election officers sign the certificate showing that the voter registered. The men are indicted on two counts, identical in wording, one charging that the offense was committed on October 4 and the other charging that it was committed on October 5. Among the witnesses whose names are attached to the indictment by the District Attorney are Lewis C. Humphrey, Clayton Blakey, W. J. Semonin and P. M. McDonald.

FRANKING CAMPAIGN

Literature Brought To the Attention of Judge Evans.

The manner in which the Republicans have been violating the law by sending franked matter through the mails for campaign purposes has been brought to the attention of Judge Walter Evans, who announced in court yesterday that the matter had been referred to the District Attorney. Judge Evans said that the grand jury had already been discharged and that the matter could not be laid before it.

The Democrats are disappointed after learning that the Federal officials have taken up the cases to know that nothing can be done for several months. The mails have been overloaded with illegally franked matter, and the Populist literature, which is not even in the Congressional Record, has been sent out under the frank of H. C. Boutell, a Republican Congressman.

Judge Evans made the following statement from the bench yesterday in reference to the matter:

After the jury on yesterday concluded its labors there was delivered at my office in the afternoon by the carrier a communication of the same date, and which had been deposited in the mail at 11:30 a. m., calling attention to certain alleged violations of the United States postal laws. The violation alleged was that certain documents had been sent through the mails under various franks which were supposed to have been lithographed instead of being otherwise put upon the matter thus sent or thus prepared to be sent. Whether what was done was or was not a violation of the law I will not undertake to say without a hearing and investigation, but the letter referred to was anonymous, being signed in typewriting (the body of the letter being also typewritten), "An American Citizen." If any citizen has any accusation to make against anyone else, the obviously proper course is for him in person to go to the District Attorney, or write to him over his own name, and inform him of the circumstances under which he supposes an offense has been committed, to the end that he, being a proper officer, may investigate the matter. An anonymous letter is of no service, especially when it does not name any witness who may be supposed to know the facts. Anonymous communications of this character to the Judge are probably not meant to afford any valuable information. They certainly afford none upon which any basis of action is furnished, and really such matters deserve little or no attention at the hands of anybody, because a person accusing others of violations of the law ought to have the courage and manhood to come out into the open and say who it is that has violated the law if he expects any results to come from an investigation. Any person who violates any law of the United States ought to be punished, but he cannot be convicted upon anything but direct testimony, and that cannot be obtained unless persons assuming to know the facts are willing to disclose them and to stand forth as witnesses. I have, however, called the attention of the District Attorney to this matter, and although it is too late to do anything at this term, the grand jury having been discharged, it is not too late, if any violation of the law of the United States has been committed, to bring any information anybody has upon that subject to the attention of the District Attorney, so that the matter may be investigated by the Commissioner of the Court, or put in shape for investigation by some future grand jury. I have felt that it was not unwise to make this statement, and it is to be hoped that anyone knowing important facts will authentically communicate them to the District Attorney.

NEW ROOF FOR CUSTOMHOUSE.

Contract Awarded On the Second Letting.

The Vulcan Roofing and Construction Company, of Washington, has been awarded the contract for putting a new roof on the customhouse. The roof will be tin and copper and will cost $2,800. At a previous letting a bid of $6,600 by a Louisville company was the lowest, but amended new bids were asked. The successful bidder is now putting a new roof on the Cincinnati Federal building.

AUCTION SALES.

By S. S. Meddis Co., Aucts. Columbia Finance & Trust Co., Agts.

Public Auction---Continued!

To-day, Wednesday, October 19, Beginning at 4 p. m.

FIRST—33x105, n. s. Portland ave., Sixteenth and Seventeenth, known as 1711 Portland ave., 2-story brick front storehouse and living rooms above.

SECOND—AT 4:30 O'CLOCK—100x200 ft., s. s. Duncan, 30 ft. west of the s. w. cor. of Twenty-first and Duncan.

THIRD—AT 5 O'CLOCK—60x215, s. s. High, 150 ft. west of Twenty-fifth, on which is cottage, 2508, of 4 rooms. On west end of the lot is a 2-story brick of 6 rooms.

S. S. MEDDIS CO., Auctrs.

COLUMBIA FINANCE AND TRUST CO., Agents.

RIVER AND WEATHER.

LONGITUDE AND LATITUDE OF LOUISVILLE.

Latitude, 38° 15'. Longitude, 85° 45' West From Greenwich.

STAGE OF THE RIVERS.

Louisville, Oct. 18.

Stations.	Danger line ft.	Height in ft.	Change 24 hrs.	R'fall 24 hrs.
Louisville	28	2.5	.....	...
Frankfort	31	5.8	—0.1	...
Evansville	35	1.8	.....	...
Paducah	40	0.4	.....	...
Nashville	40	6.6	+0.1	...
Chattanooga	33	0.2	.....	...
Cairo	45	7.1	—0.2	...
St. Louis	30	6.7	.....	...
Memphis	33	3.6	—0.2	...
Helena	42	6.5	—0.3	...
Vicksburg	45	6.3	—0.5	...
Shreveport	29	0.3	—0.1	...
New Orleans	16	4.9	—0.4	...
Little Rock	23	6.3	.....	...
Fort Smith	22	4.7	+0.1	...
Kansas City	21	6.4	+0.1	...
Davenport	15	5.5	+0.4	...
St. Paul	14	6.8	—0.1	...

+Increase. —Decrease.

Reports of maximum temperature and precipitation during the twenty-four hours ended October 18, 1904, at 7 p. m.:

Stations.	Tem.	Pr.	Stations.	Tem.	Pr.
New York	78	.00	Cairo	78	.00
Pittsburg	78	.06	St. Louis	76	.00
Washington	82	.00	Cincinnati	80	.00
Charlotte	78	.00	Indianapolis	76	.00
Atlanta	76	.00	Chicago	74	.00
Jacksonville	76	2.04	Davenport	76	.00
Montgomery	82	.00	Marquette	64	.00
New Orleans	80	.00	St. Paul	66	.12
Galveston	80	.00	Bismarck	54	.00
Corp's Christi	82	.00	North Platte	44	.44
San Antonio	86	.00	Omaha	64	.32
Shreveport	82	.00	Kansas City	76	T
Palestine	80	T	Dodge City	60	.01
Vicksburg	82	.00	Oklahoma	82	T
Little Rock	78	.00	Amarillo	54	.00
Fort Smith	82	.00	Abilene	80	.00
Memphis	82	.00	El Paso	66	.00
Nashville	80	.00	Modena	52	.00
Chattanooga	78	.00	Yellows'ne P'k	26	.00

SEMI-DAILY OBSERVATIONS.

[Official.] Louisville, Oct. 18.

	7 a. m.	7 p. m.
Barometer	30.19	30.04
Temperature	47	70
Dewpoint	44	48
Humidity	82	47
Wind, direction	0	E
Wind, velocity	0	5
Weather	Clear	Clear

TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION.

Constants and Normals.

[Official.] Louisville, Oct. 18.

Maximum temperature	82
Minimum temperature	46
Mean temperature	64
Normal temperature	57
Departure for day	+7
Departure for month	+61
Departure since March 1	—31
Prevailing winds	SW SE
Mean barometer	30.12
Mean relative humidity	70
Character of day	Clear
Total precipitation	.00
Normal precipitation	.09
Departure for day	—.09
Departure for month	—1.39
Departure since March 1	—8.95

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

Lizzie Bay from and to Cincinnati.... Tacoma from and to Carrollton.

BOATS LEAVING THIS DAY.

Kanawha, Capt. Rowe, for Cincinnati at 5 p. m.... Tacoma, Capt. Supplee, for Carrollton at p. m.

RIVER, BUSINESS AND WEATHER.

The river was on a stand last evening with 2 feet 5 inches in the canal, 3 inches on the falls and 3 feet 5 inches at the foot of the locks. Business dead. Weather clear and pleasant.

DRIFTWOOD.

No change, no rain, no rise, no river, no boats, no business. The end is drawing nigh.... The Monongahela is drying up.... The Helen M. Gould and some Government scows are on the marine ways at Madison.... If the Ohio falls much more all the boats will have to quit running, and the chances are that the river will fall.... Shortly after the close of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, twenty-eight war vessels, modeled after their greater sisters of the American navy, will sail from St. Louis for a trip down the Mississippi to New Orleans, with New York as the ultimate destination. The little vessels measure from 18 feet to 23 feet in length and are exact models of the big ships of the navy. Each is manipulated by an electric motor, and arrangements have been made whereby power will be obtained at Cape Girardeau, Memphis and Baton Rouge on the way down the big river. At New Orleans the fleet will act as an escort to the monarch of the Mardi Gras, and he will make his grand entree into the Carnival City amid the salutes of the little ships and while their pennants are dipping in salute to his regal highness.... Divers are still trying to raise the Bob Dudley.... The Clyde is up Tennessee river and can't get out on account of low water.... The Wash Honshell was at Cairo yesterday.... On the 29th of next month Capt. Harry Brolaski will leave St. Louis for New Orleans on one of the grandest excursions ever made by a steamboat. His boat—the Corwin H. Spencer—is the largest and finest excursion boat afloat, and as many are going on the trip—several from this city—it will certainly be a most enjoyable trip.... The long dry spell and low water season of 1881 was followed by a fall of snow in the mountains, a general rain throughout the Ohio valley, a rise in the river and a big flood. It is predicted that history will repeat itself this season, and that there must be snow and rain before there is a good substantial rise in the Ohio.... Capt. Lee McKean, of the John A. Wood, is here attending a suit in the United States Court.... Capt. S. C. Hornbrook is ill at Evansville.... The Bellevue and Conveyor have been bringing lots of apples from Stephensport to West Point. The apples are reshipped by rail and brought here over the I. C. railroad.... The John S. Hopkins is sitting upon a sand bar near Elizabethtown, thirty feet from the water. She has been there for some time, and likely to stay there awhile.... There is every indication that the Oleander will not be able to leave Memphis for at least two weeks. Both high and low pressure cylinders on the port side are badly cut, and will have to be rebored. New packing rings will also have to be made to fit the cylinders after they are worked over, and altogether the repairs will take some time. There are several reasons advanced for the breaking of the packing rings and the later cutting of the cylinders. Among them is the possibility of the water being carried too high in the boilers, allowing wet steam to go to engines; another is that the lubricator failed to work, and another is that there was a defect in the packing rings. People may take their choice of the trio of reasons. If they get the correct one the commander would be glad of the information.... The Natchez Democrat says: "Present indications tend to show that the roustabout question in the local port is settled for the time being. The local boats got away on time yesterday with full crews. The action of the police in arresting idlers and vagrants has been indorsed by the merchants, and the finishing touches to the indorsement will be added this evening at a large meeting of the wholesale and retail men of the city. It is the aim and object of these gentlemen to uphold the officers of the law and give them every support in their work. The roustabouts will not be molested as long as they behave themselves and conform to the exactions imposed by the city ordinance and the State laws. If the boats can fill their crews and are not delayed on account of these striking negroes, there will be no further trouble on the local front." .... There was a heavy fog on the river yesterday morning.... Capt. Thomas S. Royse, one of the veteran steamboat agents in the halcyon days of the river, is lying at the point of death in the Old Men's Home, on Walnut Hills, Cincinnati. He was for many years senior member of the firm of Royse & Mossett.... The Pittsburg Leader says: "The Mayflower was raised in exactly two hours, eleven steamboats assisting in the task. She is now entirely clear of water, except a little that still comes in through leaks in her hull. Fortunately the hull is practically uninjured, and the smaller leaks in the hold can be stopped without difficulty. When completed the boat will have a dancing pavilion the full length of the upper deck, about 120 feet. There will be no staterooms on the boat. It is not generally known that when built the idea was to convert here into a towboat if she was not a success as a passenger boat. For this reason the hull is stronger than is the case with most passenger boats."... The transfer steamer Junius S. Morgan sunk at Cairo Monday morning will be a total loss. She cannot be raised.... The J. W. Thomas will go to Madison to-day to go on the marine ways for repairs.... The canal will be open to-day.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Pittsburg, Pa., Oct. 18.—[Special.]—Maj. H. F. Hodges, Chief Inspector in the office of the Chief Engineer of the United States, Washington, D. C., to-day spent the greater part of the afternoon in inspecting the new Merrill dam, from which he returned about 7 o'clock with Maj. W. L. Sibert, engineer for the Pittsburg district. Maj. Hodges denied that his visit here had anything to do with the Union bridge raising controversy. He was much pleased with the work at Merrill. It was said that Maj. Hodges will likely report to the next Congress the effectiveness of the work on the Ohio river and that additional appropriations will be asked. The gauges to-night are as follows: Davis Island dam, 3.3 feet and stationary; Monongahela wharf, 6.3 feet; Herr's Island dam, 6.4 feet.

Wheeling, Oct. 18.—River 8 feet 7 inches and stationary. Cloudy and warmer. The owners of the T. N. Barnsdall and Leroy have concluded a deal by which they exchanged boats, and the Barnsdall will enter the daily Wheeling-Clarington trade.

Cincinnati, O., Oct. 18.—[Special.]—The river here to-day was 4.2 feet and about stationary. Departures were: Kittie Mack, for Portsmouth; Addie T., for Vanceburg; Cricket, for Chilo; Kanawha, for Louisville. Capt. Thomas S. Roys, the well-known river man who has been ill for some time, died late last night at the Old Men's Home. Capt. Roys was seventy-five years old and was formerly a prominent figure in the Ohio and Mississippi river trade.

Madison, Ind., Oct. 18.—[Special.]—River 3.2 feet and stationary. Courier, Hattie Brown and Lizzie Bay up. Tacoma down and up. Hanover down. Kanawha due down to-night. Clear and pleasant.

Evansville, Ind., Oct. 18.—River 1.3 feet and stationary. Clear and warm.

Paducah, Ky., Oct. 18.—[Special.]—River .4 foot on the gauge and standing. Clear and warmer. Arrivals: Charleston from Tennessee river. The Charleston has quit the Tennessee river owing to low water and will make three trips a week between here and Elizabethtown, Ill. Negotiations are on to buy the Dick Fowler for the Cincinnati and Maysville trade. She is the fastest boat on Western waters and if bought will make daily trips.

Cairo, Ill., Oct. 18.—River 7.1 feet and stationary. Fair and cool. Arrived: Government boat H. G. Wright, St. Louis; Vernie Mack, lower Mississippi. Departures: Government boat H. G. Wright, Memphis; Vernie Mack, Upper Ohio.

St. Louis, Oct. 18.—River stationary at 6.7 feet. Business on the levee light. Weather partly cloudy and warm.

Memphis, Tenn., Oct. 18.—[Special.]—River 3.6 feet, a fall of .2 foot in twenty-four hours. The Georgia Lee failed to get away for Cairo for lack of crew and local packets are also delayed by roustabout troubles. The Delta arrived from Vicksburg.

New Orleans, Oct. 18.—Weather clear and cool. Arrived: Natchez, The Bends; America, Vicksburg. Departed: Natchez, The Bends.

To Hold Mission Festival.

The annual mission festival of Salem Reformed Church on Prentice, near Eighteenth street, will be celebrated Sunday, October 23. The Rev. H. H. Kattmann, of Poland, Ind., will address the Sunday-school at 9 a. m. He will also preach the German sermon at the morning service of the congregation. In the evening at 7:30 o'clock there will be a union service conducted largely in the English language. Addresses will be made by the Revs. J. Otto Vitz and H. H. Kattmann.

AMUSEMENTS.

HOPKINS Market near 2d | VAUDEVILLE Night and Bargain Mat

KITAMURA'S JAPS and other Big Acts.

THE NEW MASONIC To-night—All Week—15, 25, 35, 50 and 75c. Matinees Monday, Friday, Saturday. The Original LILLIPUTIANS IN DREAMLAND. Best seats 25c. Next Week—Ward & Vokes.

Matinee To-day; Every Day 10c, 15c and 25c. THE NEW AVENUE Hal Reid's Best Play, AT CRIPPLE CREEK. Special Scenery. Great Cast. Next Week—Queen of the White Slaves.

DR. CHARLES M. KURTZ, Asst. Chief Dept. of Art, St. Louis Exposition. Illustrated Lecture, "ART AT THE WORLD'S FAIR," This afternoon at 3 o'clock, Woman's Club Bldg., 1312 Fourth ave. Admission 50 cents.

STEAMBOATS.

Steamers INDIANA and BONANZA

For Madison, Carrollton, Cincinnati and Upper Ohio river points at 5 p. m. daily, except Sunday at 9 a. m., from foot of Third. Phones 141. C. C. FULLER, Supt.

"Figures Don't Lie"

Call Main 1821, Cumberland 'phone, and find out about our 4th Pool Pittsburg Lump.

Call Main 2686, Cumberland 'phone, and find out about our "Pocahontas" Furnace Coal.

Call Main 54, Cumberland 'phone, and find out about our Jellico Lump.

Call 1821, Home 'phone, and find out about our Kentucky Lump.

Call 2686, Home 'phone, and find out about our Cokes.

Call 871, Home 'phone, and find out about prices at yard.

Call Main 54, Cumberland 'phone, and all the information will be given.

PACIFIC COAL CO.

452 W. Jefferson St.

STANLEY ADAMS, General Manager.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

MONEY TO LOAN. We loan on Furniture, Pianos, Horses, Wagons, etc.; also Salaries on plain note. We offer Longest time, Lowest rates, Easiest payments, Absolute privacy. "Live and let live" is our aim, so call and see us, let us explain our new and perfected plan to you, and you will readily agree with us that we are the most reliable Loan Office in the city. No red tape. Phone 5249. AMERICAN LOAN AND TRUST CO., Bet. 4th and 5th, over American Express Co. 421 W. Jefferson st., 2d Floor.

NATIONAL LOAN AND TRUST CO. The ONLY company in Louisville loaning EXCLUSIVELY TO WHITE PEOPLE on FURNITURE or ANY SECURITY. We will pay any debt you owe a loan company and advance you more money. BUSINESS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. SEPARATE AND PRIVATE OFFICES. NATIONAL LOAN AND TRUST CO., 327 W. Market, bet. Third and Fourth. Second Floor, Oppo. Bacon's. Home 1155.

LET US HELP YOU FINANCIALLY. Do not put yourself under obligation to your friends, but let US help you. Our motto: Lowest terms and business strictly confidential. MUTUAL BANKING CO., Rooms 404 and 406 Equitable bldg. Both phones 1946.

FIDELITY LOAN CO. LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES AND WAGONS, ETC. ALSO ON PLAIN NOTE OR SALARY, PAYMENTS TO SUIT INCOME. FIDELITY LOAN CO., 502 FOURTH ST., 2D FLOOR.

HEADQUARTERS FOR PRIVATE LOANS On Furniture, Pianos, Live Stock, Salary, etc. HALF RATES. Business Strictly Confidential. UNION LOAN AND SECURITY CO., Room 216 Columbia bldg., Fourth and Main sts. Home 'phone 1516.

We loan money on your PLAIN NOTE. We guarantee to do anything for you that any other company can or will do. OUR GUARANTEE IS GOOD. We are leaders in our line. FALLS CITY LOAN CO., 407 4th, 2d floor, bet. Jefferson and Green.

MONEY LOANED. On all kinds of CHATTELS. Also to honest SALARIED EMPLOYES. OUR RATES ARE THE LOWEST. KY. LOAN AND BROKERAGE CO., N. e. cor. Fourth and Green sts., 423 Fourth. Both 'phones 2495.

PATRONIZE HOME CAPITAL. We do all that others CLAIM to do. LOUISVILLE LOAN CO., Room 1 Courier-Journal bldg., 515 Fourth.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—You to know that we sell at retail the best fancy cakes, pastries, bread and rolls. MUENCH'S BAKERY & RESTAURANT, 425-427 W. Market.

WANTED—To pay cash for a cottage north of Main st., above Preston, not to exceed $800 to $1,000. Address E 66, this office.

WANTED—Diamonds, old gold and silver for cash or in exchange. MATT IRION, the Watch Specialist, 404 W. Market st.

WANTED—To buy old feathers, furniture and carpets. E. HYMAN, 137 E. Market st. Home 'phone 727. Cumb. 3181—Z.

WANTED—Edw. Krekel, Jeweler; watch cleaning 75c, mainspring $1, case springs 50c, watch crystal 10c. 643 W. Jefferson.

WANTED—To rent a furnished flat, centrally located, from November 1 to June 1. Address K 62, this office.

WANTED—Cash for old gold, silver and diamonds. VIC LORCH, 256 E. Market, bet. Brook and Floyd.

WANTED—AGENTS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Agent to represent one of the oldest and best filter concerns in the country; complete line of water filters; good profit for the right party; none other need apply. FILTER, 3250 Spring Grove ave., Cincinnati, O.

WANTED—Agents for Louisville and vicinity to place the best life insurance proposition ever offered the public; liberal commissions. Call bet. 4 and 6 p. m. at Keller bldg., cor. Fifth and Main, Room 516.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED — Salesmen, collectors, bookkeepers, stenographers, mechanical, technical men, salesladies, housekeepers and competent help in every line; send us your name; positions guaranteed. NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT ASSOCIATION, Century bldg., Atlanta, Ga., pioneers in this line.

WANTED — EXPERT INSTRUCTION given in modern bookkeeping; 4 weeks; $35; books free. If you contemplate learning bookkeeping, call and see most up-to-date and business-like system in use. Out-of-town students solicited. W. H. TRUMAN, Expert Accountant, 172 Fourth ave., Louisville, Ky.

WANTED—For U. S. Army: Able-bodied, unmarried men between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to RECRUITING OFFICER, 514 W. Jefferson, Louisville, Ky.

WANTED—Industrious man or woman, each district to manage business of well-established company; salary $20 paid weekly and expenses; expense money advanced; position permanent; no investment; previous experience not essential. MANAGER, Como bldg., Chicago.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade; can nearly earn expenses before finishing; top wages paid graduates; write nearest branch. MOLER BARBER COLLEGE, St. Louis, Mo., or Cincinnati, O.

WANTED — Young man who can take dictation and operate Remington typewriter; must have had some office experience. Address in own handwriting to C. D. MITCHELL, General Delivery.

WANTED—Clerks, collectors, timekeepers, officemen, bookkeepers, watchmen, drivers, bartenders, porters, farmhands, janitor, etc. Apply MOBLEY'S EMPLOYMENT CO., 242 W. Jefferson st.

WANTED—Young men everywhere, copy letters, home evenings, $9.50 week; send addressed envelope for particulars. MANAGER, Dept. W 89, Box 1411, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED — Experienced salesman, or physician not practicing, to sell to doctors; established trade; permanent, remunerative. P. O. Box 858, Philadelphia.

WANTED—$25 per week and traveling expenses paid salesmen to sell goods to grocery dealers; experience unnecessary. PURITY CO., Chicago.

WANTED—20 nonunion bricklayers, four months' employment. Call C. M. RYAN, Louisville Hotel, between 4 and 6 p. m.

WANTED—Registered pharmacist, graduate preferred. Good place for proper party. Address X 73, this office.

WANTED—Ten painters at once. KENTUCKY PUBLIC ELEVATOR CO., Fourteenth and Gallagher.

WANTED—Bright, active boys, aged about 16 or 18. H. J. GUTMAN & CO., 521 Fourth st.

WANTED—Riveters and rivet heaters at once at Preston st. and Southern railway crossing.

WANTED—Men to solicit from wagon; steady work, good pay. 707 W. Jefferson.

WANTED—First-class cooper. S. w. cor. Fourteenth and Grayson sts.

WANTED—Registered drug clerks. Address L 124, this office.

WANTED — Draughtsman. Apply by phone Main 3220 M.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Situation by up-to-date furniture and carpet man. Address C 58, this office.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—Wall paper; will furnish good wall paper, neat patterns, and paper 15-foot rooms, sides and ceilings for $3.50; smaller rooms in proportion. CULLEY'S WALL PAPER STORE, Seventh and Oak sts. Home phone 6225.

FOR SALE—Genuine Welsbach lights and mantles give better illumination; see my new light. SHULHAFER, plumber, sole agent, 449 W. Jefferson st.; both 'phones 636. Pasteur filter agency.

FOR SALE—The best dinner at 25c; hot lunch at 15c; a la carte service at the lunch counter and tables at all hours. MUENCH'S BAKERY AND RESTAURANT, 425-427 W. Market st.

FOR SALE—$25 scroll saw, foot power, with drill and lathe attachment, one gross saw blades, $4.50 worth of patterns; a bargain at $15. EDW. DIETZ, 1631 Prentice st.

FOR SALE—SALOON—One of the prettiest little saloons in West End. Good reason for selling. Apply to THIXTON & MILLETT, Main near Seventh.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Drug store; complete stock; up-to-date fixtures; good location; cheap. Apply 725 W. Jefferson.

FOR SALE—I have high-grade furniture polish recipe; want little capital. Address P 141, this office.

FOR SALE—Night watchman's time detector; 18 stations; used but short time. HIRSCH BROS. & CO.

FOR SALE—A1 wines and liquors. AUGUST HOLLENBACH, 248 Third.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—Only four left. If you want a home, be quick. Go to Second and Avery and see the prettiest variety of up-to-date, artistic houses in prettiest new court in the city; furnaces, natural gas, electricity, every modern equipment. 'Phones Cumb. Main 414; South 2159—A.

FOR SALE—New brick on one of the best streets in the Highlands; 8 rooms, designed for light housekeeping; hardwood floors; furnace; laundry; stable; with everything up-to-date; $5,300. O. P. REUTER, both 'phones 2287.

FOR SALE—6-room dry brick, bath, modern, 40x170 ft., stable, all conveniences, tony, quiet street; call 214 St. Joseph; terms 10 years, suit buyer. Why rent? Bargain; leaving city.

FOR SALE—TYPEWRITERS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—Latest model visible writing and tabulating Underwood typewriter; ten days' trial free of charge. Call or write UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER CO., n. e. cor. Fourth and Main.

FOR SALE—First-class second-hand typewriters of all makes for sale at the lowest prices. Call or write UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER CO., n. e. cor. Fourth and Main sts.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—By WM. T. SUMMERS, Agent:

1243 Fifteenth, 5 rooms	$14 00
1934 Floyd, 5 rooms	20 00
1413 Maple, 4 rooms	6 00
2010 Preston, 5 rooms	17 50
2979 Alford, 5 rooms	12 50
Flat, 206 W. Chestnut, 5 rooms	25 00
Flat, 206 W. Chestnut, 4 rooms	12 00
Flat, 363 E. Market, 3 rooms	10 00
Flat, 604 E. Washington, 3 rooms	10 00
3 rooms, 639 E. Main	6 50
3 rooms, 1206 Twentieth	5 00
3 rooms, 715 E. Market	5 00
4 rooms, 1538 Portland ave	7 00
2 rooms, 1201 W. Jefferson	7 00
2 rooms, 702 Sixteenth	5 50
2 rooms, 206 E. Broadway	4 00
2 rooms, 1621 W. Market	5 00
2 rooms, 522 E. Jefferson	4 00
Storeroom, 141 W. Market	40 00
Storeroom, 140 E. Jefferson	35 00
Storeroom, 339 Second	25 00
Storeroom, 1623 W. Market	17 50
Storeroom, 526 E. Jefferson	10 00

FOR RENT—By S. O. NEWMAN, 453 W. Jefferson: 1414 First st., 8 rooms, bath, nat. gas; newly papered and painted, $35. Two or three furnished rooms, nat. gas, sink in kitchen, in private, to adults, $15. 453 W. Jefferson, 2 office rooms, $18.

FOR RENT—A nice pressed brick front residence of 9 rooms, with modern conveniences, 1230 First st., $40 per mo. FIDELITY TRUST CO., 206 to 210 Fifth st.

FOR RENT — A modern 8-room house, Crescent Court, "Crescent Hill." EDW. F. WEIGEL, 'phone M. 3188.

FOR RENT—A modern 8-room house, Crescent Court, "Crescent Hill." J. E. BELL, Phone 12.

FOR RENT—ROOMS AND FLATS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT — APARTMENTS—Two in Belvoir; entrance to Cherokee Park; 18 minutes from Fourth and Walnut; not surpassed in Louisville in up-to-date and artistic appointments; modeled after the New York furnished apartments; $60, $65. Tel. 2287 or Belvoir.

FOR RENT—Connecting rooms 46 and 47, in the Courier-Journal building; possession given at once. Apply at counting-room LOUISVILLE COURIER-JOURNAL.

FOR RENT—Very desirable apartment, 7 rooms and reception hall, in "Sans Souci," cor. 3d and Burnett. Both phones 414.

FOR RENT—First-floor front room to one or two young men; private family. Apply 1214 First st.

FOR LEASE.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR LEASE—On K. and I. tracks along the canal, near Eighteenth st., lots suitable for coal or lumber yard. ROWAN BUCHANAN, Owner, 518 W. Jefferson st., second floor.

BOARDING.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

BOARDING—For couples, or gentlemen, two choice rooms, with best board. MRS. E. B. WALKER, 1057 Third st.

PERSONAL.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

PERSONAL—FOR WOMEN ONLY—DR. R. G. RAYMOND'S Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; relief in 3 to 5 days. We have never known of a single failure. Mail orders promptly filled. Price $2. DR. R. G. RAYMOND REMEDY CO., room 30, 84 Adams st., Chicago, Ill.

PERSONAL—HAVE YOUR HAND READ BY MADAME ZOMAR; SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. Parlors room 1 Hopkins Theater building, second floor. Hours 10 a. m. to 11 p. m. Readings, twenty-five cents and fifty cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—Ladies everywhere, copying letters at home, evenings or spare time, and return to us; no mailing or canvassing; $9 weekly earned; materials free. Inclose self-addressed envelope for particulars. GUARANTEE CO., No. W. 89 Ninth st., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—Women to sew at home, $9 per week; materials sent everywhere free; steady work, plain sewing only. Send addressed envelope for full particulars. W. B. X. DU PONT, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—Ladies at home, $1.50 to $3 daily; day and evening, stamping transfers; tools free; experience unnecessary. Room 43 Courier-Journal Office bldg.

WANTED — Neat girl to cook and do housework; small family. Call 1523 Sherwood ave.

WANTED—White nurse for 2 children; good wages. Write Box 285, Morganfield, Ky.

WANTED—Cook and nurse. 313 W. Lee.

A short trial will convince you that Wintersmith's Chill Tonic is a cure for chills, fever or dengue.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.—Stations, Tenth and Broadway and First and Water streets.

* Daily. † Daily, except Sunday. s Sunday only. a Stops at Fourth street to let off passengers from or take on passengers for Cincinnati.

From Tenth and Broadway Station.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati and East	a* 5:15am	a* 2:30am
Cincinnati and East	a* 8:30am	a* 9:20pm
Cincinnati and East	a* 1:00pm	a* 2:45pm
Cincinnati and East	a* 4:20pm	a*11:40am
New Orleans and Memphis	* 9:30pm	* 8:20am
Atlanta, New Orleans and Memphis	* 2:45am	* 2:10am
Nashville and Atlanta	* 3:00pm	*12:50pm
Nashville and Chattanooga	* 8:00am	* 7:00pm
Bowling Green Accom	† 5:05pm	†10:20am
Middlesboro Mail	* 8:15am	* 5:05pm
Knoxville Express	* 8:30pm	* 7:15am
Bardstown and Springfield	† 4:10pm	† 7:55am
Bardstown and Springfield	† 7:30am	† 5:45pm
Bardstown and Springfield	s 6:00pm	s 9:35am
Lebanon and Greensburg	s 6:30pm	s10:20am
Lebanon and Greensburg	* 8:15am	* 5:05pm
Lebanon and Greensburg	† 5:05pm	†10:20am

From First and Water-street Station.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati and East	† 7:20am	† 7:35pm
Frankfort and Lexington	† 7:20am	†12:05pm
Frankfort and Lexington	† 2:00pm	† 5:25pm
Frankfort and Lexington	s 5:10pm	s10:00am
Frankfort Accom	† 4:00pm	† 8:00am
Bloomfield Accom	* 5:00pm	† 8:20am
Bloomfield Accom	s 5:00pm	s 9:00am
Bloomfield Accom	† 7:30am	† 6:00pm
Lagrange Accom	† 5:40pm	† 7:35pm

Through Pullman sleeping car on the 1:00 p. m. train to New York and on the 9:30 p. m. and 2:45 a. m. trains to Memphis and New Orleans.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY — Union Depot, Seventh and river:

WEST AND SOUTHWEST.

"Southern's St. Louis Special," 9 a. m., daily, Princeton, Mt. Vernon, Centralia and St. Louis. Returning arrives 7:15 p. m.

St. Louis Express, 7:43 a. m., daily, Evansville, Princeton, Mt. Vernon, Centralia, St. Louis, Rockport and Cannelton. Returning ar. 5:45 p. m.

"World's Fair Flyer," 10:15 p. m., daily, Princeton, Mt. Vernon, Centralia and St. Louis. Solid train to St. Louis. Returning ar. 7:10 a. m.

Evansville Express, 5:47 p. m., daily, Huntingburg, Rockport, Troy, Tell City, Cannelton, Evansville. Returning ar. 12:10 p. m.

SOUTH AND SOUTHEAST.

Florida Limited, 7:40 a. m., daily, Lexington, Knoxville, Asheville, Charleston, Chattanooga, Atlanta and Florida. Returning ar. 8:10 p. m.

Florida Special, 7:25 p. m., daily, Lexington, Knoxville, Asheville, Chattanooga, Atlanta and Birmingham. Returning ar. 8:50 a. m.

Accommodation, 3:50 p. m., daily, Shelbyville, Lawrenceburg, Harrodsburg, Burgin, Lexington, Versailles and Georgetown. Returning ar. 6:15 p. m.

Courier-Journal "Owl" train (No. 5), leave Louisville (Fourth st.) 3:30 a. m., daily; ar. Jeffersontown *3:49 a. m.; ar. Fisherville *4:00 a. m.; ar. Shelbyville 4:25 a. m.; ar. Lawrenceburg 5:05 a. m.; ar. Tyrone *5:09 a. m.; ar. Versailles 5:22 a. m.; ar. Lexington 5:45 a. m.

*Stops on flag signal.

Lexington, Georgetown and Burgin Express, daily, arrives 10:40 a. m.

B. AND O. S. W.—Union Depot, Seventh and river. Cincinnati and the East, St. Louis and the West. Effective May 15:

TO ST. LOUIS, SPRINGFIELD AND WEST.

"World's Fair Special," No. 46, 9:10 a. m., daily, Seymour, Mitchell, Washington, Vincennes, Springfield, St. Louis and West.

"The Night Flyer," No. 44, 11 p. m., daily, Seymour, Mitchell, Washington, Vincennes, Springfield, St. Louis and West.

"The Fast Mail," No. 14, 2:30 a. m., daily, Seymour, Mitchell, Washington, Vincennes, St. Louis and West.

TO CINCINNATI AND EAST.

No. 16, 8:10 a. m., daily, Cincinnati, Columbus, Detroit, Cleveland, Wheeling, Pittsburg, Buffalo, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston.

No. 18, 2:10 p. m., daily, Cincinnati, Columbus, Pittsburg, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston.

No. 20, 5:45 p. m., daily, Cincinnati, Columbus, Toledo, Detroit, Cleveland and Buffalo.

No. 14, 2:30 a. m., daily, Cincinnati, Columbus, Toledo, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo, Pittsburg, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston.

TRAINS ARRIVE.

From East, 7:55 a. m., 11:52 a. m., 5:35 p. m., 9:30 p. m. From West, 7:55 a. m., 11:52 a. m., 5:55 p. m., 9:30 p. m.

City ticket office, s. e. cor. Fourth and Main.

PENNSYLVANIA LINES — Station, Tenth and Broadway. Trains leave Fourteenth and Main streets 14 minutes later.

*Daily, except Sunday. All other trains daily. †Leave and arrive Fourteenth street only.

From Louisville to	Leave.	Arrive.
Indianapolis, local	† 6:25am	*11:50am
Indianapolis and Chicago	8:20am	7:10pm
Indianapolis, local †	* 1:45pm	†10:25pm
Indianapolis, Pittsburg, Michigan and East	3:30pm	10:05am
Indianapolis and Chicago	8:15pm	7:00am

EAST VIA L. & N. AND PENNSYLVANIA. (From Tenth and Broadway Station only.)

From Louisville to Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington	1:00pm	11:40am
Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Washington and New York	4:20pm	2:45pm
Philadelphia, Pittsburg, New York and Washington	8:30am	9:20pm
Pittsburg, Washington, Philadelphia and New York	8:15am	7:35pm

BIG FOUR ROUTE (Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railway)—Union Depot, Seventh and river.

FROM LOUISVILLE.

Daily, except Sunday, 8 a. m., for Indianapolis, Terre Haute, Mattoon, Chicago, Greensburg, Anderson, Alexandria, Wabash, Elkhart, Niles and Benton Harbor. Returning arrives at 6:30 p. m.

Daily, 8 p. m., for Greensburg, Indianapolis, Peoria, Lafayette and Chicago. Compartment sleeper to Chicago. Returning ar. 7:20 a. m.

FROM CINCINNATI.

No. 46, daily, 8 a. m., for Cleveland, Buffalo, New York and Boston.

No. 26, "Twentieth Century Limited," daily, 2 p. m., for Cleveland, Buffalo and New York.

No. 18, daily, 6:30 p. m., for Cleveland, Buffalo, New York and Boston.

No. 28, daily, 9:30 p. m., for Cleveland, Buffalo, New York and Boston.

No. 6, daily, 8:30 a. m.; No. 10, daily, 1 p. m., and No. 2, daily, 9:45 p. m., for Dayton, Toledo and Detroit.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL — Union Depot, Seventh and river:

	Leave.	Arrive.
Memphis and New Orleans	9:40pm	7:50am
Memphis and New Orleans	12:01pm	7:00pm
Paducah and Fulton	7:25am	4:55pm
Central City Accom	5:20pm	8:30am
Elizabethtown and Hodgenville	7:25am	4:55pm
Elizabethtown and Hodgenville	5:20pm	8:30am
Owensboro	12:01pm	4:55pm
Hopkinsville	12:01pm	7:00pm
California points, through car Tuesdays	9:40pm	7:00pm

All trains run daily, except no Sunday service to Elizabethtown, Hodgenville or Owensboro.

MONON ROUTE—Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville Railway—Union Station, Tenth and Broadway:

No. 6, daily, 7:36 a. m., for Bloomington, Lafayette and Chicago. Parlor and dining cars. Returning ar. 7:09 p. m.

No. 6, daily, 7:36 a. m., for French Lick. Returning arrives 7:09 p. m.

No. 8, daily, except Sunday, 2:51 p. m., for French Lick and Bloomington. Returning ar. 10:27 a. m.

No. 4, daily, 8:21 p. m., for Bloomington, Lafayette and Chicago. Returning ar. 6:59 a. m.

CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILWAY — Union Depot, Seventh and river:

F. F. V. LIMITED, daily, 8:30 a. m., for Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Richmond, Old Point Comfort and Norfolk. Returning ar. 8 p. m.

WASHINGTON EXPRESS, daily, 6 p. m., for Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Richmond, Old Point Comfort and Norfolk. Returning ar. 11 a. m.

LEXINGTON SHORT LINE, trains daily, 8:30 a. m. and 6 p. m., for Lexington, Winchester, Mt. Sterling and Mountain Resorts. Returning ar. 8 p. m. and 11 a. m.

HENDERSON ROUTE — Louisville, Henderson and St. Louis Railway—Union Depot, Seventh and river:

No. 41, daily, 8:30 a. m., Daylight Limited, for St. Louis. Returning arrives 6:50 p. m.

No. 43, daily, 4:42 p. m., for Evansville and way stations. Returning arrives 12:35 p. m.

No. 45, daily, 9:00 p. m., Night Express, for St. Louis. Returning arrives 7:15 a. m.

No. 47, daily, 7:00 a. m., for Evansville and way stations. Returning arrives 9:45 p. m.

BEARGRASS RAILWAY CO.—Cars every hour between Louisville and Jeffersontown, between 6 a. m. and 9 p. m. Leave Sixth and Jefferson streets, Louisville, for Jeffersontown on the hour; leave Jeffersontown for Louisville on the hour.

LOST.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

LOST—Black and tan bitch; $5 reward if returned to 1928 High st. Answers to the name Midge.

LOST—Kindergarten pin; reward. DR. BUETEL, 2202 Baxter ave.

SATIN TOILET SPECIALTIES.

NOT cosmetic, face wash or paint—Satin Skin Cream beautifies because it absorbs and heals blemishes. 25c.

SATIN TOOTH POWDER, "finer than silk." 50c size jars 25c at BACON'S.

A mere mention of malaria makes you think of Wintersmith's Tonic. First thoughts are best.

Major Delmar Wins the Famed Gold Cup

Lou Dillon Is Ill and Has No Chance Against the Great Gelding.

BILLINGS SHOWS HIS SPORTSMANSHIP

Starts World's Champion When He Knows She Has No Chance.

BIG CROWD VISIBLY AFFECTED

JOHN M. WINS FROM DAN R. AND GALLAGHER AFTER A SPIRITED CONTEST.

SWEET MARIE'S HANDICAP.

MEMPHIS, Oct. 18.—C. K. G. Billings' Lou Dillon, the champion trotting mare, went down to defeat to-day before Maj. Delmar, owned by E. E. Smathers, in the third and last contest for the Memphis Gold Cup, the feature race of the opening day of the fourth annual meeting of the Memphis Trotting Association.

After sustaining a terrific pace to the three-quarters pole in the first heat of the contest, it was apparent that the mare was in bad condition, and she was pulled up, Maj. Delmar winning in a jog.

Despite a critical examination by veterinary surgeons, who pronounced the mare affected by an ailment known to horsemen as the "thumps," Lou Dillon was again brought out on the track by Mr. Billings, and, against the advice of the veterinarians, he announced that, as a matter of form, he would start the mare in the second heat. Maj. Delmar rounded the course in easy time, Lou Dillon following at a slow trot. Mr. Smathers, representing the New York Driving Club, becomes the permanent owner of the cup.

The great crowd present was visibly affected by the misfortune of the mare.

The Diamond Handicap was won in straight heats in easy fashion by Sweet Marie.

The 2:01 pace furnished the most spirited contest of the day, Dan R., Gallagher and John M. each winning a heat. In the final trial John M. won pulled up.

The track was in superb condition, and ideal weather prevailed. Summaries:

Diamond Handicap; 2:01 trot; $2,000; two in three:
Sweet Marie, b. m., by McKinney, dam by Carr's Mambrino (McDonald) 1 1
Dr. Strong, gr. g., by Strong Boy, (Spear) 2 2
Snyder McGregor, ch. g., by Gilman McGregor (Hogan) 3 3
Alexander, b. g., by Star Duroc (Geers) 6 4
Jim Ferry, gr. g., by Orange Wilkes (Franks) 4 6
Hal Fry, b. g., by Woodsprite (Foote) 5 5
John Taylor, gr. g., by Dispute (Wilson) 7 7
Time, 2:04¾, 2:06.
2:19 trot; $1,000; two in three:
Oak Blossom, b. m., by Baron Oaks—Bourbon Light (Dodge) 1 1
Morone, blk. h., by Cycerone (Hayes) 2 2
Getaway, ch. g., by Strathaway (Stetson) 3 3
Princess, b. m., by Sidney Prince (Carter) 4 4
Jessie O., ro. g., by Guy Princeton (Geers) 6 5
Betsie Ford, blk. m., by Gambetta Wilkes (Rea) 5 6
Poindexter, b. g., by Sonticus (Niles) dis
Time—2:12¼, 2:13.
2:01 pacing; $1,000; two in three:
John M., blk. g., by Paris, dam Laura (Spear) 2 5 1 1
Dan R., ch. g., by Casco, Jr. (Benyon) 1 4 2 2
Gallagher, b. g., by Royal Ryssdyk (Snow) .... 5 1 3 ds
Nathan Straus, b. g., by Direct (Thomas) .... 3 2 4 ro
Dariel, b. m., by Alcander (McDonald) .... 4 3 5 ro
Time—2:02, 2:06, 2:03½, 2:03½.
Memphis Gold Cup; free for all trotters to wagon; amateurs to drive; two in three:
Maj. Delmar, b. g., by Delmar, dam Expectation (Mr. Smathers) 1 1
Lou Dillon, ch. m., by Sidney Dillon (Mr. Billings) 2 2
Time—2:07, 2:18½.

THE CONQUEROR OF THE GREAT LOU DILLON.



MAJOR DELMAR.

Another Double-Header.

The Reccius Club will have another double-header next Sunday at Reccius Park with the strong All Professionals. The first game will begin at 2 o'clock and the second game at 3:30. McGill and Schwenk will pitch for the Professionals and Hikes and Vetter for the Reccius.

Rogers Wins the Match.

Buffalo, Oct. 18.—Charles (Yankee) Rogers defeated Maupus, the French wrestler, in two straight falls. Rogers won the first fall, catch-as-catch-can, in eleven minutes and thirty seconds and the second at Graeco-Roman style in thirty-one minutes and ten seconds.

Harvard and Yale.

Hamilton, Mass., Oct. 18.—The annual intercollegiate golf championship began to-day at the Myopia Hunt Club, with the first round of team matches. Harvard met and defeated the University of Pennsylvania 55½ to 0, while Yale disposed of Princeton by a score of 16½ to 1½. The winners will meet to-morrow for the championship.

The play to-day was for thirty-six holes, eighteen in the morning and eighteen in the afternoon, an agreed system of scoring being used.

With the exception of J. W. Watson, Jr., the Pennsylvania players were unable to hold the Harvard men, being defeated both morning and afternoon by decisive scores.

H. Chandler Egan, the national champion, won his match with Watson in the morning. In the afternoon the Pennsylvania representative played beautiful golf and broke even with the Harvard champion.

The surprise of the day was the defeat of Frank O. Reinhart, of Princeton, by Max Behr, the leader of the Yale team. Reinhart was two down in the morning and five down in the afternoon.

Fast Time By Oldfield.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Oct. 18.—Barney Oldfield, Earl Kiser and Carl Fisher were on the ground to-day at the local automobile meeting. Oldfield's fastest time was made in a three-mile exhibition, when he negotiated one mile in 56 3-5 seconds. His time for the three miles was 2:52. No other time faster than a mile a minute was made.

Kentucky State Wins Again.

At Lexington, Ky.—Kentucky State College 6, Bethany (W. Va.) College 0.

K. U. To Play St. Louis.

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 18.—The Kentucky University football team will leave Wednesday morning for St. Louis, where they will play St. Louis University Thursday, the game to be played on the Stadium in the World's Fair grounds. The following Saturday the local team will play the University of Missouri eleven at Columbia, Mo., returning to St. Louis Sunday morning, and leaving for Lexington the same night. The team will be accompanied on the trip by about fifty students of the college.

HAD THE TIME OF THEIR LIVES.

As a preliminary to the McGovern-Hanlon bout the other night two awkward boxers amused the spectators by making wild swings that never landed and ducking just as if they were in danger of being put out by impossible punches, says the Philadelphia Record. Everybody in the house was yelling: "Take 'em off," "Cut it out," with a few bars of the Dead March whistled in between the cat calls by way of sarcastic punctuations—all but three very young ringside followers, resplendent in horseshoe jewelry and sensational vests, who occupied expensive seats. This trio was warmly enthusiastic and showered admiring plaudits on the ungainly pugilists in the ring. When the bout terminated the three youngsters got up and pushed out through the crowd toward the exit. Just then the stars, McGovern and Hanlon, made their appearance and were given a great ovation. The last of the trio turned and inquired of a tough-looking citizen what the excitement meant. "De fight's just goin' on," was the response. "What fight?" asked the sporting youth with a startled air. "McGovern and Hanlon. De big fight," responded the other. "You don't mean to say that wasn't McGovern and Hanlon who just boxed?" asked the youth, turning pale. "Dem dubs? Say, wot kind of a sport are youse?" commented the tough patron of boxing in disgust. The immature sport looked as if he would like to go back to his seat, but unable to stand the blow to his sporting judgment in having mistaken a cheap bout for the piece de resistance of the evening he fled after his friends, who already were in the street, commenting loudly on the chances "Terry" might have had of "putting him to sleep with a feint on the jaw" if the bout had lasted another round.

AUDITOR WINS IN HARD DRIVE

Capt. S. S. Brown's Colt, Heavily Played, Takes Huntington Stakes.

TWO FAVORITES AT JAMAICA.

James F., a Long Shot, Beats Rapid Water, At Odds On, and Others.

RESULTS ON OTHER TRACKS.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Auditor, backed from 6 to 1 to 3 to 1, to-day won the Huntington Selling Stakes, six furlongs, at Jamaica. Et Tu Brute made the pace to the final eighth. Auditor, who had been trailing his field, then moved up and won, driving, by three-quarters of a length. Two favorites won. Summaries:

First Race—Six furlongs:
Cairngorm, 110 (Lyne), 6 to 1....1
Bak, 103 (Hildebrand), 9 to 2....2
Merry Lark, 98 (Travers), 5 to 1....3
Time, 1:14 1-5. Fluer de Marie, King Cole, Flyback, Waterside and Gold Rose also ran.
Second Race—Selling; one mile and a sixteenth:
Sidney C. Love, 108 (Hildebrand), 6 to 5..1
Sais, 104 (Burns), 6 to 1....2
Dimple, 98 (Travers), 30 to 1....3
Time, 1:47 4-5. Stolen Moments, Homestead, Latheron, Ascetic, Reveille and Lord Badge also ran.
Third Race—Mile and a sixteenth:
James F., 110 (Wonderly), 7 to 1....1
Rapid Water, 126 (Shaw), 1 to 2....2
Proceeds, 103 (D. O'Conner), 20 to 1....3
Time, 1:48. Brigand, War Whoop and Hello also ran.
Fourth Race—The Huntington Stakes; selling; six furlongs:
Auditor, 100 (Crimmins), 3 to 1....1
Et Tu Brute, 105 (Oliphant), 3 to 1....2
Monet, 103 (Travers), 12 to 5....3
Time, 1:13. Scotch Plume and Seymour also ran.
Fifth Race—Selling; six furlongs:
Missing Link, 104 (Schilling), 7 to 2....1
Viona, 103 (Oliphant), 12 to 1....2
Rudabek, 103 (Cochran), 7 to 1....3
Time, 1:14. Topic, Funnyside, Packville, Piquet, Toi San, Fickle, Fernrook, Ballycastle, Vagary, Olaf, Juvenal Maxim and Sourire also ran.
Sixth Race—Six furlongs:
Ascot Belle, 109 (Martin), 15 to 1....1
Bill Bailey II., 112 (Redfern), 4 to 1....2
Yeoman, 112 (Hildebrand), 7 to 2....3
Time, 1:15. My Buela, Kassil, Witch Hazel, Supreme Court, Roderick Dhu, Salt and Pepper, Only One and Judas also ran.

JAMAICA ENTRIES.

First Race—For all ages; handicap; six furlongs: Reliable, 130; Lady Amelia, 128; Jake, The Huguenot, 110; Ascension, 109; Israelite, 95; New York, 92.

Second Race—For three-year-olds and up; selling; one mile and a quarter: The Southerner, 106; Bar le Duc, 102; Stonewall, Cloverland, 101; Beverly, 99; Glisten, 97; Thistle Heather, 94; Midshipman, 93; Briarthorpe, 90.

Third Race—For two-year-olds; selling; five and one-half furlongs: Diamond, 110; Blue Coat, 107; Jennie McCabe, 106; Belknap, 103; Combustion, Bert Arthur, Dazzle, Tarpoon, 102; Belligerent, 101; Thirty-third, 100; Flinders, Cloverhampton, Belle Savage, 99; Conjure, Gal, Merces, Shannonside, 94.

Fourth Race—The Southampton Handicap; for three-year-olds; one mile and a sixteenth: Hamburg Belle, 121; Dolly Spanker, Pulsus, 114; Ormonde's Right, 112; Wotan, Orthodox, 100; Sonoma Belle, 95; Oceanside, 90.

Fifth Race—For maiden fillies, two-year-olds; five and one-half furlongs: Sunray, Long Days, Floralia, Woolnola, Inspiration, Bella Signora, Delusion, Apple Blossom, Hyacinth, Campo, Annie Russell, Raiment, Sumatra, Mettle, 110.

Sixth Race—Maidens, three-year-olds and up; mile and seventy yards: Thespian, Spring Silk, Silver Foot, 110; Nuit Blanche, Stepaway, Mai Hanlon, Sir Shep, Water Pansy, 107.

LONG SHOTS' GOOD DAY.

Floral King the Only Favorite To Win At Worth—Proprietor Breaks a Leg and Is Killed.

Chicago, June 18.—Long shots won three races at Worth to-day. Floral King was the only winning favorite, the other two events going to second and third choices. In the first race Proprietor, well played, broke a leg in the back stretch and was shot. He belonged to Lon Jones, Louisville. In the third race, the feature event, Lou Woods, at 40 to 1, won by a neck from Scortic, at 12 to 1. Clausus, at 10 to 1, was third, a length behind Scortic. Carat, the favorite, was beaten off. Weather warm; track fast. Summaries:

First Race—Six furlongs:
Green Gown, 105½ (Morrison), 9 to 1....1
Harpoon, 108 (Robbins), 40 to 1....2
Pancreatis, 100 (Hoffman), 15 to 1....3
Time, 1:14 3-5. The Gadfly, Presentiment, Dundall, Peggy Mine, Bishop Poole, Bonnie Prince Charlie, Capt. Neroth and Lou M. also ran. Proprietor pulled up lame and was killed.
Second Race—Five and one-half furlongs:
Tom Maybin, 122 (Troxler), 16 to 1....1
Flaunt, 119 (Nicol), 9 to 2....2
The Musketeer, 122 (Helgeson), 4 to 1....3
Time, 1:09. Goodman, I. Samuelson, Corbiett's Bay, Julia Junkin, Angelo, Jove, Bonnelithe, Flying Girl, Mattie Spencer, Wine Sap, Hudson and Tillo also ran.
Third Race—Mile and an eighth:
Lou Woods, 98 (Johnson), 40 to 1....1
Scortic, 98 (Watson), 12 to 1....2
Clausus, 104 (Morrison), 10 to 1....3
Time, 1:55. Barkelmore, Carat, Ben Chance and The Way also ran.
Fourth Race—One mile:
Floral King, 98 (Nicol), 7 to 10....1
Brancas, 110 (Dominick), 7 to 2....2
Triumvir, 99 (Johnson), 30 to 1....3
Time, 1:39 3-5. Shawana and Friendless also ran.
Fifth Race—Five furlongs:
Subtle, 100 (Robbins), 16 to 5....1
The Belle, 110 (Seamster), 4 to 1....2
Monte, 108 (Nicol), 5 to 1....3
Time, 1:01. Flaxman, Jade, Angalotta, Peach Bloom and Broadway Girl also ran.
Sixth Race—Mile and an eighth:
Glenwood, 101 (Foy), 6 to 1....1
Jingler, 98 (Shaver), 3 to 1....2
Reckoner, 98 (Hoffman), 12 to 1....3
Time, 1:55 2-5. Prosador, Wing Dance, Paramount, Rabunta and Bard of Avon also ran.

WORTH ENTRIES.

First Race—Six and one-half furlongs; selling: Harum Scarum, Wabana, Raviana, Miss Gunn, 96; Lydia Meadows, Jolly Witch, Green Rose, Sly Musette, Anne Alone, 101.

Second Race—Mile and a sixteenth; selling: Arab, Foxmead, Berry Waddell, 100; Rowland M., 103; Royal Arms, O'Hagan, Santa Teresa, La Chaperone, Voila, 105; Avenger, 113; Barkelmore, 108; Sarilla, 110; Dutiful, 113; King's Court, 115.

Third Race—Six furlongs: New Mown Hay, 97; Rusk, Emperor of India, 100; Sunny Shore, The Crisis, Mayor Johnson, 101; Don Domo, Nannie Hodge, 102; Frontenac, 107.

Fourth Race—One mile; selling: Lile, 97; Peter J. Somers, 98; Hot, Scotsman, 100; Alice Commoner, 101; Columbia Girl, 101; Harney, 103; Federal, Blue Mint, 105; Burning Glass, 106; Celebration, 107; Floyd K., 108.

Fifth Race—One mile; selling: Silvermeade, Seven Oaks, Bobby Lund, 91; Docile, 92; Polk Miller, 95; Annora J., Cohasset, Mingore, Nannan, 96; St. Blue, 97; Mattie Spencer, 105.

Sixth Race—Five and one-half furlongs: The Reprobate, Simplicity, 100; Dr. Leggo, Michael Byrnes, Jake Sanders, 103; Col. Ruppert, Capitano, 109.

COMMODORE WINS AGAIN.

Handicapper Carries Heavy Impost and Takes Feature Race At St. Louis.

St. Louis, Oct. 18.—Commodore stamped himself as being the best horse at Delmar track when he won the feature of to-day's racing card. With 126 pounds up, Commodore ran his field off their feet and won in the easiest fashion by two lengths in the good time, for Delmar, of 1:14 flat for six furlongs. Aden's victory in the fifth cost the bookmakers many thousands of dollars. Track fast. Summaries:

First Race—One mile and seventy yards; selling:
Capt. Gaston, 107 (Scully), 9 to 2....1
Kingstelle, 102 (Seder), 5 to 1....2
Imboden, 104 (Austin), 5 to 1....3
Time, 1:47¼. Aules, Golden Light, Ora Z., Madoc, Amberita, Banquet, Roger Smith and Chapalia also ran.
Second Race—Six furlongs; selling:
Passive, 95 (Rice), 10 to 1....1
The Eye, 98 (Dickson), 30 to 1....2
Argosy, 103 (D. Austin), 11 to 10....3
Time, 1:16. Ollie Burnett, Preventative, By Play, Dromio, Mellwood, Miss Powell, and Kathryn L. also ran.
Third Race—Five and one-half furlongs; selling:
Tom Mankins, 110 (W. Dugan), 5 to 2....1
Bob Curt, 105 (Dickson), 4 to 1....2
Kiowa Chief, 105 (Howell), 7 to 1....3
Time, 1:08. Sweet Note, Matt Wadleigh, Essayer, Rhyme and Reason, Maj. Carpenter, Handseer, Lady Walter, Radium and Sir Francis II. also ran.
Fourth Race—Six furlongs; handicap:
Commodore, 126 (W. Dugan), 5 to 2....1
Footlights Favorite, 110 (S. Dickson), 8 to 5....2
Malster, 112 (Munro), 8 to 5....3
Time, 1:14. Icewater, Jennie Hughes, Mafalda and Bensonhurst also ran. Footlights Favorite and Malster coupled.
Fifth Race—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse:
Aden, 110 (Cheatham), 4 to 5....1
Tuby Tosa, 98 (McMullen), 5 to 1....2
Pinochle, 95 (League), 9 to 1....3
Time, 1:48¾. Bourke Cockran, Sam Craig, Flora Willoughby and Lady Strathmore also ran.
Sixth Race—One mile and seventy yards; selling:
Fenian, 98 (Dickson), 10 to 1....1
Lemon, 93 (Clark), 12 to 1....2
Mindora, 105 (Emblem), 4 to 1....3
Time, 1:47¼. Oudenarde, Sambo, Avoid, Albany Girl and Check Morgan also ran. Sister Lillian lost rider.

DELMAR ENTRIES.

First Race—Five furlongs: Annisquam, Belle S., Bessie Mac, McJetta, Mamie Lynch, Laprincess, Dorothy Dodd, Pique, 100; Nepenthe (Imp.), Wakeful, Dotage, Lady Greenwood, 105.

Second Race—Five and one-half furlongs: Jack Moran, Lady Lou, Clara D., 96; Trourere, St. Flour, Sandbath, 99; Magnolia, Blytheness, Laura Ball, Always Faithful, 114; Detest, Ben Lear, 119.

Third Race—One and three-sixteenths miles: Lemon Girl, 86; Short Cake, Jollier, 91; Hucena, George Vivian, Secundus, 95; Illuminate, 100; Second Mate, 103; Drummond, 104; Golden Light, Birdwood, Judge Cantrill, 105.

Fourth Race—Seven furlongs: Tarns Rod, 97; Crime, 100; Orient, 107; Pretension, 110; Miss Mae Day, 116; Commodore, 128.

Fifth Race—Mile and a sixteenth: Sabot, 95; Ingolthrift, 96; Responsive, 97; Mainspring, Bengal, 100; Bourke Cockran, Canyon, 105.

Sixth Race—Six and one-half furlongs: King's Charm, 98; Tender Crest, 99; Eleanor Howard, Tribes, 100; Oudon, 101; Ivernia, 102; Maverick, One More, 105; Bab, Whiskers, 107; Lasso, 108; Miss Manners, 109.

FILLY WINS ANOTHER.

Alma Dufour Easily Beats Bragg and Elliott In Feature At Kansas City.

Kansas City, Oct. 18.—Alma Dufour, the favorite, won the Baltimore Hotel Consolation Handicap, the feature of the card at Elm Ridge to-day. Cleverly ridden by Lewis, the speedy filly trailed the field until three furlongs from the wire, where she went to the front and finished two lengths in front of Bragg, who beat Elliott a length for the place. Sir Andrew, William Wright and San Nicholas were the other winning favorites.

As a result of Florizel's race last Friday the entries of Florizel's owner, M. Boazberg, known on the turf as Jack Sheehan, will be refused hereafter, the presiding judge announced to-day. Jockey Michaels, who rode Florizel, has been suspended indefinitely. Jockey Mountain has been suspended indefinitely for his ride on Pacifico last Friday.

Jockey Lawrence was set down for the remainder of the Elm Ridge meeting for a rough ride on Happy Chappy to-day.

Weather cloudy; track fast. Summaries:

First Race—Five and one-half furlongs:
Venator, 109 (Cormack), 3 to 1....1
Our Lillie, 99 (Moriarity), 16 to 1....2
My Gem, 99 (McDaniels), 13 to 1....3
Time, 1:07¼. Erema, Stumptown, Hazel Roberts, Back Number, Lady Idris, Lady Chariot, Feby Blue, Oronte, Montauk, Trilby, Ericula, Liberty Mo and Agnes Brennan also ran.
Second Race—Five furlongs:
Tyrolian, 107 (Cormack), 3 to 1....1
Alice Platt, 105 (Sheehan), 20 to 1....2
Adare, 103 (Lawrence), 13 to 5....3
Time, 1:01¼. Royal Legend, Helena W., Harvester II., Lady Moneuse, A Lady, Gallant Cassie, Miss Deuce, Flying Trapeze and Lerida also ran.
Third Race—Five and one-half furlongs:
Sir Andrew, 104 (Henry), 2 to 1....1
Crescerton, 107 (Cocoia), 12 to 1....2
Eugenia B., 99 (Aubuchon), 2 to 1....3
Time, 1:07½. Maud Miller, C. Q., Tryon, Scepter, Dungannon, Josette and Regea also ran. Happy Chappy finished first, but was disqualified for fouling.
Fourth Race—One and one-eighth miles:
Alma Dufour, 92 (Lewis), 3 to 5....1
Bragg, 105 (Knapp), 3 to 1....2
Elliott, 109 (Daly), 5 to 1....3
Time, 1:53½. Horatius also ran.
Fifth Race—One mile:
William Wright, 103 (Otis), 6 to 5....1
Never Such, 109 (Aubuchon), 5 to 1....2
Harbor, 101 (Cormack), 3 to 1....3
Time, 1:40½. Sweetie and The Major also ran.
Sixth Race—One mile:
San Nicholas, 103 (Lawrence), 2 to 1....1
Buccleuth, 92 (Aubuchon), 5 to 1....2
Barklyite, 100 (McBride), 8 to 1....3
Time, 1:39½. St. Tammany, Lady Chatham, Ethel Wheat and Rag Tag also ran.

ELM RIDGE ENTRIES.

First Race—Three-quarters of a mile: Dolly Gray, Norel, Sailor Knot, Joe Goss, 104; Dargin, 107; Dan Comins, Vanness, Out Sallie, Bay Wonder, 109; Robinhood, W. R. Condon, 111; Robert Turney, 112; Toledo, 113.

Second Race—One and one-sixteenth miles: Mammon, 95; Proofreader, 97; Sigmund, Plautus, 98; May Holladay, 100; Payne, Stunts, 101; Mynheer, Baikal, Pettijohn, Monia, 103; Charmel, Western Duke, 106; Maj. Tenny, Hans Wagner, 109.

Third Race—Seven-eighths of a mile; purse: Fred Hornbeck, Envoy, Girdlestone, King's Trophy, Uncle Charley, No Trumper, 103; Red Reynard, Ara, 110.

Fourth Race—One mile; handicap; for three-year-olds and up: Bombardier, 93; Otto Stifel, 96; The Lady, 102; Judge Himes, 105; Dalvay, 113; McGee, Claude, 122.

Fifth Race—Steeplechase; short course: Spring Water, 130; Evander, 135; Creolin, 137; Schwarzwald, 144; Mrs. Grannan, 160.

Sixth Race—Five-eighths of a mile: Dave Welch, Lou Merrill, Clara Sigsbee, 99; Fleetwood, Nachmeister, 102; Padrone, 109; Sorrel Top, Loony, Blaze Vail, Lidia Wrousman, Macin, Raining Leaves, 104; Doctor C., Alpha Reese, Flying Trapeze, 107.

NEW TRACK ALMOST READY.

Course At New Orleans To Be Completed By December 1.

The new race course of the New Orleans Jockey Club, situated on Bayou St. John, by the side of picturesque City Park, is almost completed. The track itself is three-quarters done. River sand is being barged to the landing on the bayou and placed on the track as fast as possible. A top coating of the sand is making a fine track, says a special from New Orleans.

As for the buildings, stables, concrete grandstand and all the improvements of the grounds, the contractors are under heavy bond to turn them over complete by December 1. The foundations of the grandstand and betting ring are now complete. They consist of massive pillars of concrete that stand about eight feet above ground, having broad bases that taper toward the top.

Back of the grandstand and reaching far down toward Bayou St. John may be seen an imposing colony of buildings, including the stables, kitchens, etc., most of which are either completed or very nearly so. These stables have eight or ten inches of well-packed cinders under their floors.

Accommodations for 600 horses will be ready in early December. As a finishing work in the infield will be ornamented and the landscape gardener will have a chance at some fine finishing touches.

In the past week or so this new racing venture in New Orleans has been taking an enthusiastic hold on the sporting public, which is now increasing with every day's frost. It has been demonstrated that there is plenty of money behind it and that the enterprise is being pushed to success.

The 'Frisco railroad will run suburban trains to the race course gates from its handsome new passenger station on Canal street. This will give ample and quick means of transportation to and from the track, which may have been urged as an objection to the old Crescent City course at some times. Beside the steam trains the New Orleans Railway Company is now preparing to secure franchises and extend its tracks along Bayou St. John from Esplanade avenue to the race track gates. This will give both modes of transportation to and from the grounds.

If there had been any question about the time and intentions of the new race course and the New Orleans Jockey Club back of it that doubt was probably dispelled, at least in a great measure, when Manager Harry Brown announced the purses and stakes during the week. These announcements show that there is capital behind it somewhere and the belief is here that big Eastern turfmen who have ambitions of their own are backing this enterprise to the limit.

The announcement of stakes and purses by Manager Brown the other day will interest race horse owners all over the country. As will be seen, there are some innovations among them for Southern tracks.

In the proposed fifty days of racing the purses and stakes of the new club amount to over $150,000. There will be no purses for less than $400, while the overnight handicaps will average all the way from $500 to $1,000.

There will be four stakes of $1,250 each added money and two stakes of $1,500 each added money.

The club offers an inaugural handicap worth $2,000 and a Panama handicap to be run during January worth $10,000, to be open to three-year-olds and upward, for one and a quarter miles.

KEENE AGAINST YOUNG WHITNEY.

How the Fight Between the Millions Was Waged Over the Sale of Hamburg.

JUST one man in the thousands that packed Madison Square Garden from floor to roof a few days ago at the dispersal sale of the stud of the late William C. Whitney raised a voice to bid against Mr. Whitney's son for what was, next to his family, probably his most valued possession, says the New York World. This man was James R. Keene, and the animal he bid for was Hamburg, the peerless stallion, the very apple of Mr. Whitney's eye.

Was it a last flash of the old bitter turf enmity that made the two men foes in racing until death broke it, or was it merely, as the auctioneer said in opening, "a horse sale?"

Whatever it was, it was over in a second. The applause that greeted Hamburg had hardly died away when Harry Payne Whitney, in answer to the auctioneer's request for a bid, said $50,000. There was a short pause and then Mr. Keene said sharply $60,000.

Quick as a flash came young Whitney's reply, $70,000, and the hammer fell.

* * *

Gathering of Horse Lovers.

Madison Square Garden was jammed to suffocation with drivers, trainers, bookmakers, touts, stable boys and everyday followers of the turf, a few drawn there to buy, but the great majority by sentiment. Many came because they loved and admired the great dead turfman, and many more came to feast their eyes once again on the glorious animals that had carried their hopes and dollars in many a royal struggle.

First of all, there were the Whitneys, Harry Payne and several women of the family, all dressed in black and seated in a line on one side of the ring. Near them was Herman B. Duryea, in whose colors the Whitney horses are racing this year. Farther on sat Sydney Paget at the elbow of his turf patron, J. B. Haggin, whose horses he races. Haggin once owned Nasturtium, one of the horses on the catalogue, in partnership with Mr. Whitney, and he showed keen interest in him when the handsome fellow appeared.

James R. Keene came in alone, wearing a long gray overcoat over his evening clothes, his silk hat cocked rakishly to one side and a long cigar in his mouth. Then came Clarence Mackay, Frank Hitchcock, Harry Page, and behind them William K. Vanderbilt, closely attended by Jack McDonald, his turf adviser.

James R. Rogers, who trained for Mr. Whitney; R. T. Wilson, Jr., with Mrs. Wilson, all smiles and interest; E. R. Thomas, tall and thin; George Wheelock, the fashionplate of all bookmakers; Sol Lichtenstein, in the same trade, but not so gorgeously arrayed; Andrew Miller, De Courcey Forbes, Judge McDowell, Capt. Sam Brown, John E. Madden—in fact, every well-known man on the turf crowded in and took a seat wherever he could get it.

* * *

Bargains and Sentiment.

It was 8:30 o'clock when the auctioneer, William Easton, mounted the block and in a few words voiced what was in many minds, that, although it was a horse sale, it was an occasion fraught with sadness. A time for sentiment, not for bargain in horseflesh.

"The turf world has known for a long time the cause which makes this sale obligatory," he said. "This can hardly be called merely an auctioneer's sale. It is an event, the greatest we have ever known; it is an epoch vast in its importance to history. But how infinitely sad it is that it means the practical breaking up of a glorious institution founded by the painstaking efforts and expenditure of a fortune by that great statesman and noble-hearted gentleman, William C. Whitney. But, shorn of the sentiment, this is business. It is a horse sale."

Mr. Easton had not boomed his wares to any great advantage. Rather had he made it seem a sacrilege to bid for them. But he warmed up when he announced as the first horse to be offered the great Hamburg. A thunder of applause greeted the mention of the horse's name, and Mr. Easton had to beseech the crowd to cease, as an accident was to be feared from the highly strung animals should they become over-excited.

* * *

Hamburg's Turf Triumphs.

What will Hamburg bring? This was the question that every horseman had been discussing.

John E. Madden bought the brown colt down in Kentucky as a yearling for $1,200.

When Madden got him ready to carry his cherry and white silks he had a young whirlwind, and knew it. Nothing in his year could touch him for speed, endurance and ability to carry weight. No one who witnessed it will ever forget the day he stood for just about one hour at the post with more than 130 pounds on his back, waiting for the flash of the starter's flag, while all around and about him a dozen horses were twisting, turning and kicking. Favorite as he naturally was for the race, his backers groaned as they saw him there with that crushing weight on him, and hedged their bets. But they bitterly regretted it when the start came.

At the drop of the flag the grand animal sprang to the front and the thousands of spectators, straining their eyes down the track saw in front of the pack, running as smoothly as a well-oiled machine, a brown horse with a long white blaze down his face. It was Hamburg all the way with the others nowhere. And that expression about sums up his whole turf career, for when thoroughly fit he was never defeated.

When he had finished his triumphal career as a two-year-old Marcus Daly purchased him from Madden for $40,000, and that great turfman retired him at the end of his third year as sound as the day he was foaled. At the Marcus Daly dispersal sale Madden, with instructions from Mr. Whitney to buy Hamburg at any cost, got him for $60,000.

* * *

Mr. Keene's Single Bid.

As the beautiful animal was led into the ring a murmur of admiration swept over the spectators. The dignity and weight which comes with years could not disguise his glorious lines, and his old admirers recognized him instantly.

He arched his glossy brown neck and looked the crowd over with big intelligent eyes as the auctioneer launched into a glowing tribute to his merit as a sire and his prowess as a racer.

Then came the request for a bid. "Start him at $100,000, gentlemen, not a cent less," pleaded the auctioneer. Then there was a long pause amid dead silence. Harry Payne Whitney quickly scanned the faces of the men it seemed would most likely try to get the horse, but all eyes were on the animal standing there looking over the crowd. All eyes were turned on Mr. Keene, who now for the first time was nervously alert.

Then Mr. Whitney spoke up quietly but so distinctly that all could hear, "$50,000."

A pained shocked look spread over the countenance of the auctioneer, but before he could give utterance to a sound Mr. Keene cut in sharply with his bid of $60,000.

Everyone looked quickly over to the gray-bearded turfman, who was nervously chewing his cigar, as a bid was not looked for from that quarter. But like a flash came young Whitney with "$70,000," and everyone was still.

Was the old feud to be carried on?

Was all the bitterness that followed the day when the elder Whitney's Ballyhoo Bey beat Mr. Keene's Tommy Atkins for the Futurity of 1900 to be revived and be visited on the stripling now the head of his father's house?

Or was this "only a horse sale?"

Apparently it was the latter, for, although expectancy was written on everyone's face and the two young Whitneys pulled nervously at their tiny mustaches, Mr. Keene did not open his lips again. All the coaxing and pleading of the auctioneer could not bring out another bid. So the pride of Mr. Whitney went back to his own stable.

THE FINEST TROTTER EVER PRODUCED

Major Delmar Has Proved His Great Ability In a Long, Hard Campaign.

THE peerless trotter, Major Delmar, 2:01¾, who broke the world's record last Saturday, and who beat Lou Dillon yesterday, is owned in New York City. More than that, he was bred, trained and always owned in the Empire State. With all the boasted climatic advantages that have produced former champions, the New York product now stands out as the greatest trotter the world has ever produced. The fact that the mile trotted by Major Delmar at Lexington in 2:01¾ is a new world's record and eclipses the former record, held by Cresceus, by half a second, is really but a minor fact considering the horse as a new trotting king. It is the wonderful capacity he has shown throughout the season to duplicate performances that other champions have never been able to make but once that stamps him as the greatest trotter in turf history.

Beginning his campaign for the season at the Empire City meeting on August 13, Major Delmar stepped at once to the head of the list by equaling the 2:02¼ of Cresceus. At Readville, on August 26, Major Delmar duplicated his record, by trotting in 2:02¼. At Syracuse, on September 7, another mile in 2:02¼ went to his credit. Then, at Cincinnati, on September 30, the new trotting king put a mile in 2:02¾ to his credit. Four times out of seven starts Major Delmar trotted in 2:02¼. Twice his efforts fell short by half a second—at Readville in September and at Columbus—each mile being trotted in 2:02¾. At Providence his mile was in 2:03. All these preceded the eighth and successful attempt at Lexington, and seven such performances, or anything approaching them, were never before recorded in turf history.

To show what a wonderful campaign Maj. Delmar has made, a comparison with the performances of Cresceus, the former king of the turf, is the only standard available. Cresceus was at the zenith of his powers in 1901, when he set the record at 2:02¼, and was hailed as the king of trotters. Cresceus began that campaign at Cleveland in July, and trotted in 2:02¾. At Columbus the week following he trotted in 2:02¼. At Poughkeepsie on August 8, he trotted in 2:06¼. At Brighton Beach he defeated The Abbot, 2:03¼, trotting the first heat in 2:03¼. His fastest mile after that was 2:04¾ at Philadelphia, in an effort to beat 2:02¼, while at Minneapolis his time was 2:03½.

The next year Cresceus was started six times to beat 2:02¼, and twice he trotted in 2:04, once in 2:04¼, once in 2:05, once in 2:05½, and once in 2:08. Last year he was again started six times, and his fastest mile was 2:07¼. Here it is seen that in the three campaigns when the great Cresceus was at his best, he trotted once in 2:02¼, once in 2:02¾, once in 2:03¼, twice in 2:04, with the remainder of his miles all in slower time.

With these facts to guide in giving Maj. Delmar the honor he has earned, it becomes plain that not only has he trotted the fastest mile ever credited to a harness horse under normal conditions, but he has trotted more miles at the extreme limit this season than any former champion covered in an entire career.

CORBETT FAVORS THIS COUNTRY

Thinks His Fight With White Would Draw Well Here.

MORE MONEY IN AMERICA.

Leaves For California This Week To Meet "Battling" Nelson In a Short Time.

RYAN WOULD MEET JEFFRIES

YOUNG CORBETT has experienced a sudden change of mind regarding his proposed match with Jabez White, the English champion featherweight. Although it has been practically decided to hold the fight at the National Sporting Club, in London, the Denverite declares he and White can secure more money by fighting in this country.

Corbett thinks one of the clubs on the coast would willingly give $10,000 or $12,000 for the match. He also believes that if White would consent to meet him in a six-round bout in Philadelphia they would draw one of the biggest crowds that ever attended a boxing contest in that city.

Corbett has come to the conclusion that he would have less difficulty in beating White if they fought in America, as the atmospheric conditions abroad always have had a detrimental effect on him. However, if White insists on a fight in England, the Westerner says he will surrender to the inevitable.

Corbett has been matched to fight Battling Nelson in California within the next two months. Billy Roche made the match. The men will weigh at 6 o'clock on the day of the fight. The date of the bout has not been set.

Young Corbett and his trainer, Harry Tuthill, will leave for the coast this week. Corbett announced that he could not be ready to fight until the latter part of November.

Johnny Oliver, representing Tommy Murphy, of Harlem, met Joe Humphreys, acting for Hughey McGovern, in New York on Monday, and arranged a match between McGovern and Murphy, the same to take place within a month's time. The match is to be decided before the club giving the best purse, and is to be from six rounds up to twenty. From present indications, the mill will take place at Baltimore, where fifteen-round contests are allowed. Murphy prefers this distance, as he things he can dispose of McGovern in about this time. The two met a few weeks ago at Philadelphia, and the outcome was a six-round draw.

What was considered an important match was arranged the first part of this week, when Aurelia Herrera, the "Mexican," signed articles to fight Kid Goodman, of St. Louis. The pair are to box at Butte, Mont., on October 25, and will come together for twenty rounds. This will be Herrera's first fight since he was whipped by Battling Nelson. Goodman is a clever pugilist and is expected to take the Mexican's measure.

* * *

Ryan After Jeffries.

Tommy Ryan, the world's middleweight champion, was in a confiding mood. Tommy had just returned from his victory over Veteran Bob Douglass, and he was feeling pretty much at ease with himself and the world, says a New York paper.

"Say," he said, "I'm going to tip something off to you. On the q. t. now, mind."

Tommy pulled his chair just a bit closer.

"Have I got your word? This doesn't go any further?" he asked anxiously, and not receiving an answer continued.

"Did it ever strike you as funny that I should hie myself to a farm, leaving the world and everything else far behind me, and work like a slave just to whip Jack O'Brien and some of those other four-flushers? Hey, didn't it ever occur to you that I could lick O'Brien and all the other four-flushing middleweights in the same ring on the same night and with one hand tied behind me, do it, too, without going to any farm and spending a year behind the plow?"

Tommy paused a moment for his words to take effect.

* * *

Ryan Unfolds Secret.

"Well, what'd I do it for, then? What'd I go over to Michigan for, and plow and hoe and grow peaches and raise chickens? Hey, what'd I do it for? Because I loved the life? Hardly. The life's all right but it wasn't the life I went for. Now, you'll be the first man to know my real reason, but I want you to remember that this is on the quiet. Do you understand?

Again there wasn't a response forthcoming and Tommy, thus encouraged, leaned over, lowered his voice to a whisper, and continued.

"It's to even that score with Jim Jeffries. That's why I did it. That's why I made a farmer out of myself. That's why I've spent an entire year building myself up and taking on all the weight I could find. And I'm pretty nearly ready now. Pretty nearly ready to fight Jim Jeffries—and beat him.

* * *

Is Sure On Jeff.

"Jim played me a mean trick a few years back. You know all about that. You know how I taught him all he knew about the fight game and how, when he became champion, he turned on me and wouldn't give me my just deserts. That's not news to you, but this is.

"I've waited a long time to get even with Jim. First I thought Bob Fitzsimmons would help me out. But Bob didn't. Then I thought Jim Corbett would turn the tables. You remember how I traveled all the way to the coast and put in a month telling Jim all I knew about Jeff and helping him in his training. When Jim failed to turn the trick I knew it was up to me. I said to myself: 'Tommy Ryan, you've got to whip that giant yourself or he'll never be whipped.'

* * *

Studied the Situation.

"I spent a week studying the situation. I decided to take my time about it. I thought of the farm and the idea clung to me. So I bought the farm and went to work. I got in great form. Took on weight, developed my punch and studied up a lot of new tricks and blows. When I thought I was fit I got on a fight with a cheap fellow, but hard hitter, this fellow Douglass, tried some of my blows on him and then finally put him to sleep so smoothly and nicely that he didn't wake up for half an hour afterward.

"What's my programme now? First, I'll fight Jack O'Brien. He'll take about ten minutes of my time, and then he'll fall gently to sleep. If Bob Fitzsimmons will fight I'll take him on next. After that I'll fight Jack Root, George Gardner, Kid McCoy, Sandy Ferguson and half a dozen others as often as they bob up. Then I'll be ready for Jeff. See?"

Tommy threw himself back in his chair and looked up at the ceiling.

"Now, mind, this doesn't go any further just yet a while," he said, and getting up stretched his legs and walked out.

Marine Intelligence.

New York, Oct. 18.—Sailed: Kronprinz Wilhelm, Bremen via Plymouth and Cherbourg; Ultonia, Naples, Trieste and Fiume; Victorian, Liverpool.

Naples, Oct. 17.—Arrived: Calabria, New York.

Gibraltar, Oct. 17.—Arrived: Prinzess Irene, New York for Naples and Genoa, and proceeded. Sailed 18th: Lohigen Luise, from Genoa and Naples, New York.

Bremen, Oct. 18.—Arrived: Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, New York via Plymouth and Cherbourg.

Antwerp, Oct. 18.—Arrived: Rhynland Philadelphia.

Liverpool, Oct. 17.—Sailed: Mongolian Bermuda.

Christiania, Oct. 13.—Sailed: Nicolai II., Boston.

PREPARING FOR THE BIG GAMES

Very Few Important Football Contests Scheduled For To-day.

HARD CONTESTS SATURDAY.

The Big Tournament Is To Open At the Stadium, St. Louis, Next Tuesday.

KENTUCKY IS TO TAKE PART.

THERE are no midweek games scheduled to be played in the West from now until the close of season. All teams, big and little alike, are preparing for the hardest part of their schedules.

Probably the most interesting matter in connection with the sport is the big tournament that will open at the stadium, World's Fair Grounds, Tuesday, and which will continue until the Fair closes.

Washington University has already played several games, but the tournament proper will open with a game between the 'Varsity scrubs of St. Louis University and Kemper Military Academy to be played Tuesday at 4 o'clock. Thursday afternoon St. Louis University will play Kentucky University and on Saturday Drury College will oppose Washington.

Of the three games, more interest is centered in that between Kentucky University and St. Louis than the other two. Kentucky is reported as having one of the best teams in the history of that institution, while both teams are about evenly matched in weight. St. Louis is playing championship football for this time of the season, and looks for a victory and will take plenty of whipping before it is downed.

Coach Delaney, of St. Louis, is delighted with the showing his men made in Saturday's game, and in speaking of the work of the blue and white, stated that he hopes for a victory over the Colonels.

Kentucky will probably attempt to play Hogan Yancey, captain of the team, who played center field for the Savannah team of the South Atlantic League this season, but St. Louis will not allow him to play under any consideration. Yancey has been suspended by the A. A. U. for professionalism, and on Saturday the team plays Missouri at Columbia, so that Yancey will also be barred by the Tigers.

* * *

About the Big Teams.

It was blue Saturday with a vengeance for the big college football teams. Once a season a day filled with these surprises usually occurs; but it is seldom that all the leaders get their bumps together.

That was the exact situation on Saturday. Not one of the "Big Six" (so-called by courtesy, for it has been many years since Penn had an eleven that ranked among the leading sextette of Eastern teams) came out of its contest with credit.

Princeton, the mighty champion team of 1903, lost to Annapolis; Columbia was outclassed by Amherst; Harvard was unable to cross the Army line, and barely won by a goal from field; Yale was scored on twice by Syracuse; Cornell couldn't prevent Bucknell from twice crossing its line, and Penn, though lucky enough to land a single touchdown, was outplayed by Brown, and developed a weakness in the line so marked that a Harvard defeat is a certainty unless better forwards can be found.

A busy day, indeed, was October 15.

* * *

Harvard Not Yet Scored On.

Harvard is now the only prominent Eastern college which has not been scored on. Next comes Penn, whose line has not been crossed, but against whom four points stand as a result of Crowell's goal from field in the Swarthmore game. Nine points have been recorded against Yale, ten against Princeton, twelve against Columbia and eighteen against Cornell.

This proves anew that since the smaller colleges have been getting their training from graduates of the big ones the time has passed that any team can be accounted easy.

Besides the upsets in the big games, there are others of scarcely less interest in the smaller ones. The Indians ran up one of the biggest scores made in the East in recent years—100—against admittedly weak Albright, and Haverford downed Lehigh 6-0.

The consistent work of the Indians to date raises a doubt that Glenn Warner was essential to the team.

* * *

Pierce Should Not Have Played.

The big victory of the Indians was marred by the presence of Hawley Pierce. The big fullback has not been a student at the school for several years, and since he has been away has played professional football. For this reason he should not have been allowed to play.

The other colleges rightfully refrain from exacting from Carlisle an observation of the eligibility rules that govern college football. The Indians have a small student body, and would be needlessly handicapped were they allowed to play men only four years. But downright and admitted professionals should be barred.

It will take Princeton a long time to recover from the Annapolis defeat. Some partisans of the Orange and Black say that it may be a blessing in disguise; but this is fallacious reasoning. It is an attempt to be cheerful that will deceive no one.

In warfare a General does not let an enemy beat him so that he may not become overconfident of his own strength. His policy is go in and win, and win all the time. So it is in football.

* * *

Princeton Line Weak.

The ten points made by Annapolis are the least things in the game that should worry the Tigers.

There were other more serious facts to be considered in view of the approaching Yale contest one month hence.

The ten points were partly the result of flukes. The ball was never carried across the Orange and Black line. Norton kicked a field goal, and Whiting fell on the ball back of the line after the pigskin had hit Burke.

The scoring can be explained, but the Tiger coaches will be worried to tell how it was that their line was outplayed from end to end by the Navy bunch.

Twice in the latter part of the game the sailors broke through and blocked kicks. Nothing can go further to prove the inefficiency of forwards.

Yale didn't do enough better to give the Elis a chance to crow. But this must be said for the Blues, that Syracuse was opposed by scrubs, and did no scoring in the first half when the regulars were in. Bloomer and Kinney did not play.

* * *

Praise For Syracuse.

The gallant game put up by the Syracuse is a new proof of their spunk. With a small student body they hold the intercollegiate rowing championships in senior and freshman eights, and are always scorers in the intercollegiate athletic meets. The right college spirit is evidently at work in that institution.

Cornell is an eleven with a strong offense and a weak defense. All the games played so far have shown this, and the form against Bucknell was a new illustration. The lack of heavy men accounts in part for Warner's inability to get a line that will hold.

Columbia fared worse than any other eleven. The New Yorkers did not lose on a fluke or a slump. They were outclassed as completely as if they had been a minor eleven playing champions. The work of Hubbard, the Amherst half, was brilliant in the extreme. One of his star plays was an eighty-five-yard run for a touchdown. Only Metzenthin came out of the contest with any credit for Columbia.

SESSIONS

Of Grand Lodge and Grand Chapter Begin.

REPORT OF GRAND MASTER

SAYS ORDER IS IN FLOURISHING CONDITION.

ENTERTAINMENT BY ORPHANS.

The greatest gathering of Masons in the history of the order in Kentucky assembled in Louisville yesterday, and over a thousand members of the craft are in attendance on the sessions of the Grand Lodge, the Grand Chapter and the lesser meetings which are being held. Many of the members of the order are accompanied by their wives, and the social side of the week will not be the least enjoyable to the Masons.

The opening session of the Grand Lodge was held yesterday at the New Masonic Theater, and the reports of Grand Master Owen D. Thomas and the grand secretary and treasurer were read. In the afternoon the annual entertainment of the children of the Masonic Widows' and Orphans' Home was held in the theater and was attended by an audience that completely filled the big playhouse. The Grand Chapter met last night and elected officers, besides hearing the annual reports. Daylight Lodge, No. 760, of Louisville, was organized under the charter which was granted by the Grand Lodge and has the distinction of being the first to be organized during the session of the Grand Lodge.

The Grand Lodge will probably elect officers to-day or to-morrow, and a spirited contest for Grand Junior Warden is anticipated. Among the candidates are J. C. Muir, of Hodgenville; H. P. Barrett, of Henderson; Virgil Smith, of Somerset; W. C. Black, of Barbourville, and Robert Worth Bingham, of Louisville. As the election to the office of Grand Junior Warden practically insures the successful candidate's succession to the office of Grand Master, the honor is a much-coveted one.

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The Opening Session.

The opening session of the Grand Lodge was held at 9 o'clock at the New Masonic Theater, the big hall being crowded. The session is the one hundred and fourth of the Grand Lodge of Kentucky, and the attendance is the largest ever known. Nearly every lodge in good standing in the State is represented, and over 1,000 men answered at roll call. On the stage were seated by the present officers the Past Grand Masters and several guests of honor, including Past Masters John D. Landrum, J. W. Hopper, J. A. Ramsey, Howard French, Thomas Todd, Henry Bostwick, James E. Wilhelm, F. C. Gerard, J. G. Orendorff and William H. Meffert.

Owen D. Thomas, of Lebanon, the Grand Master, called the gathering to order, and after the usual tests to determine who was entitled to sit in the body, the roll call of the lodges was begun. After roll call John D. Landrum presented to the Grand Lodge one of the oldest Masons in the State, A. O. West, who has belonged to the order for fifty-four years. He is eighty-four years of age, and has been Worshipful Master of his lodge for twenty years. The present session of the Grand Lodge is the first that he has ever attended, and after being introduced, Mr. West was prevailed upon to make a short speech. He was then given a seat among the dignitaries of the order.

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Grand Master's Report.

The report of the Grand Master occupied the attention for an hour, Mr. Thomas including in addition to the regular decisions and reports, an account of his visits to the several institutions maintained by the Grand Lodge and a statement of their condition. After congratulating the Grand Lodge on the prosperous condition of the order in Kentucky, Mr. Thomas spoke at length of the deaths of J. Soule Smith, James A. McKenzie, Charles M. Hobson, C. N. Hobson and John W. Faulkner, who died since the last session of the Grand Lodge. In regard to the new Masonic Temple, the Grand Master said:

We have a beautiful Masonic Temple. It was almost the unanimous demand of the Grand Lodeg that this building be erected. It has cost us about $267,000. The entire building has not yet been rented, and the report of the trustees for the year ending October 1, 1904, shows that the amount received from rents, etc., exceeds expenses by $1,727.73, but the interest on our debt has been paid by borrowing more money. The building cannot be self-sustaining until the expenses and indebtedness are considerably reduced. In April it was necessary to secure $30,000. The Board of Directors of the Widows' and Orphans' Home agreed to loan us this amount at 6 per cent. per annum, if the Grand Lodge would agree to pay $3,500 each year on the principal. The trustees of the Masonic agreed to this proposition and recommended that the terms be accepted, so the corporate body of the Grand Lodge agreed to pay the home board $3,500 per year on this loan.

The Old Masons' Home at Shelbyville is in excellent condition. Mr. Thomas said, and he announced that several of the Louisville lodges are preparing to raise funds to build an addition to the home. Speaking of the Masonic Widows and Orphans' Home in Louisville, Mr. Thomas paid a high tribute to the managemnet of Isaac Kelly, and also complimented Capt. H. B. Grant, the secretary of the Grand Lodge, in the highest terms. W. W. Rubel, Past Grand Master, was thanked for his services as assistant secretary.

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Committees Announced.

The following committees were appointed by Mr. Thomas:

Finance—H. E. French, W. W. Rubel, J. A. Ramsey.
Jurisprudence—C. H. Fish, J. A. Holland, B. G. Witt.
Appeals—L. M. McCarthy, J. H. Cowles, R. R. Burnam.
Lodges, U. D.—John G. Orndorff, A. H. Bryant, E. R. Mayer.
Foreign Correspondence—M. W. Clarke, W. A. Rosenham, R. M. Hocker.
Station Library—F. H. Johnson, Grand Master, Grand Secretary.
Credentials—J. W. Mair, Jr., J. H. Ewalt, P. F. Ferguson.
Visitors—William H. Meffert, George A. Lewis, Thomas Todd.
W. and O. Home—R. R. Russell, J. F. Carter, H. H. Holman.
Old Masons' Home—W. C. McChord, J. H. Florence, H. Bostwick.
The Masonic—H. H. Holeman, J. D. Black, R. E. Wood.
Necrology—Thomas S. Petit, J. E. Wilhelm, T. L. Jefferson.
Work—J. W. Hopper, J. H. Leathers, H. P. Grant, F. C. Gerrard, James Keeley.

The Grand Master next announced his decisions on the following questions that have been raised during the year. Two or more lodges may agree on the lines of jurisdiction, provided the constitution is rigidly adhered to in the agreement. An objection to a candidate elected to receive the A. E. degree has the same effect as a black-ball until it is withdrawn, but if withdrawn the candidate may be received. It is not necessary in organizing new lodges for the petitioners to secure demits before asking consent of lodges whose jurisdiction is affected.

A majority of those present may decide the proficiency of the examination of a candidate. After a candidate is rejected for lack of proficiency it is not necessary to wait three months before he is re-examined, but it can be done at the pleasure of the lodge. An applicant, once a member of a clandestine lodge, may be elected and admitted provided the lodge is careful to see that he withdrew as soon as he knew the character of the clandestine lodge and is worthy and sincere in his statement.

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New Lodges.

Capt. John H. Leathers, Grand Treasurer, read his report after the Grand Master had finished. The report of Capt. H. B. Grant, the Grand Secretary, followed. It is showed that the following new lodges were instituted during the past year:

Elkfork Lodge U. D., Elkfork, Morgan county, granted November 25, 1903. Set to work by Bro. C. W. Womack December 12, 1903.

Daylight Lodge U. D., Louisville, granted January 11, 1904. Set to work January 6, 1904, by Grand Master O. D. Thomas.

Wilmore Lodge U. D., Wilmore, Jessamine county, granted February 29, 1904. Set to work March 10, 1904, by Bro. B. M. Arnett.

Folsomdale U. D., Folsomdale, Graves county, granted February 29, 1904. Set to work May 21, 1904, by P. G. M. John W. Landrum.

Water Valley U. D., Water Valley, Graves county, granted April 9, 1904. Set to work April 23, 1904, by P. G. M. John W. Landrum.

Hebron U. D., Hebron, Boone county, granted April 16, 1904. Set to work April 23, 1904, by P. G. M. Henry Bostwick.

Ludlow U. D., Ludlow, Kenton county, granted June 20, 1904. Set to work June 29, 1904, by Bro. W. S. Gould.

Fannin Valley U. D., Fannin Valley, Elliott county, granted July 12, 1904. Set to work July 16, 1904, by Bro. J. C. Wells.

Hickman U. D., Hickman, Fulton county, granted July 13, 1904. Set to work July 22, 1904, by Bro. Joshua Naylor.

New Bryantsville U. D., Bryantsville, Garrard county, granted October 10, 1904. Set to work by Bro. Louis Landrum.

The Grand Lodge then adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning.

* * *

To Hold a Reunion.

Following the close of the Grand Lodge on Thursday afternoon the Scottish Rite Masons will hold a reunion in the Lodge of Perfection. The work, beginning with the fourth degree and concluding with the fourteenth, will begin immediately on the adjournment of the Grand Lodge, concluding the same evening.

A class of fifty already have their petitions in the hands of the Grand Registrar, Fred W. Hardwick, and petitions will be received until this evening.

By dispensation of the Grand Master, John H. Cowles, a special call meeting in the Union Lodge of Perfection will be held to-morrow evening for the purpose of balloting on petitions of any members of the Grand Lodge, who desire to affiliate with the Grand Consistory.

In attendance at the Grand Lodge this year are quite a number of the members of the Grand Consistory, among whom are Past Grand Masters Landrum, Gerard, and Holeman.

J. H. EWALT PRIEST.

Grand Chapter Meets and Elects Set of Officers.

The Grand Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, met last night at the Masonic Temple and after hearing the reports of officers for the past year, elected officers and adjourned until to-night. R. R. Burnham, the retiring Grand High Priest, made a most interesting report and recommended the districting of the State for inspections as required by the constitution. This work has never been done, and the High Priest dwelt at length on its importance. The reports of Frank E. Johnson, Grand Treasurer, and Capt. H. B. Grant, Grand Secretary, showed the Grand Chapter to be in excellent condition.

The following officers were elected:

Joe H. Ewalt, of Paris, Grand High Priest.

A. A. Hazelrigg, of Mount Sterling, Deputy High Priest.

H. H. Holeman, of Madisonville, Grand King.

George A. Lewis, of Frankfort, Grand Treasurer.

H. B. Grant, of Louisville, Grand Secretary.

The contest for Grand Scribe was the most exciting of the evening, and Mr. Lewis won by a small majority from G. Allison Holland, of Eminence. Mr. Ewalt announced after his election that he would appoint the other officers and the committees at to-night's session.

After the adjournment of the Grand Chapter, Hiram Chapter No. 129, of Louisville, conferred the Most Excellent Master's degree in a beautiful and impressive manner.

ENTERTAINMENT BY CHILDREN OF THE HOME.

Big Audience Pleased By the Songs, Recitations and Drills.

The annual entertainment by the children of the Masonic Widows' and Orphans' Home for the Grand Lodge was held at the New Masonic Theater yesterday afternoon. All three floors were packed and hundreds of Masons and their families stood in the aisles and in the rear throughout the afternoon. The Grand Lodge of Kentucky was the first of the order to found such a home, and its welfare is almost the first matter considered by the Grand Lodge. Nothing is too much to be done for the little ones left by dead members of the order, and every bit of clever work done by the children was applauded to the echo.

The children, several hundred in number, were seated in the parquet of the theater, going behind the scenes when it was their turn to appear. The exercises were opened with prayer by the chaplain, the Rev. James W. Rogers, after which the children were marched upon the stage and presented to the Grand Master by L. W. Botts. Mr. Thomas made a short but feeling address, expressing the pride the Masonic fraternity feels in the home and its children. The children responded by singing in chorus "Crows in the Corn." Miss Verna Hartman recited "The Gypsy Flower Girl" and displayed much ability in portraying the varying moods of the lovable, but hot-tempered Southern girl.

Twenty-four of the smaller children won a round of applause by singing "Sleepy Mary Green," which was followed by a gymnastic drill to music by the smallest tots of the institution, which was cleverly executed. Master Paul Underwood made a pronounced hit when he recited "The Patter of the Shingle." The Delsarte class, composed of the older girls, gave a pantomime, "Rock Me to Sleep, Mother," and later went through some of their exercises with much grace.

* * *

Parasol Drill.

The parasol drill, by twenty little girls, dressed in kimonas, was pretty and graceful and was followed by the singing of a stirring march, "Fife and Drum," by a class of girls. The boys' drum and trumpet corps gave some of the best bugle calls and the youngsters showed they knew how to manipulate the drum sticks. Miss Saidie Hartman recited "When the Minister Comes to Tea" and Master Ollie Tolin convulsed the crowd by his recitation of "So Was I," the story of the small brother who interrupted his big sister and her sweetheart. A wand drill by the Delsarte class closed the exercises, which were thoroughly enjoyed by the audience.

DAYLIGHT LODGE A REALITY.

Ceremonies Attract Great Assemblage of Masons.

Daylight Lodge, No. 760, was established at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon by Grand Master Owen D. Thomas and the other officers of the grand lodge. The ceremony was conducted in the blue room of the Masonic Temple, and was attended not only by a large number of the delegates to the grand lodge, but by a numerous assemblage of Masons from the fifteen other Louisville lodges. Daylight lodge is unique in Kentucky, and is one of three in the United States working only in the daytime. It was set to work under dispensation January 11 with fifteen members. It was chartered by the grand lodge yesterday morning with forty-five members.

The lodge opened under dispensation, and Past Grand Master James W. Hopper escorted and introduced Grand Master Thomas and all the other officers of the grand lodge, who immediately took charge of the respective offices. The charter was read by Grand Secretary H. B. Grant, and the lodge then proceeded to the election of officers. The provisional officers were again chosen, as follows:

Isaac T. Woodson, Jr., master; David W. Gray, senior warden; Herman Hoeppner, junior warden; Stephen D. Smith, secretary; John A. Gray, treasurer; W. B. Gossett, tyler; Ernest W. Sprague, senior deacon; James L. Lisle, junior deacon; J. Otto Dolfinger and C. Henry Stege, stewards. The installation of officers followed, Past Grand Master Thomas Todd, of Owensboro, acting as grand marshal, whereupon they assumed their stations and took charge of the business of the lodge. Mr. Woodson, in taking his seat, told briefly of the motives which prompted the establishment of a Masonic lodge which should set at times when those who cannot devote their evenings to such work might be present. This appealed not only to night workers and visitors to the city, but also to many business men of Louisville, who, living in the suburbs, rarely have opportunity to return to the city in the evening.

Master Woodson presented to Grand Master Thomas the gavel with which the latter had set the lodge to work under dispensation and again under charter. To Grand Secretary Grant, to whom Mr. Woodson paid high tribute for his long Masonic service, he presented the master's jewel, worn while the lodge was under dispensation.

The lodge was closed in form by the grand officers and will hereafter meet on the second and fourth Saturdays at 4 o'clock in the afternoon in the blue room of Masonic Temple. Daylight lodge will observe Thanksgiving day by convening upon that day for the pprpose of conferring the master mason's degree.

The fee for the charter of Daylight Lodge was paid to the grand lodge by John Thixton, Jr., the first candidate initiated and raised by the lodge. Mr. Thixton requested this upon his initiation.

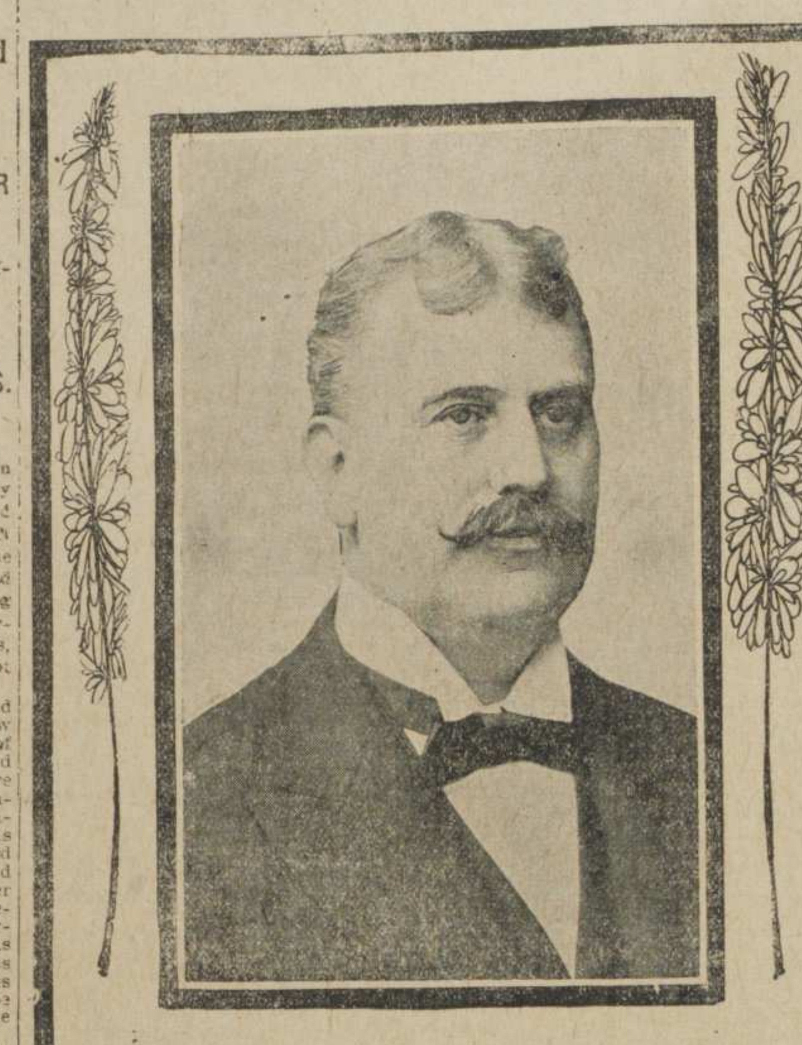
Hiram Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, exemplified the Most Excellent Master's degree before the grand chapter last night.

Several of the officers of the grand lodge attended the conferring of the Master Mason's degree last night by Shibboleth Lodge, on Baxter avenue.

Owensboro will probably soon apply for a charter to institute a Council of Royal and Select Masters.

House-renters look for bargains as eagerly as shoppers. If you can offer a bargain to a good tenant your offer will find many a reader. Try a For Rent advertisement in the Courier-Journal and Times.

SUCCEEDS C. C. MENGEL AS SINKING FUND COMMISSIONER



LUKE O. COX.

ELECT

L. O. Cox Member of Sinking Fund Commission.

SUCCESSOR OF C. C. MENGEL.

GENERAL COUNCIL TO PROVIDE NEW CITY GAUGER

AT BUSINESS MEN'S REQUEST.

L. O. Cox, president of the Union National Bank, was elected a Commissioner of the Sinking Fund last night by the General Council. His name was the only one presented, and the two boards in joint session unanimously chose him to fill the place made vacant by the expiration of the term of C. C. Mengel. Mr. Cox is a well-known business man and banker, and he had the indorsement of Mayor Grainger, as well as of every member of the two boards.

The office of City Gauger is created by an ordinance which was introduced last night by Charles F. Taylor on the request of a number of Main street business men. The city does not pay the salary, but the gauger derives his wages from fees. The former gauger, Joseph Mittendorf, has died, and the city has no ordinance which makes provision for filling the vacancy. Ordinances for the erection of forty-two fire hydrants were passed by the lower board and fifteen others were not passed because the board grew tired of listening to the reading.

Citizens of Germantown will be benefited by a new street railway line, the franchise for which is created by an ordinance introduced by Councilman Domeck. The new line will begin at the Shelby street car barns, extend out Shelby street to Burnett, then east to Texas street, in to Goss avenue and thence to Shelby street. The line will simply be a loop. The franchise will be bought by the Louisville Railway Company, which will construct the track and operate cars over it as soon as possible after the passage of the ordinance.

The Mayor was authorized to borrow $400,000 at the lowest rate of interest to be obtained, the money to be used for city expenses during the first four months of the present fiscal year. Both boards adjourned to meet Tuesday, November 1.

OFFICE OF CITY GAUGER

Created By Ordinance Introduced In the Upper Board.

The board was called to order by David W. Parkhill, the clerk, Paul C. Barth, the president, being absent. Charles F. Taylor was elected president pro tem. A resolution authorizing the closing of the alley between West Water and Missouri streets and Thirty-fifth and Thirty-sixth streets was adopted.

Mr. Taylor offered an ordinance creating the office of City Gauger and defining the duties and fixing the fees of the officer. The office is to pay by fees only, and the officer shall gauge any liquors held by local firms to determine whether they are of the proper standard. The creation of the office was recommended by a number of firms on Main street in view of the fact that the City Gauger, Joseph Mittendorf, who had served for a number of years, has died, leaving no such officer as gauger. The ordinance was read and passed. A resolution providing that when the board adjourns it be to meet Tuesday, November 1, was adopted.

James B. Smith reported favorably an ordinance granting to the K. and I. Bridge Company the right to construct a double track on Thirtieth street and it was passed without discussion. Joseph Nevin interrupted the even tenor of the meeting by asking what repairs could be made to man-holes, a pay-roll for the work done on these man-holes having been favorably reported by J. George Miller. The members did not know much about the pay-roll for man-hole repairs, so Mr. Nevin was presented the pay-roll. After studying it he found the money had been spent for sewer repairs, so he made no further objection and the pay-rolls were allowed.

A resolution was adopted authorizing the Mayor to borrow $400,000 in such sums as might be necessary to provide funds for the city during the first four months of the fiscal year. The board then went into joint session with the lower board to elect a commissioner of the Sinking Fund to succeed C. C. Mengel, whose time had expired. L. O. Cox was elected. After the transaction of some routine business the board adjourned.

MAY BORROW $400,000.

Lower Board Passes Resolution Giving Mayor Authority.

The lower board was called to order by S. S. Blitz, the president, nineteen members being present. An ordinance was introduced granting to the Kentucky Vitrified Brick Company the right to construct a switch to its plant at Ninth and Market streets. It was referred to the Railroad Committee. Ordinances for fifty-seven fire hydrants were introduced, referred to a committee and later reported favorably. All but fifteen were then passed. The resolution authorizing th Mayor to borrow $400,000 for the city was favorably reported by the Finance Committee and adopted. An ordinance was passed granting to the Kentucky and Indiana Bridge Company the right to construct a track across Chestnut street at Thirtieth street. The ordinance which came from the upper board creating the office of City Gauger was referred.

* * *

The Joint Session.

The time for joint session having arrived, the upper board filed into the Board of Councilmen's chamber, and Charles F. Taylor presided. He announced that the purpose of the meeting was to elect a successor to C. C. Mengel as Sinking Fund Commissioner. Lyne Herndon nominated L. O. Cox. A number of members seconded his nomination, and it was made unanimous.

After the transaction of some routine business the board adjourned.

NORTHERN PRESBYTERY FINISHES ITS WORK.

Majority of Ministers Go To Danville For Synod's Sessions.

The Presbytery of Louisville, in the Northern Presbyterian Church, adjourned yesterday at noon. The meeting was a highly satisfactory one, though no business of special importance was transacted.

The report of the Committee on Bills and Overtures was read yesterday morning and action upon it was deferred until the next meeting of the Presbytery. Overtures from the Cumberland Presbyterian Church, seeking a union with the Northern Presbyterians, and a request by the negro churches were the important items in this report.

All the business before the Presbytery was completed and a motion to adjourn was put before the body at noon.

Nearly all the ministers present left immediately for Danville to attend the Synod of Kentucky, which convenes there to-day.

BIG LOAN

Has Been Negotiated By Mexican Government.

SYNDICATE TO RAISE MONEY.

SPEYERS AND THE DEUTSCH BANK OF BERLIN AT HEAD.

THE AMOUNT IS $40,000,000.

New York, Oct. 18.—The syndicate headed by Speyer & Company and the Deutsch Bank of Berlin has been awarded the new $40,000,000 loan to be made by the Mexican Government. The bonds run for fifty years and carry interest at 4 per cent. They are in denominations of $1,000, principal and interest payable in New York, and also payable in pounds sterling, reichmarks and francs. The sinking fund provides that during the first five years a certain proportion must be drawn at par and interest. After that the purchase must be made annually in the open market until the bonds sell above par and interest.

The loan is issued very largely to refund maturing obligations; $18,500,000 is to be used to pay off the same amount of 4½ per cent. treasury notes of the Mexican Government maturing in 1905 and 1906 previously placed by Speyer & Company and Speyer Bros. About $7,500,000 is to be used to pay off the Vera Cruz and Pacific and Oaxaca railways subsidy bonds, leaving about $14,000,000 to pay for public improvements, such as harbor works at Salina Cruz, Coatzacoalcos, Manzanillo, etc.

The syndicate includes the Mutual and Equitable Life Insurance companies, the Guarantee Trust, Union Trust and Central Trust companies, the National City Bank, Harvey Fisk & Sons and Lazard Freres and some of the other leading financial institutions and private banking houses of New York, as well as the First National Bank of Chicago, the Girard Trust Company of Philadelphia and the Old Colony Trust Company of Boston.

Messrs. Speyer Bros., of London, L. Speyer-Ellisen, of Frankfort and Berlin, and Teixerira de Mattos Bros., of Amsterdam, through whom the bonds will be placed in Europe, are also interested.

Farmers' Institute Workers.

St. Louis, Oct. 18.—The American Association of Farmers' Institute Workers convened to-day in the Agricultural building at the World's Fair. During the sessions, which continue until Thursday, the improved methods of increasing products of farming and of arousing a more intelligent understanding, especially among children, of the value of farming will be discussed. Papers were read by delegates from American and Canadian institutes.

The Notice Withdrawn.

Chicago, Oct. 18.—The Transportation Committee of the City Council to-day withdrew a formal notice to the traction companies operating the downtown streets to vacate the La Salle and Washington street tunnel before January 1, the time set by the Secretary of War. It is claimed that the result of this action will be to postpone the removal of obstructions to navigation in the Chicago river at least a year.

Textile Workers Meet.

Lowell, Mass., Oct. 18.—The annual convention of the United Textile Workers of America assembled here to-day. The representation at the convention was almost entirely from the textile centers in New England and the middle States, the past year having been such a disadvantageous period for the Southern industry that the unions could not see their way clear to dispatching delegations.

Return To Ten-Hour Day.

Chicago, Oct. 18.—The three Chicago tanneries of the American Hide and Leather Company have returned to the ten-hour day, after working on the nine-hour basis for eighteen months. The change affected 1,200 men, of whom eighty, being members of the union, went on strike. Competition, officers of the company said, made the longer work day necessary.

Insurance Men Meet.

St. Louis, Oct. 18.—The formal session of the ninth annual convention of the National Association of Local Fire Insurance Agents convened to-day at the World's Fair, with an address of welcome by President D. R. Francis, of the exposition, to which Frederick Guenther, of Detroit, one of the vice presidents of the agents' association, responded.

Illinois Bankers Meet.

St. Louis, Oct. 18.—The fourteenth annual convention of the Illinois Bankers' Association convened to-day in the Illinois World's Fair building. President William George, of Aurora, Ill., presided. Addresses were made by George M. Reynolds, Seymour Walton and Frank A. Vanderlip, vice president of the National City Bank of New York.

An Ohio Bank Fails.

Bellefontaine, O., Oct. 18.—The Rushsylvania Bank, owned by Kenyon Bros., at Rushsylvania, failed to open to-day. Inquirers learned that the Messrs. Kenyon had gone into bankruptcy. It is estimated that the deposits amount to $30,000. The assets of Kenyon Bros. are estimated at $40,000. D. C. Kenyon was cashier and F. L. Kenyon assistant.

One New Director Chosen.

Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 18.—At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Atlanta and West Point railroad held here to-day Charles A. Wickersham was re-elected president and general manager. The same body of directors was re-elected with the exception of John M. Eagan. Col. Alexander R. Lawton was elected a director in the place of Mr. Eagan.

Interesting Papers Read.

Chicago, Oct. 18.—Several papers on technical subjects were read by members of the Association of Railroad Superintendents of Bridges and Buildings, which opened its fourteenth annual convention here to-day. Three sessions will be held daily until Thursday when the convention will close with the election of officers.

Rise In Price of Hops.

Tacoma, Wash., Oct. 18.—A decided flurry in hops was caused to-day by a private cablegram from Nuremberg saying that prices of all descriptions continue to advance. On the strength of this the local market went up thirty-one cents. Operators figure there are now less than 10,000 bales left in Washington.

Silver For the Philippines.

Washington, Oct. 18.—A statement prepared at the bureau of the mint shows that the total purchases of silver made in the United States by the Government of the Philippine Islands for the monetary system installed in the islands has amounted to 13,528,822 fine ounces, costing $7,376,995.

C. and O. Annual Meeting.

Richmond, Va., Oct. 18.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company was held here to-day. There were represented 449,708 shares out of a total capital stock of 628,027 shares. The old board of directors was re-elected. The acts of the directors for the previous year were approved.

Big Plant Will Resume.

Peoria, Ill., Oct. 18.—It was announced on the Board of Trade to-day that the immense plant of the Acme Harvester Company, at South Bartonville, will resume immediately, giving employment to 900 men. The plant has been practically closed for a year, owing to financial difficulties.

Will Be Opened At Midnight.

New York, Oct. 18.—In order to avert a repetition of the fatal panic which attended the opening of the Brooklyn bridge, it has been arranged to open the rapid-transit subway at midnight, October 27, instead of beginning its operation at a busier hour of the day.

Old Officers Re-elected.

New York, Oct. 18.—At the annual meeting of the Erie railroad to-day Geo. F. Baker was elected to succeed J. Lowber Welsh, on the Board of Directors, the other retiring directors being released. The board then re-elected all the officers.

Treasury Statement.

Washington, Oct. 18.—To-day's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $146,926,224; gold, $76,395,941.

Vanderbilt Elected Director.

New York, Oct. 18.—At a meeting of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern railway directors in this city to-day William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., was elected a director to fill the vacancy caused by the death of E. D. Worcester.

Near the Record Price.

New York, Oct. 18.—The sale of three Stock Exchange seats at $80,000 was reported to-day. The sellers are Joseph Rook, H. P. Gardner and H. V. Day. This price is within $2,000 of the top price.

Sugar Prices Reduced.

New York, Oct. 18.—All grades of refined sugar were reduced ten cents a hundred pounds to-day.

CORPORATIONS FILE ARTICLES AT FRANKFORT.

Frankfort, Ky., Oct. 18.—[Special.]—Incorporation articles were filed in the Department of State to-day as follows:

The Louisville Manufacturing Company, of Jefferson county. It has $30,000 capital stock and the incorporators are H. C. Atkinson and W. W. and Benjamin B. Watts, of Louisville.

The Pikeville Grading Company, of Pike county. It has $500 capital stock and the stockholders are W. L. Walters, A. Musto and W. M. Smith.

COL. BROWN'S CONDITION IS FAVORABLE.

New York, Oct. 18.—At the post-graduate hospital to-day, it was said that the condition of Col. S. S. Brown, of Pittsburg, who was operated on yesterday, was favorable.

ANNUAL TRADE EDITION OF KNOXVILLE SENTINEL.

The annual fall trade and industrial edition of the Knoxville Sentinel is one of the best ever issued by a Southern newspaper. It consists of forty-eight pages, filled with attractive matter, recounting the progress made the past year by Knoxville and all of East Tennessee. It discloses the fact that the increase in business done by Knoxville jobbing houses over the previous year amounts to almost $11,000,000. Industrially, the city is shown to be doing a business of $28,500,000 a year. The edition is handsomely illustrated, containing photographs of prominent business men, progressive industrial institutions and leaders in the social world of Knoxville. The large advertising patronage accorded the paper is proof that the merchants and other business men of Knoxville appreciate the efforts of the Sentinel management for the upbuilding of the city's commercial and industrial interests. The Sentinel deserves to be congratulated on the showing it has made for Knoxville and incidentally for itself.

Real Estate Transfers.

German Insurance Co. to Solomon Lazarus, 52 feet, south side Broadway, 210 feet west of Thirteenth, $2,501.

Bruce Hoblitzell to Rich. Hinzmann, 90 feet, southwest corner Thirty-first and Madison streets, $1,861.

Caroline Dickhut to A. Wieland, 25 feet, northeast side Baxter avenue, 70 feet southeast of Bonnycastle, $600.

Michael Holihan to Joseph Flynn, etc., interest in 103 feet, Seventh street, south of Broadway, $1,358.

COFFEE MARKET.

New York, Oct. 18.—Spot, Rio firm; No. 7 invoice 8½c; mild quiet. The market for futures was steady and 5@15 points higher at the opening and later increased the advance, closing steady, net 10@20 points higher, with the spot months showing the greatest gain in spite of selling by leading importers. The advance was in sympathy with firm European markets and further private cables from Brazil stating that estimates of the current crop were being reduced. The demand here seemed to be coming from very strong sources, while selling seemed to be more or less scattering, most of it being smaller longs taking profits, while ther was also some business against cost and freight purchases in Brazil. Total sales of futures were reported at 105,250 bags, including October at 6.80c, November at 6.70@6.75c, December at 6.80@6.90c, January at 6.90c, February at 7.05c, March at 7.10@7.15c, April at 7.25c, May at 7.30@7.35c, July at 7.45@7.50c and September at 7.60@7.65c.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, Oct. 18.—Spirits of turpentine firm at 52c. Rosin firm: A, B, C $2.52½; D $2.57½; E $2.60@2.62½; F $2.65; G $2.70; H $2.80; I $2.85; K $3.75; M $4.20; N $4.40; window glass $4.60; water white $4.85.

Wilmington, Oct. 18.—Spirits of turpentine, nothing doing. Rosin firm; $2.50 bid. Tar firm at $1.60. Crude turpentine firm at $2.30, $3.80 and $3.80.

Charleston, Oct. 18.—Turpentine and rosin, nothing doing.

Oil Quotations.

Oil City, Oct. 18.—Credit balances $1.56; certificates, no bid; shipments 88,407 bbls., average 78,874; runs 32,077, average 68,320; shipments (Lima) 69,338, average 64,909; runs (Lima) 66,105, average 57,869.

Boston Wool.

Boston, Oct. 18.—Strong and active are the adjectives which describe this week's wool market. A healthful tone seems to exist everywhere. Manufacturers are not only free buyers in this market, but are competing with dealers in Western markets. Many new buyers are seen. Territory wools are going freely at firm prices. Pulled wools arriving are showing improved staple and values are strong. Foreign grades are firm, but quiet. Leading quotations are:

Ohio and Pennsylvania—XX and above 35@36c; X 30@31c; No. 1 34@35c; No. 2 34@35c; fine unwashed 24@25c; unmerchantable 26@27c; ¼-blood unwashed 29@30c; ⅜-blood 28½@29c; ½-blood 28@28½c; unwashed delaine 26@27c; fine washed delaine 36@37c.

Michigan—X and above 26@27c; No. 1 30@31c; No. 2 29@30c; fine unwashed 21@22c; ¼-blood unwashed 28½@29c; ⅜-blood 28@28½c; ½-blood 27½@28c; unwashed delaine 25@26c; fine washed delaine 32@33c.

Kentucky, Indiana, etc.—⅜ and ¼-blood 29@29½c.

Territory—Idaho fine 18@18½c; heavy fine 15@16c; fine medium 18@18½c; medium 19@20c; low medium 21@22c; Wyoming fine 16@17c; heavy fine 15@16c; fine medium 17½@18c; medium 20@21c; low medium 22@23c; Utah and Nevada fine 17@17½c; heavy fine 15@16c; fine medium 17½@18c; medium 20@21c; low medium 22@23c; Dakota fine 17@18c; fine medium 17@18c; medium 20@21c; low medium 22@23c; Montana fine choice 21@22c; fine average 19@20c; fine medium choice 21@22c; average 19@20c; staple 22@23c; medium choice 22@23c.

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, Oct. 18.—Wheat—Spot nominal. Futures steady; December 7s 5d; March 7s 6⅛d. Corn—Spot, American mixed firm at 4s 6½d. Futures steady; December 4s 6d.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

MONETARY.

Tuesday Evening, Oct. 18.—Country banks continue to check against their balances in this city and to call on their Louisville correspondents for rediscounts. Nor is there any sign of an early let-up in this demand, as the tobacco crop will shortly be moving to market and money will be required to finance it. The local borrowing inquiry is about normal, but bank reserves, while comfortable, are gradually dwindling. Rates for money are quoted at 5 and 6 per cent. Business to-day was only fairly active.

New York exchange sold at par.

The report of the Clearing-house to-day was as follows:

Day's clearing	$1,590,955
Balance	230,523

Sales of bonds reported to-day amounted to $69,000 par value, with such issues as Rochester Railway and Light 5s, St. Louis United Railway 4s, L. and N. collateral trust 4s and L., H. and St. L. 5s rather active. St. Louis United Railway 4s were a shade firmer and Rochester Railway and Light 5s were steady, while other issues were unchanged, barring an advance of ½ point in Home Telephone 5s. New Orleans Railways 4½s were not traded in here, but they were quoted a little higher in New York.

Advances in the tractions were numerous. Detroit United sold in New York repeatedly as high as 74 and closed at 74¼. A sale at 74¼, including commission, was reported here. Louisville Traction common showed a little life, advancing fractionally on trading in odd lots. Sales of Toledo Railways and Light were made in New York at 24 and later at 24½. The stock is said to be very scarce, and New York was bidding 24¼ for it in this market at the close. Rochester Railway and Light common took quite a spurt, selling here as high as 43½. There was some activity in this security reported in the Columbus market. St. Louis United Railways preferred sold here as high as 67½. It is reported to have sold in New York at 68. Rochester Railway and Light preferred sold in this market as high as 79. Some activity was noted in San Francisco common and preferred in New York. The common stock sold there at 14½ and 14¾ and the preferred at 59, both showing an advance of about a point.

Louisville having no exchange where daily prices for securities are established, the following sales reported to-day are published for what they may be worth:

$10,000 L. and N. collateral trust 4s	97⅝
$10,000 Rochester Ry. and Light 5s	*91¾
$3,000 St. Louis United Ry. 4s	84⅝
$2,000 L. and N. collateral trust 4s	97⅛
$11,000 L. and N. collateral trust 4s	97½
$12,000 L., H. and St. L. 5s	*111¼
$4,000 St. Louis United Ry. 4s	84½
$8,000 Rochester Ry. and Light 5s	*91½
$2,000 L. and N. unified 4s	102
$7,000 Home Telephone 5s	77½
50 shares Detroit United	74¼
200 shares Detroit United	74
30 shares Louisville Traction com.	70⅝
20 shares Louisville Traction com.	70½
25 shares Louisville Traction com.	70⅝
50 shares Toledo Rys. and Light	24½
100 shares Rochester Ry. & Lt. com.	43½
100 shares Rochester Ry. & Lt. pfd.	79
100 shares St. Louis United Ry. pfd.	67½

*And interest.

Louisville first preferred stockholders of the Associated Merchants' Company have received a personal letter signed by John Claflin, the president. He urges them not to assent to the proposition that they convert their holdings into common stock and proposes that whenever the rate of distribution on the common stock shall exceed 7 per cent. for every increase of 1 per cent. above that rate the preferred stocks shall be entitled, at the next ensuing dividend date, to an additional dividend at the rate of ½ of 1 per cent. per annum beyond the fixed rates. This circular is dated October 15, the date when the last quarterly dividend is usually declared. The Associated Merchants' Company possesses the stocks of the H. B. Claflin Company to the amount of 45,001 shares out of 90,000; 6,000 out of the 18,000 shares of the common stock of the Adams Dry Goods Company, and 12,000 out of the 18,000 shares of preferred; the entire stock and bonded obligations of the James McCreery Company, aggregating $3,600,000 par; the plant and good will of the Posner Bros. firm, of Baltimore, and the business of H. O'Neil & Co., of New York; the Stewart Dry Goods Company, of Louisville; Lion Dry Goods Company, of Toledo; stores in Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Columbus and elsewhere.

The company began business about April 15, 1901, with $5,000,000 of common stock, $10,000,000 of first preferred and $5,000,000 of second preferred. The first preferred stock is 5 per cent. cumulative and has preference for its par value and accrued dividends as to assets in case of company's dissolution, and holders of the first preferred stock have the right to exchange it at par for either second preferred or common stock at any time when the transfer books are open. After the respective dividends of the first and second preferred stocks shall have been paid or set apart the common stock is entitled to all the surplus earnings. On February 1 last the surplus account was $861,870. From the beginning quarterly dividends of 1¼ to 1½ per cent. have been paid on the first preferred stock, and since December, 1902, the common stock has been receiving dividends at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum, so that the proposition to change a secured stock for comman has appeared peculiar.

In his circular letter which is signed as an individual, and not as the president of the Associated Merchants' Company, Mr. Claflin says:

"Several large stockholders are considering the possible conversion of their first preferred stock into common stock. They commend the exceptional security of the first preferred stock, but they feel that it may be to their interest under the existing relations of the stocks to convert a part or all of their holdings into common stock.

"The common stockholders are desirous that the conversion into common stock should not be large."

The fact that Frank A. Vanderlip, vice president of the National City Bank, of New York, was booked to deliver an address before the Illinois Bankers' Association at St. Louis to-day aroused much interest in financial circles of the country, and his speech will doubtless be read with discrimination. The peculiar interest attaching to his views is in consequence of the accuracy with which Mr. Vanderlip forecast the business and financial situation two years ago. Before the Chamber of Commerce at Wilmington, N. C., on October 31, 1902, he made some cautionary remarks concerning the business and financial outlook. Wall street interpreted this address as a bearish argument on the stock market, and, in consequence of the position he occupies, the remarks were regarded as voicing the sentiments of the Standard Oil party. Possibly they did, and it may be said also that they voiced the sentiments of about every intelligent person in the community who was not entirely bereft of reason as a result of the stock-jobbing craze, then in full progress.

In view of all this what Mr. Vanderlip said in the way of optimistic utterance may have special significance. After referring to the enormous expansion in our foreign trade, and the increasing volume of business, he said that the financial situation at the present time was exceedingly sound and that the present was a time for optimism.

He said in part: "It is safe to say, however, that we are to-day in a sound financial position. Bank reserves are ample—at least national bank reserves are. Bank loans and discounts are not of a character to offer grounds for any general criticism. We have probably fully paid off the foreign indebtedness in the shape of finance bills which two or three years ago had reached large totals. We are in a position to command international credit and to bring gold to strengthen our reserves, if we should need it. I believe there is no danger ahead of interference with business development as a result of the presidential election.

"We have a corn crop that is worth a billion dollars, a cotton crop worth $600,000,000 and a wheat crop worth $412,000,000. The value of these three crops alone this year is $2,012,000,000, which compares with the value of these same crops ten years ago of $1,067,000,000."

The Detroit Tribune, which has all along been antagonistic to the Detroit United Railway, prints an editorial in its issue of Monday that will likely be of interest to local stockholders. Above this editorial the Tribune prints a list of sixteen candidates for the Legislature, with the suggestion that eleven may be selected by the voters to represent the city at the State Capital, and that any of the number "will keep their pledges," as they have made "rational and unequivocal promises." The editorial in part is as follows:

"Every man who enters the Common Council of 1905 enters it with the full authority to consider any proposition that the D. U. R. may make. It is just as important that the citizens send sound men to the Council next year as it can be in 1909. The franchise question is vital and ripe at this moment. Because, if the present owners of the D. U. R. have still faith in their property, it is even more important for the sales of their bonds that the rapidly shortening franchises be extended now, than that they should be extended in 1909. The company is in a position to act to its advantage just as soon as a liberal majority is secured in the Council. An importance is assumed by the franchise question which is even broader than this. Before the city can own and operate the street car system it must have an enabling act, such as the Greusel Bill was intended to be. Sixty-seven candidates are seeking legislative honors. It will be to the interest of the D. U. R. to see that eleven of these be sent from Detroit who will kill the Greusel or other municipal ownership measure. Search your two Aldermen, your eleven Representatives and your single Senator and see whether they bear the D. U. R. mark. It will save you some chagrin later."

Apropos of this it may be stated that Detroit United stock was very active in New York to-day, and that it sold as high as 74¼, the closing price.

The statement of earnings of the Chicago and Milwaukee Electric for the month of September is decidedly favorable. Gross earnings of the company increased $12,790, of which $5,215 was saved for the net. For the nine months gross earnings increased $129,640, of which $70,832 was saved for the net. Net earnings for the nine months were $198,533. The statement follows:

September—	1904.	1903.	Inc.
Gross earnings	$53,711	$40,921	$12,790
Operating expenses	17,395	9,820	7,575
Net earnings	$36,316	$31,101	$5,215
Jan. 1 to Sept. 30—	1904.	1903.	Inc.
Gross earnings	$324,276	$194,636	$129,640
Operating expenses	125,743	66,935	58,808
Net earnings	$198,533	$127,707	$70,832

Concerning the market position of Missouri, Kansas and Texas preferred stock Arthur S. Leland & Co. in a letter say:

"With the development of the Southwest continuing at its present rapid rate the future of the road seems very bright. The preferred stockholders have apparently every reason to feel satisfied with the surplus earnings for the year of $1,066,868, which amount is over 8 per cent. on their stock. This surplus, however, plus $287,578 from the previous surplus, or a total of $1,353,943, was applied directly to the purchase of new equipment and the redemption of maturing equipment notes. In this manner and by the above mentioned improvements the management is providing a sound future for the road instead of making an immediate distribution to stockholders. It is to be expected, however, that the improvements and expenditures already made will produce larger net earnings, and that future additions to equipment will call for lighter payments. This should leave a considerable surplus applicable to dividend payments, and as a 4 per cent. dividend on the preferred would require only $520,000, the stock is appreciably nearer a dividend than it ever has been before."

There are eight national banks, five State banks and four trust companies in Louisville. They have an aggregate capital of $8,523,500 (not allowing for the Western's increase), a surplus and undivided profits of $4,610,409.04, total loans of $26,834,817.61 and deposits amounting to $42,095,402.02. Including private, State and national banks doing business in Kentucky in 1897, there were 291 such institutions with total deposits of $41,721,000, of which the national banks had $16,713,000. The national and State banks of the city of Louisville now have total deposits of $40,033,410, compared with $41,721,000 of deposits in all the banks of the State seven years ago. Including the trust companies of this city, her financial institutions have $374,464 more in deposits than the banks of the entire State had in 1897.

Of the national banks doing business in this city in 1892 six are no longer in operation—the Fourth, Second, German, Kentucky, Louisville City and Merchants'. There were ten national banks doing business here in that year, with a total capital and surplus of $5,916,300 and deposits aggregating $10,493,170. To-day there are eight such institutions in this city with a capital, surplus and undivided profits of $7,087,000 and deposits of $25,350,382, a growth in deposits of about $15,000,000.

In 1892 there were twelve State banks doing business in this city. To-day there are only five in the heart of the business district. These five have a capital and surplus of $2,505,255 compared with $8,545,100 in 1892, and deposits amounting to $14,705,462 compared with $15,124,106. Thus, with not half as many institutions and a much smaller capital and surplus, it is seen that deposits of the State banks at the present time lack only about $400,000 of those in 1892.

WALL STREET BRIEFS.

Rock Island report shows less than 1 per cent. earned on common.

The United States Steel directors meet next Tuesday, and it is taken for granted that they will declare the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent. on the preferred stock, and will issue the official statement for the quarter ending September 30. The general understanding is that the statement will show surplus earnings of more than $18,000,000 for the quarter, and, what is far more important, the orders ahead will show a heavy increase over the preceding quarter.

The annual meetings of the Republic Iron and Steel Company and of the Crucible Steel Company will be held to-morrow in Jersey City.

Railroad earnings reported to-day were:

Canadian Pacific, second week in October, increase $5,000; from July 1 increase $1,165,000.

Wabash, second week in October, increase $86,000; from July 1 increase $952,857.

Texas Pacific, second week in October, increase $30,768; from July 1 decrease $42,511.

MARKET LETTERS.

New York.—The stock market opened about where it left off yesterday, but there soon appeared good buying orders in Erie, Reading and Missouri Pacific, carrying them to new high levels. The latter stock was persistently bought by the Gould brokers, and much higher prices are looked for. Colorado Fuel and Iron was up ¾ on the refunding plan being adopted at the annual meeting, and the stock increased to $46,200,000, $45,000,000 of the company's bonds being guaranteed by the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company. This new financial plan will provide the company with the means for taking up its floating debt, and will give it necessary new capital for improvements. The Gould-Rockefeller interests now absolutely dominate the company. About noon a buying movement started in St. Paul, causing a sharp rally of 2⅞ points, carrying that issue up to 171¼, a new high level on this advance, which caused fractional advances in other standard railroads. Colorado Fuel and Iron sold off 1½ points, some stockholders not liking the refunding plan. Steel common and preferred was under a little pressure, the preferred selling off a point after an early advance of ¾. Lower Wall street was a good buyer of Sugar, advancing that stock to 137⅝ and predicting higher prices for it. Banks lost $973,000 to the subtreasury yesterday, making a net loss of $830,000 since last Friday. It is said the forthcoming statement of the Baltimore and Ohio will show earnings the best in its history.—(Ware & Leland.

New York.—Stocks gained fresh headway in the late trading, and, with new leaders in the van, they closed substantially higher for many issues. That there were recessions in United States Steel and others was to be expected. Heavy profit taking is going on, and we think those which have enjoyed the geratest advance, such as United States Steel, are taking their natural course. When general buying exceeds selling they advance, and, on the contrary, when there is a preponderance of profit taking they ease off. It looks as if there would still be very large absorption of these issues on recessions; if so, this will prevent any considerable decline. Of specialties United States Leather was a feature, advancing over two points for the common. There was good absorption of this stock all day. There is excellent reason to believe something important is under way. People in the Leather district have been bullish on this stock for some little time, but, whatever the news is, it has been carefully concealed up to the present time. Some day or other the accumulated unpaid dividends on the preferred will be adjusted. The last effort to readjust the capital of the company did not succeed, but there is reason to believe the present time is more auspicious for new undertakings and the chances of success are much better. The announcement of the flotation of the Mexican Government loan

shows that the financial community is ready for anything of a first-class character. When the full Vanderlip speech was read, and it was seen how bullish a view he takes of general business and the outlook, a different view of his utterances was taken, and what he said about opposing a boom was lost sight of. The stock market is likely to be more or less two-sided for the time being, but it is a purchase on weak spots.—C. I. Hudson & Co. to John W. & D. S. Green.

New York.—A rather general disposition existed in the market to-day to take profits, and also work on the bear side under the idea that it was entitled to more of a reaction than has taken place since the outburst of bull enthusiasm at the close of last week. This speculative attitude tended to reduce local operations and to hold commission business somewhat in check. London houses were apparently satisfied with profits that were in sight, or they figured upon a lower basis for repurchase and sold a considerable amount on balance. A sudden outburst of active buying of St. Paul put it up 3 per cent. Eries were strong, based on theories connected with the reported negotiations for a new settlement in the Northwest. United States Steel held firm, and there were several important new bull developments in the industrial list. In the afternoon the market appeared to have absorbed much of the long stock which had been sold earlier, and, while not quite up to best prices, the close was strong. We can expect continued activity to-morrow, with higher prices likely in St. Paul and the grangers.—(Hutton & Co. to John L. Dunlap.

New York.—Speculation in the stock market was again of large volume, although the total for the day was smaller than that of yesterday. The price movement was somewhat irregular, but the undertone decidedly stronger, and a result of the day's operations was to leave the active stocks generally pretty well above yesterday's closing. Nothing of an unfavorable character has developed to bring about any modification of bullish sentiment, and all the influences to-day were of a favorable character. The speech of Vice President Vanderlip, of the National City Bank, at the convention of Illinois bankers was an expression of extremely optimistic views of the future business prospects of this country for the next ten years. He drew attention to the errors of the past which culminated in the business depression from which we have just recovered and emphasized the possibilities which will result from conservative progress along strictly business lines. He disclaims any relation between his statements and the stock market and had no opinions to express in connection with the latter. Notwithstanding his optimistic views, a note of conservatism ran through his speech, and this is interpreted, as far as the stock market is concerned, as a suggestion in favor of greater conservatism in operations. The banking interests continue friendly to the market, and in addition to this influence we have the advent of the public as buyers of stocks.—(T. A. McIntyre & Co. to W. L. Lyons & Co.

New York.—There was realizing in some sections of the market, especially in Steel preferred, but these sales were well taken, and the general market closed strong, with all prospects pointing to a higher range of prices. —(Kelley, Miller & Co. to Almstedt Bros.

New York.—One of the features of trading was large business in odd lots in the industrial preferred stocks. Commission houses are as one in regarding this as a highly satisfactory sign. There are many issues of this class which have stood good and bad times, and these are being bought steadily for small investors. Selling of such stocks as Reading and Pennsylvania by Howard Lapsley excited some attention from traders, as that house took a leading part in the early advances.—(Ex. Norton & Co. to J. J. B. Hilliard & Son.

New York.—The market has been somewhat irregular to-day, but at no time has it been weak, and dealings throughout have been on a very large scale, although the total was somewhat less than that of yesterday. Missouri Pacific was the feature in the early dealings and advanced sharply in the face of general reactions elsewhere. These reactions were caused by a continuance of the profit taking movement which was so much in evidence yesterday. Shortly afterward St. Paul jumped up quickly 2½ points on heavy buying based on rumors that a plan had finally been arrived at for a settlement of the Northern Securities matter by which the Union Pacific was to acquire control of St. Paul by the issue of a collateral bond, twenty bonds being given for each 100 shares of St. Paul stock. The market, which had turned strong in the middle of the day, weakened again in the early afternoon, but strengthened in the last half hour, and the close for most stocks was not far from the best of the day. The money market continues extremely easy and sentiment remarkably bullish. Wall street is full of sold-out bulls, who are praying for a reaction to buy back their stocks.—(A. O. Brown & Co. to Hunt, Bridgeford & Co.

STOCK MARKET REVIEW.

New York, Oct. 18.—Money on call steady at 1¾@2 per cent.; closing bid 1¾; offered at 2; time loans steady; 60 days 3 per cent.; 90 days and six months 3½@3¾; prime mercantile paper 4½@5. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.8570@4.8575 for demand and at $4.8340 for 60-day bills; posted rates $4.84@4.84½ and $4.86½; commercial bills $4.83⅛. Bar silver 58⅛c. Mexican dollars 46⅛c. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds irregular.

A well-controlled reaction was the result of to-day's stock market, due to the selling to take profits on the rise. The control was maintained by the lifting of various special stocks as a cover to the realizing sales. The market was kept irregular, rather than weak, in this way, but the influence of the advances on sentiment was not so effective as yesterday, and there was more disposition manifest to look for reaction.

The action of yesterday's late trading was a predisposing cause to this view. The result was a general conviction this morning that a very extensive distribution of holdings had been effected yesterday from the strong speculative hands which have fostered the growth of the present bull market to the weaker hands of the new class of buyers, who have been attracted by the later stages of the advance, and who made their first appearance in any considerable number yesterday. The consequence was a more spotted market and a decline in speculative enthusiasm.

The dealings fell into a condition of decided dullness at various times during the day, and the rush to buy, which carries prices comprehensively upward, was not in evidence at any time during the day. The profit-taking was not precipitate, and was not carried far at the expense of values. Any advance in prices was taken advantage of to sell stocks, but the pressure relaxed at a recession in prices to last night's level, or below. The consequence was that no great inroads on prices were caused by the profit-taking. The policy was reverted to of shifting operations from one prominent stock to another to sustain prices.

In the first hour the stocks chosen were United States Steel preferred, Missouri Pacific, Reading and Erie. Later supporting operations centered on St. Paul, while the early favorites were more or less reactionary, especially United States Steel preferred. The movement in St. Paul was not wholly convincing, especially as old rumors were revived of a settlement of the Northern Securities trouble, this time by an absorption of St. Paul by Union Pacific by a bond issue exchangeable in the proportion of 200 per cent. in bonds for 100 per cent. in stock. The usual lack of authority for these statements was a feature, and the backwardness of the response in Union Pacific was an additional drawback to the efficacy of the story in supporting the general market. The absorption of Missouri Pacific was on a very large scale, and the motive generally offered for the buying was that the stock had not moved commensurately with the rise in the general market. The rise in Sugar was in the face of competitive price reductions for the product, and the excited demand for Copper failed to benefit Amalgamated.

The news of the day awakened little interest in market circles and attention was devoted to the record of the tape as affording evidence of the public interest or abstention from the dealings. London was a seller here and discounts hardened there. The discount rate was soft in Berlin, however, and the weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany showed the effect of the higher bank discount rate in a cash gain of $12,555,000, repayment of loans to the amount of $15,130,000 and a note contraction of $...610,000. Sterling at continental points in consequence recovered. The Subtreasury took a considerable sum from the banks here to-day, thus reversing the recent course of the balances. Money rates, however, were unchanged. The stock market closed rather easy.

Bank Clearings.

St. Louis, Oct. 18.—(Special.)—Clearings $10,118,902; balances $480,652. Call money 4¼@4½ per cent. New York exchange 25c discount bid, 20c discount asked.

Boston, Oct. 18.—(Special.)—Clearing-house exchanges: In Boston $29,715,595; in New York $400,034,063. New York funds sold at par.

Cincinnati, Oct. 18.—(Special.)—Clearings $3,902,500. Money 3@5½ per cent. New York exchange at par and 2½c premium.

Memphis, Oct. 18.—(Special.)—Clearings $1,549,622.60. New York exchange $1 discount buying, $1 premium selling.

Chicago, Oct. 18.—(Special.)—Clearings $34,618,929; balances $2,486,936. New York exchange 15c discount.

New Orleans, Oct. 18.—Clearings $5,062,393. New York exchange: Bank at par; commercial 75c@$1 premium.

STOCK QUOTATIONS.

	Sales.	High-est.	Low-est.	Cls'g Bid.
Atchison	23,100	85¾	84⅞	85⅛
Do preferred	2,200	101¼	101	101
B. and O.	13,400	94⅞	94¼	94½
Do preferred	200	96	95	95½
Brooklyn Rapid T.	49,500	68⅜	66¾	67½
Canadian Pacific	3,200	134	133	133½
*Central of N. J.	100	184	181	183
C. and O.	4,800	45⅞	45	45
C. and A.	....	....	....	35
Do preferred	....	....	....	80
Chicago Gt. West.	14,800	19½	18⅞	19¼
C. and N. W.	2,100	192⅝	191⅝	192
C., M. and St. P.	108,300	171¼	168⅝	170⅝
Do preferred	100	184	184	181
Chicago T. and T.	2,000	8	7	7⅛
Do preferred	700	16	15	15
C., C., C. & St. L.	200	85¾	85¾	85¼
Colorado Southern	6,800	23½	22½	23¼
Do 1st pref.	2,200	55	55	54¾
Do 2d pref.	9,700	29⅝	28¼	29
Del. and Hudson	7,500	175⅝	174⅝	175
D., L. and W.	....	....	....	294¾
D. and R. G.	600	29⅝	29¼	29¼
Do preferred	200	82	81½	81⅝
Erie	98,300	35⅝	34¼	35¼
Do 1st pref.	11,900	70⅝	69⅝	70⅛
Do 2d pref.	6,200	49½	48½	49⅞
Hocking Valley	....	....	....	82
Do preferred	200	89½	89½	89½
Illinois Central	2,800	144¼	144	144½
Iowa Central	6,600	29¼	26	28⅝
Do preferred	3,600	49½	47	49
K. C. Southern	1,100	27	26¼	27
Do preferred	800	50	49⅝	49
L. and N.	6,700	136½	135⅝	135¾
Manhattan L.	1,600	158⅝	158	158
Met. Securities	2,900	85	84¼	84
Met. St. Ry.	10,000	123¼	122	122⅛
Minn. and St. L.	500	60½	59	59
M., St. P. & Sault Ste. Marie	600	84⅛	83	83
Do preferred	1,600	134½	134	134¼
Missouri Pacific	94,000	105⅝	101¾	104¼
M., K. and T.	4,200	29½	28¾	29⅝
Do preferred	2,000	58	57	57¼
Mexican Central	29,700	16¼	16¼	16½
Nat. Ry. Mex. pf.	200	42⅜	41⅝	42
N. Y. Central	6,300	135⅝	134¼	134½
Norfolk and West.	1,100	73½	72½	72⅞
Do preferred	100	93	93	93
Ontario and West.	11,200	36⅜	35⅞	36
Pennsylvania	65,800	136¼	135⅞	136⅝
P., C., C. & St. L.	....	....	....	74
Reading	122,900	74⅜	73⅝	74⅛
Do 1st pref.	1,500	87½	87⅜	87¼
Do 2d pref.	900	81	80	81½
Rock Island Co.	23,900	30⅛	29½	29⅝
Do preferred	3,300	74	73⅛	73½
St.L. & S.F. 2d pf.	2,000	63¼	62¼	62⅝
St. L. Southwest	600	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝
Do preferred	1,000	50	49¼	49½
Southern Pacific	76,800	62⅞	61⅛	62⅛
Do preferred	6,100	116⅝	115⅝	116
Southern Railway	12,900	34⅝	34⅛	34⅝
Do preferred	1,700	95⅜	91⅞	91⅞
Texas and Pacific	11,300	35⅛	34⅝	34⅝
T., St. L. and W.	200	31⅛	31⅛	31
Do preferred	400	50⅛	50⅛	50¼
Union Pacific	91,500	107⅝	106⅛	107⅜
Do preferred	1,100	95	95	95
Wabash	2,200	22	21⅞	21¾
Do preferred	7,200	44⅛	43⅞	43¾
W. and L. E.	1,000	19	18⅛	18½
Wisconsin Central	500	22⅛	22	22
Do preferred	300	46	45⅜	45½

*Ex-dividend.

Express Companies.

	Sales.	High-est.	Low-est.	Cls'g Bid.
Adams	....	....	....	240
American	100	210	210	208
United States	100	119	119	117
Wells-Fargo	....	....	....	238

Industrials.

	Sales.	High-est.	Low-est.	Cls'g Bid.
Amal. Copper	43,700	65⅜	61⅝	65
Am. Car & F'dry	1,600	27¼	27¾	28¼
Do preferred	3,400	83½	84	85⅝
Am. Cotton Oil	1,000	32	32	31½
Do preferred	100	93	93	92
American Ice	2,500	8⅜	8½	8⅜
Do preferred	4,800	41	40	40¼
Am'n Linseed Oil	2,600	15	14	14⅞
Do preferred	600	37½	36	37¼
Am'n Locomotive	4,300	29½	28⅝	28⅞
Do preferred	800	98	97¼	97⅛
Am. Smelt. & Ref.	4,000	67½	66¾	67½
Do preferred	2,300	109⅝	109⅝	109¼
Am. Sugar Ref'g	30,600	137⅝	135½	137¼
Ana. Mining Co.	1,300	99⅝	96½	99⅜
Col. Fuel and I.	5,300	39½	37⅝	37¼
Consolidated Gas	14,200	218½	216½	216½
Corn Products	1,200	18	17¼	17¼
Do preferred	500	76½	76	76
Dist. Securities	3,700	34½	33⅝	33⅜
Gen. Electric	3,000	178½	176¼	177½
Internat'l Paper	1,700	18⅝	18½	18⅝
Do preferred	1,300	77¾	77	77⅜
Internat'l Pump	300	37¾	37	37
Do preferred	200	81¼	81½	81
National Lead	7,500	24⅞	23¼	24⅝
North American	1,000	97½	96¾	97
Pacific Mail	900	38	37⅛	37⅞
People's Gas	4,700	107¼	106⅝	106⅝
Pressed Steel Car	3,400	42⅞	41⅝	41⅞
Do preferred	1,400	83	81⅝	82¾
Pullman Pal. Car	....	....	....	228
Republic Steel	1,500	12¾	12¼	12½
Do preferred	2,800	54⅝	51¼	53¼
Rubber Goods	1,800	23½	22¾	23¼
Do preferred	100	85¼	85¾	85
Tenn. Coal and I.	4,000	57⅝	56⅝	56⅝
U. S. Leather	88,300	13⅜	11	12¼
Do preferred	4,200	91¼	89⅞	91
U.S. Realty & Imp.	1,600	65	62½	64¼
U. S. Rubber	1,600	28⅝	28	28½
Do preferred	400	84¼	83½	83½
U. S. Steel	60,600	22¼	21⅝	22
Do preferred	119,100	83⅝	82⅜	82¼
Westin'house Elec.	6,300	171	169	170⅝
Western Union	1,400	93	92¾	92½

Total sales for the day, 1,520,700 shares.

BOND QUOTATIONS.

New York, Oct. 18.—Realizing in speculative bond issues made the bond market irregular. Total sales (par value) $7,345,000. U. S. bonds were unchanged on call.

The following are the closing bid prices on Government bonds:

U. S. Bonds.

2s, registered	104⅝
Do coupon	104⅝
3s, registered	104½
Do coupon	105¼
New 4s, registered	130⅝
Do coupon	131¼
Old 4s, registered	106½
Do coupon	106½

Miscellaneous Bonds.

Atchison general 4s	102¼
Do adjustment 4s	96½
Atlantic Coast Line 4s	98⅝
Baltimore and Ohio 4s	103½
Do 3½s	95⅝
Central of Georgia 5s	113½
Do first income	88½
Chesapeake and Ohio 4½s	106
Chicago and Alton 3½s	81¼
Chicago, Burlington and Quincy new 4s	98¼
Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul gen. 4s	109½
Chicago and Northwestern consol. 7s	128¾
Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific 4s	77¼
Do collateral 5s	87⅞
C., C., C. and St. Louis general 4s	101½
Chicago Terminal 4s	78
Consolidated Tobacco 4s	75
Colorado and Southern 4s	88
Colorado Fuel 5s	87¾
Denver and Rio Grande 4s	100½
Erie prior lien 4s	100
Do general 4s	88⅝
Fort Worth and Denver City firsts	110½
Hocking Valley 4½s	108½
Louisville and Nashville unified 4s	102⅝
Manhattan consolidated gold 4s	105½
Mexican Central 4s	74
Do first income	21⅞
Minneapolis and St. Louis 4s	94¼
Missouri, Kansas and Texas 4s	102¼
Do seconds	86⅝
National Railway of Mexico consol. 4s	78⅝
New York Central general 3½s	100¼
New Jersey Central general 5s	134¼
Northern Pacific 4s	104⅝
Do 3s	74⅝
Norfolk and Western consol. 4s	100⅝
Oregon Short Line 4s and participating	98⅝
Pennsylvania convertible 3½s	102⅝
Reading general 4s	101⅝
St. Louis and Iron Mountain consol. 5s	115
St. Louis and San Francisco fdg. 4s	86¼
St. Louis Southwestern firsts	99⅜
Seaboard Air Line 4s	81
Southern Pacific 4s	94⅛
Southern Railway 5s	118⅛
Texas and Pacific firsts	120⅝
Toledo, St. Louis and Western 4s	81
Union Pacific 4s	105
Do convertible 4s	109⅜
United States Steel second 5s	88
Wabash firsts	119
Do debenture Bs	67⅝
Wheeling and Lake Erie 4s	91
Wisconsin Central 4s	92

FOREIGN FINANCIAL.

London, Oct. 18.—Money was easy in the market to-day and discounts were firm. On the Stock Exchange trading was quiet and irregular on profit-taking. More attention was given to the condition of foreign exchanges and the money prospects, the feeling regarding the future being less assured. Consols were steady and home rails reacted. Americans opened irregular and hardened in places to above parity. Ontario and Western and Norfolk and Western were the features. United States Steel was strong. At the close prices were irregular. Grand Trunk was dull on the traffic returns being disappointing. Foreigners were irregular. Japanese were weak and Russians improved a trifle. Imperial Japanese Government 6s of 1904 were quoted at 94⅝. Rio Tintos hardened on the reduction of the visible supplies of copper. Closing quotations were as follows: Consols for money 88 3-16; do for the account 88¼; Anaconda 5¼; Atchison 87⅝; do preferred 104; Baltimore and Ohio 97¼; Canadian Pacific 136½; Chesapeake and Ohio 46⅝; Chicago Great Western 18¾; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul 173½; De Beers 18¼; Denver and Rio Grande 30; do preferred 84¼; Erie 35⅝; do 1st preferred 72; do 2d preferred 50; Illinois Central 149¼; Louisville and Nashville 139⅝; Missouri, Kansas and Texas 30¼; New York Central 138⅜; Norfolk and Western 75¼; do preferred 94; Ontario and Western 37⅝; Pennsylvania 70; Rand Mines 10⅝; Reading 38; do 1st preferred 45; do 2d preferred 41; Southern Railway 35⅝; do preferred 97⅝; Southern Pacific 64; Union Pacific 11; do preferred 90⅝; United States Steel 22⅞; do preferred 85⅝; Wabash 23; do preferred 45½; Spanish 4s 87. Bar silver firm at 26⅞d per ounce. Money 1@1¼ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 2⅝ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for three-months' bills is 2 9-16@2 11-16 per cent.

Paris, Oct. 18.—Prices on the Bourse to-day were fluctuating and the market was sensitive, owing to the war reports. At the close the tone was indecisive. Russian Imperial 4s were quoted at 93.65 and Russian bonds of 1904 at 515. The private rate of discount was 2⅝ per cent. Three per cent. rentes 97f 90c for the account. Exchange on London 25f 12c for checks.

Berlin, Oct. 18.—Trading on the Boerse today was quiet, with a waiting tendency. Exchange on London 20 marks 35½ pfgs. for checks. Discount rates: Short bills 4½ per cent.; three months' bills 3⅝ per cent.

Imperial Bank Statement.

Berlin, Oct. 18.—The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows the following changes:

	Marks.
Cash in hand increased	50,220,000
Treasury notes increased	1,340,000
Other securities decreased	60,520,000
Notes in circulation decreased	86,440,000

MOVEMENT LEADING ARTICLES

Louisville Board of Trade, Oct. 18, 1904.—Movement of leading articles by rail and river during the past twenty-four hours and corresponding time last year:

ARTICLES.	Rec'd 1904.	Ship'd 1904.	Rec'd 1903.	Ship'd 1903.
Ag'l impl'ts, lbs.	46,220	159,639	35,609	212,410
Bagging, lbs.	25,700	1,400	6,600	4,170
Boots and shoes, cases	571	382	510	450
Coffee, lbs.	78,200	25,410	29,375	49,115
Cotton, bales	12	......	40	......
Flour, bbls.	620	2,529	795	3,426
Furniture, lbs.	53,315	196,330	35,116	211,977
Corn, bush.	38,400	24,840	31,605	26,815
Malt, bush.	......	100	......	135
Oats, bush.	9,100	7,600	17,105	6,400
Rye, bush.	2,400	50	......	320
Wheat, bush.	27,800	900	31,115	7,300
Hardware, pkgs.	1,209	4,302	1,006	4,494
Hay, tons	143	12	395	13
Bacon, lbs.	160,167	180,995	175,038	224,070
Hams, lbs.	......	21,400	660	9,005
Lard, lbs.	20,000	206,080	34,400	65,170
Pig iron, tons	406	......	539	......
Leather, lbs.	855	60,110	100	72,186
Nails, kegs.	995	414	667	1,081
Apples, gr., bbls.	2,875	1,000	596	438
Onions, bbls.	175	193	......	206
Potatoes, bbls.	200	158	600	150
Seed, grass and clover, lbs.	69,065	30,530	109,677	40,998
Soap, lbs.	12,110	102,610	33,250	142,610
Sugar, bbls.	300	393	150	597
Tobacco, leaf, hds.	78	69	61	110
Tobacco, mfd., lbs.	7,285	161,539	900	173,665
Whisky, bbls.	286	2,029	630	1,884
Wool, lbs.	1,705	......	36,150	135,962

LOCAL MARKETS.

(Unless otherwise specified, as in the case of produce, etc., handled by commission men or brokers without charge, these quotations represent the prices charged by wholesale dealers of this city. Produce quotations represent the prices charged by shippers.)

BEANS—Northern hand-picked $1.90 per bu.; Indiana new beans $1.90 per bu.; Lima beans 4½c per lb.; California pinks $2.30 per bu.; New York red kidneys $3.50 per bu.

CEMENT, LIME AND PLASTER—Portland cement $1.55@3.50 per bbl.; Louisville cement 75@87c per bbl.; lime 80c per bbl.; plaster Paris $1.55@2 per bbl.

CHEESE—New York cheddars 11c; Western cheddars 11c; full cream flats and twins 12c; full cream daisies 12½c; full cream, long horns 13c; skim goods 10@10½c.

COFFEE—Washed Guatemala 12½@13½c; Maracaibo 10½@12½c; Laguayra 10½@11½c; Mocha 19¾@23c; Java 24½@28c. Green Rios: Fancy 12½c; choice 11½c; prime 10½c; good 10c; roasting grades 10@12c; Santos 10½@15c.

FLOUR—Jobbing trade quotations are as follows: Minnesota spring patents $6.50@6.75 per bbl.; plain patents $6@6.50; straights $5.75@6; family $5; low grades $4.75; winter patents $6@6.25; winter straights $5.75@6; low grade $4@4.25; bolted meal $1.50 per 100 lbs.

FEATHERS—Prime white goose 48@49c per lb.; gray 35@39c; No. 1 old 35@38c; dark and mixed old goose 15@25c; white duck 38@40c; old and mixed duck 25@30c.

FOREIGN AND PACIFIC DRIED FRUITS—Currants, per lb. 7@8c; raisins, London layers, per box $1.50; Sultana raisins 12@13c per lb.; loose muscatels, in 50-lb. boxes 6@7c; prunes, California new 3@6½c; peaches 8@11c; pears 7@8c; figs, in layers 10@12c, in bags 7c per lb.; apricots 11@11½c; Persian dates 5c; Fard dates 8@9c; evaporated apples 6½c.

FIELD SEED—Selling prices from store: Choice timothy $1.30@1.40 per bu.; clover $7@7.50; orchard $1.30@1.45; bluegrass, fancy 75@80c; red top, fancy 5½@7c; rye 92@95c; winter oats 60@65c; English bluegrass $1.40.

HAY—These quotations are for hay in car lots on track: Choice $14; clover hay $11@11.50; wheat straw $6@6.50; No. 1 $12.50@13; No. 2 $11.50@12. This is for baled hay; hay from store $1.50@2 per ton higher.

HIDES AND SKINS—These quotations are for Kentucky hides; Southern green hides ½c lower. We quote assorted lots: Dry flint, No. 1 16½c; No. 2 15c; dry salted, No. 1 14c; No. 2 13c; round lots of green salted beef hides 9c; round lots, dry 13@14c; dry kip and calf 15c; green salted, No. 1 9½c; No. 2 8½c; kip and calf 8⅜c; sheepskins, butchers' 75c@$1; country skins 40@80c; shearings 15@25c; shearings, dry 5@15c; lambskins 40@70c; horse hides, No. 1 large $3; No. 2 $2.

KRAUT—45-gallon casks $5; ½ bbl., 15 gallons, $2.25.

MILL OFFAL—In car lots: Bran $19.50@20; shorts $20.50@21. Prices are $1.50 per ton higher in bags.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS—Caramels 22c per gallon; New Orleans molasses, open kettle 38c; centrifugals 24@30c; sorghum 35@38c per gallon, according to quality.

NUTS—Dealers' prices as follows: Almonds 14c per lb.; filberts 10c; California walnuts 15¼c; French walnuts 12c; peanuts, fancy Virginia 6½c; choice Virginia 6c; Texas pecans 8@10c; home-grown pecans 10c; cocoanuts $3.25 per 100; mixed nuts 11c per lb.; Brazil nuts 10c; chestnuts 7@7½c.

OILS—Castor, No. 1 82c per gallon; No. 1 78c; linseed 40c for raw and 41c for boiled, 1c less in 5-bbl. lots; lard oil, winter strained 57c; extra No. 1 52c; No. 1 43c; No. 2 40c; gasoline, 87 degrees 19c; stove gasoline 12½c; benzine, 63 degrees 11½c; straits oil 35c; black oil 9@18c; golden machinery 12c; extra golden lubricator 25c; Corliss cylinder 35c; cotton-seed oil, refined 30c per gallon; coal oil, Kentucky test 11½c; Indiana 11½c; water white, 150 degrees 12½c; headlight, 175 test 13½c; turpentine 58c per gallon.

PAINTS AND COLORS—Strictly pure white and red lead 6½c per lb., less 2 per cent. discount for cash. Colors—Venetian red 1@1½c; yellow ochre ¾c.

RICE—Louisiana, broken 3c per lb.; fancy 5½c; Japan 4½c; Java 6c; Indian head 6¼c; Carolina head 5½c; fancy Patna 6c.

ROOTS—Clean ginseng, Kentucky $7@7.25 per lb.; Indiana $7@7.25; Southern ginseng $7@7.50; "Golden Seal" yellow root $1.20@1.25; Mayapple 4c; blood root 6c; Virginia snake root 30c; Seneca snake root 45c; pink root 12@13c; lady slipper 5c. Dealers do not want ginseng split, or strung, and washed before dried.

SALT—Delivered in dray load lots as follows: Ohio river 7-bu. bbl. $1.30; do 5-bu. bbl. $1.05; Michigan 7-bu. bbl. (medium) $1.30; do 5-bu. bbl. (medium) $1.04; do 5-bu. bbl. (fine) 97c; do 7-bu. bbl. $1.20; dairy salt $1.25@1.95 per bbl.; freezing salt, 200-lb. sack 65c.

TALLOW—No. 1 4½c; No. 2 3½@4c.

WINDOW GLASS—Discounts are now as follows from list October 1, 1903: First three-bracket sizes 90 and 20 per cent.; all other sizes 90 and 15 per cent.

WOOL—Quotations are for Kentucky and Indiana wool. For Southern wool quotations are from 1c to 2c per lb. lower on grease wool: Burry 15@20c; clear grease 20@26½c; medium tub-washed 30@37c; coarse, dingy tub-washed 30@35c; black wool 23c.

REFINED SUGAR PRICES.

The following prices on refined sugars to retail merchants are believed to represent a fair range in the Louisville market:

Crystal dominos	6.95	8.15
Eagle tablets	6.90	7.15
Cut loaf	7.20	6.22
Crushed	7.25	
Mould A	5.89	
Cubes	5.75	7.77
XXXX powdered	5.65	5.67
Powdered	5.60	5.62
Fruit powdered	5.65	
Standard granulated, bbls	5.40	5.25
Standard granulated, 100-lb. bags	5.40	
Standard granulated, 2-lb. cartons	5.65	
Standard granulated, 2-lb. bags	5.70	5.82
Diamond A	5.55	
Confectioners' A	5.40	
No. 1	5.25	5.27
No. 2	5.25	5.27
No. 3	5.25	5.27
No. 4	5.20	5.27
No. 5	5.20	5.17
No. 6	5.10	5.12
No. 7	5.05	5.07
No. 8	5.05	5.02
No. 9	4.95	4.97
No. 10	4.90	4.92
No. 11	4.85	4.87
No. 12	4.80	4.82
No. 13	4.75	4.77
No. 14	4.70	4.72

GRAIN.

WHEAT—
No. 2 red and longberry $1 17
No. 3 red and longberry 1 15
Rejected 2@8c less; on levee 1¼c less.

CORN—
No. 3 white 58½
No. 3 mixed 57½

OATS—
No. 3 white 30
No. 2 mixed 31½

RYE—
No. 2 Western 85½
No. 2 Northwestern 88½

The prices for wheat are those paid by dealers; the quotations for corn, oats and rye are selling prices.

PROVISIONS.

MESS PORK—$13.50.

HAMS—Choice sugar-cured, light and special cure 12¼@13c; heavy to medium 11½@12c.

BACON—Clear rib sides 10½c; regular clear sides 10½c; breakfast bacon 14@16c; sugar-cured shoulders 8½c; bacon, extra 10c; bellies, light 11c; heavy 11c.

LARD—Prime steam in tierces 7⅝c; choice leaf in tierces 8⅝c, in tubs 8¼c; pure leaf lard in tierces 9¼c, in tubs 9⅝c, in firkins 9⅝c.

BULK MEATS—Ribs 9c; regular clear 9c; extra short 9c.

DRIED BEEF—12½c.

IRON AND HARDWARE.

IRON BARS—$1.65@1.75 for base.

TOOL STEEL—8c to 15c for base.

SOFT STEEL—$2.20 for base.

STEEL ROOFING—Corrugated $2.10@2.15; V-crimped $2.25@2.30 per square.

BLACK SHEETS—No. 10 $2; No. 12 $2.10; No. 14 $2.25; No. 16 $2.35; Nos. 18 and 20 $2.50; Nos. 22 and 24 $2.70; No. 26 $2.80; No. 27 $2.75 per 100 lbs.

GALVANIZED SHEETS—70 and 10 per cent. discount.

CUT STEEL NAILS—$2.10 base.

WIRE NAILS—$1.95 base rate.

PLAIN BLACK WIRE—$1.90 for No. 9 per 100 lbs.

GALVANIZED WIRE—$2.25 for No. 9 per 100 lbs.

BARBED WIRE—Painted $2.20; galvanized $2.50 per 100 lbs.

HORSE SHOES—No. 2 and larger, Juniata $3.75 base; Perkins' $4 base; Burden $4.25 per keg.

HARROW TEETH—$3 per 100 lbs.

MACHINE BOLTS—70 per cent. discount.

CARRIAGE BOLTS—70 per cent. discount.

COTTON.

Middling 10¼c; strict middling 10⅝c.

PRODUCE AND FRUITS.

These prices are wholesale.

BUTTER—Packing 11c per lb.; good country 14@15c; Elgin 23c in 60-lb. tubs, 23½c in 30-lb. tubs; Elgin lb. prints 24c.

EGGS—17½@18c, loss off.

POULTRY—Hens 9c per lb.; spring chickens 11@11½c; ducks 11c; geese $4.80@5 per dozen; turkeys 10@12c per lb.

FRUIT—Home-grown apples $1@2 per bbl.; Northern apples $2.25@2.75 per bbl.; lemons $3.50@4 per box; pineapples $3 per case; home-grown peaches $2@2.25 per bu.; bananas $1@1.75 per bunch; Northern grapes 17c per basket; California Tokay grapes $1.75@2 per crate; California Malaga grapes $1.50 per crate; California Muscat grapes $1.50 per crate; California plums $1.50 per crate; Northern Niagara grapes 13c pony basket; Florida oranges $3.50 per box; crab apples $1 per bu.; pumpkins 10@20c.

VEGETABLES—New onions $1.50 per bag; leaf lettuce 60c per bu.; head lettuce $1; parsley 30c per dozen; egg plants 50c per dozen; hothouse cucumbers 75c per dozen; green beans $1 per bu.; home-grown beets 20c dozen; home-grown radishes 10@15c per dozen; home-grown tomatoes 75c per bu.; Northern cabbage 60@75c per bbl.; home-grown potatoes $1.50@1.75 per bbl.; home-grown pepper 50@60c per bu.; Spanish onions $1.50 per crate; Michigan celery $2.50 per case, 40c per dozen.

NEW YORK BOND SALES

(Reported by John L. Dunlap.)

Atchison gen. 4s.
$30,000 ....102⅛
$20,000 102
Atch. adj. 4s. stamped.
$6,000 .... 95¼
B. and O. 3½s.
$5,000 .... 95⅝
B. and O. 4s.
$4,000 ....103½
$2,000 ....103⅝
$1,000 ....103¼
B. and O. S.-W. Div. 3½s.
$2,000 .... 91⅝
$1,000 .... 91⅞
B. R. T. 4s.
$140,000 84
$10,000 .... 84⅛
$25,000 .... 84½
Can. Southern 1st 5s.
$1,000 104
Cen. Ga. con. 5s.
$3,000 ....113⅝
$7,000 ....113½
Cen. Pacific 3½s.
$17,000 .... 88⅝
Cen. Pac. 1st ref. 4s.
$10,000 ....101½
$5,000 101
$16,000 ....101¼
C. and O. 4½s.
$26,000 ....105⅝
$5,000 106
C. and O. 5s.
$5,000 120
C. O. R. and A. 1st 4s.
$1,000 ....102⅝
C. and A. 3½s.
$5,000 .... 81½
$3,000 .... 81¼
C., B. and Q. ll. 3½s.
$3,000 95
C., B. and Q. joint 4s.
$15,000 .... 98¼
$3,000 98
$17,000 .... 98¼
C., I. and L. 5s.
$5,000 116
C., M. and St. P. Hast. Div. 1st 5s.
$2,000 ....107⅝
C., R. I. and P. gen. 4s.
$1,000 105
C., R. I. and P. 4s.
$43,000 .... 77¼
$10,000 .... 77⅛
$207,000 77
$73,000 .... 77¼
$15,000 .... 77⅛
C., R. I. and P. col. 5s.
$8,000 87
$5,000 .... 86½
$10,000 .... 86¾
$10,000 .... 86⅞
Chicago Terminal 4s.
$7,000 78
$1,000 79
C. and St. L. gen 4s. g. o.
C., C., C. and St. L. gen. 4s.
$7,000 ....101½
C., F. and I. g. m. 5s.
$4,000 101
C. F. and I. con. ctf. 5s.
$50,000 82
$45,000 .... 81⅞
Col. Midland 4s.
$2,000 68
Colorado Southern 4s.
$5,000 .... 87½
$10,000 88
Con. Gas C. D. P. 6s.
$65,000 192
$20,000 ....191⅞
$40,000 ....191⅝
$2,000 ....191½
Con. Tobacco 4s.
$60,000 .... 74⅞
$13,000 .... 74⅝
$473,000 75
$10,000 .... 75⅛
Dist. Securities 5s.
$187,000 74
$13,000 .... 74⅛
$21,000 .... 73⅝
Erie gen. lien 4s.
$50,000 88
$29,000 .... 88¼
$31,000 .... 88⅜
Erie prior lien 4s.
$5,000 100
G. B. and W. B.
$3,000 .... 16⅜
$11,000 .... 16½
$25,000 .... 16⅝
$37,000 .... 16⅞
Japan 6s.
$35,000 .... 90¾
$1,000 .... 90⅞
K. C., Ft. S. and M. 4s.
$44,000 .... 84¼
$9,000 .... 84⅜
$15,000 .... 84⅞
$12,000 85
$25,000 .... 85¼
$15,000 .... 85½
$2,000 .... 85⅝
Kan. City Gas 5s.
$2,000 100
Kings Co. El. 4s.
$18,000 93
$20,000 .... 92⅞
L. S. and M. S. 3½s.
$1,000 ....101⅝
L. and N. unified 4s.
$3,000 ....100⅝
$2,000 ....100⅞
$3,000 101
$3,000 102
$1,000 ....102½
L. and N. col. tr. 4s.
$11,000 97
$7,000 .... 97⅛
Manhattan 4s.
$4,000 ....105½
Met. El. 1st 6s.
$2,000 ....108½
Mex. Cen. con. 4s.
$2,000 74
Mex. Cen. col. tr. 4½s.
$12,000 .... 92½
$20,000 93
Mex. Cen. 1st income.
$17,000 .... 20¾
$20,000 .... 20⅝
$23,000 .... 20⅞
$31,000 21
$90,000 .... 21½
$128,000 .... 21⅜
$26,000 22
$6,000 .... 21⅝
$4,000 .... 21¼
Mex. Cen. 2d income.
$55,000 14
$6,000 .... 14⅛
$11,000 .... 14¼
$47,000 .... 14⅝
$10,000 .... 15⅛
$60,000 .... 15¼
$45,000 .... 15½
$35,000 15
M., K. and T. 4s.
$4,000 ....102½
$5,000 ....102¼
M., K. and T. 2d 4s.
$12,000 86
$2,000 .... 86⅝
M., K. and T. of T. 5s.
$3,000 ....104⅞
$7,000 105
Mo. Pacific 5s, 1917.
$5,000 ....106⅝
N.Y.C. and H. R. 3½s.
$3,000 ....100¼
N. Y. Gas, El. L., H. and P. 4s.
$5,000 .... 94⅞
N. Y. Gas, El. L., H. and P. 5s.
$2,000 ....110⅝
$2,000 ....110¾
N. Y. C.-L. S. col. tr. 3½s.
$21,000 91
N. Y., O. and W. 4s.
$1,000 ....103½
N. and W. P. 4s.
$5,000 .... 94½
$4,000 .... 94⅝
N. P. gen. 3s.
$3,000 .... 74⅝
$1,000 .... 74⅞
N. P. prior lien 4s.
$7,000 ....104⅛
$19,000 ....104⅝
O. S. L. 4s and particl.
$3,000 .... 98¾
$7,000 .... 98½
$10,000 .... 98⅝
O. S. L. 5s.
$7,000 ....117¼
$2,000 ....117½
O. S. L. 6s.
$2,000 ....124⅝
Penn. convertible 3½s.
$20,000 103
$6,000 ....102⅝
Reading-J. C. 4s.
$5,000 .... 95⅝
Reading gen. 4s.
$19,000 ....101⅝
$6,000 ....101¼
St. L. and I. Mtn. 4s.
$3,000 93
St. L. and S. W. 1st 4s.
$2,000 .... 99¼
$5,000 .... 99⅜
S. S. con. 4s.
$76,000 80
$13,000 .... 79⅞
S. A. and A. P. 4s.
$10,000 .... 90⅝
$10,000 .... 90¼
$77,000 90
So. Pac. col. tr. 4s.
$1,000 .... 94½
$1,000 .... 94⅞
Southern Pacific 4½s.
$10,000 102
Southern Railway 5s.
$1,000 ....118¼
$12,000 ....118½
$1,000 ....118⅛
$1,000 ....118⅝
So. Ry. St. L. 4s.
$2,000 98
T. C. and I. gen. 5s.
$2,000 96
Tex. Pac. 1st 5s.
$1,000 ....120⅝
T. O. U. 4s.
$30,000 81
Union Pacific 4s.
$22,000 105
U. P. convertible 4s.
$79,000 ....100¼
$458,000 ....109½
$122,000 ....109⅝
$330,000 ....109¾
$50,000 ....109⅛
$209,000 ....109⅝
$122,000 ....109⅞
United Rys. of S. F. 4s.
$37,000 .... 83½
U. S. Steel s. f. 5s.
$77,000 .... 88⅛
$75,000 .... 88¼
$247,000 88
$255,000 .... 87¾
$102,000 .... 87⅝
U. S. 5s, reg.
$5,000 .... 85⅛
Wabash 1st 5s.
$2,000 ....118⅝
$5,000 ....118⅞
$4,000 119
Wabash 2d 5s.
$1,000 ....118½
Wabash deb. Bs.
$90,000 .... 68⅛
$200,000 .... 68¼
$40,000 68
$172,000 .... 68⅜
$88,000 .... 68½
$42,000 .... 67⅞
Wisconsin Central 4s.
$165,000 92

Total sales (par value) $7,343,000.

AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
LOGAN C. MURRAY, Pres. J. S. BOCKEE, Vice Pres. R. F. WARFIELD, Cashier.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS..........$1,000,000.
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.
Unsurpassed excellence of service for collecting on Louisville in Kentucky, Tennessee and other Southern States.

LEAF TOBACCO.

Tuesday Evening, Oct. 18.—Sales to-day were small and quiet. There were only 59 offerings, all of which were dark. The tobacco was of very poor quality, but was in fairly good condition. Prices averaged about the same as those of last week.

The following is the report of offerings to-day on the Louisville market, including all the warehouses:

	Hhds.
Dark	59
Original inspection	38
Reviews	21

First sale to-morrow at the Kentucky Warehouse.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Louisville.

(Reported by the Louisville Live Stock Exchange, Bourbon Stock Yards.)

Louisville, Oct. 18.—Cattle—The fresh receipts of cattle to-day were 162 head; for the two days 2,823. Although the number of fresh arrivals was small, there were plenty of cattle here to-day to meet every requirement of the trade, and more, too, as there were quite a good many cattle carried over from yesterday unsold. The market continued very slow on all grades from bottom to top, the choice kinds selling better than others, but the common and medium half-fat kinds were almost unsalable. Some little inquiry for strictly heavy high-grade feeders, but all other kinds were sluggish, with a lower tendency. The extreme dry weather in many sections seems to be curtailing the feeder and stocker trade. Common rough feeders and trashy stock cattle almost unsalable. The bull and canner market was quiet, without any change in prices. Choice milch cows continue in good demand; others slow sale. An entire clearance was not made this evening; looks like a very slow, unsatisfactory cattle trade through the week.

Calves—Receipts 33 head; for the two days 151. The market was firm on choice light veals; best $6@6.50; others slow at quotations.

Hogs—The receipts of hogs to-day were 1,343 head; for the two days 9,240. The local and shipping demand was fairly good to-day and the receipts were absorbed early in the day, steady prices prevailing; choice heavy and medium hogs $5.15; best lights $4.95; best pigs $4.65; light pigs $4.25; roughs $3.50@4.50. The pens were well cleared and the market closed about steady.

Sheep and Lambs—The receipts of sheep and lambs were very light, 50 head; for the two days 516. The market to-day was very quiet at unchanged prices. Good fat sheep and good lambs are selling readily at quotations.

Quotations.

CATTLE.

Extra good export steers	$4 40@4 65
Light shipping steers	4 00@4 40
Choice butcher steers	3 75@4 00
Fair to good butcher steers	3 00@3 65
Common to medium butcher steers	2 50@3 00
Choice butcher heifers	3 40@3 65
Fair to good butcher heifers	2 85@3 25
Common to medium butcher heifers	2 25@2 75
Choice butcher cows	3 00@3 50
Fair to good butcher cows	2 50@3 00
Common to medium butcher cows	2 00@2 50
Canners	75@1 75
Choice feeders	3 40@3 65
Medium to good feeders	3 00@3 40
Common and rough feeders	2 75@3 00
Good to extra stock steers	3 25@3 50
Fair to good stock steers	2 75@3 25
Common to medium stock steers	2 50@2 75
Good to extra stock heifers	2 50@2 75
Common to medium stock heifers	2 00@2 50
Good to extra oxen	3 50@4 00
Common to medium oxen	2 00@3 00
Good to extra bulls	2 50@2 75
Fair to good bulls	2 00@2 50
Choice veal calves	5 00@6 50
Common to medium veal calves	3 50@4 50
Coarse, heavy calves	2 50@3 25
Choice to fancy milch cows	35 00@40 00
Medium to good milch cows	20 00@30 00
Plain common milch cows	15 00@20 00

HOGS.

Choice pack. & butch., 200 to 300 lbs.	5 15
Medium packers, 165 to 200 lbs.	5 15
Light shippers, 120 to 165 lbs.	4 95
Choice pigs, 90 to 120 lbs.	4 65
Light pigs, 50 to 90 lbs.	4 00@4 25
Roughs, 150 to 400 lbs.	3 50@4 50

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

Good to choice fat sheep	3 00@3 25
Fair to good sheep	2 25@2 75
Common sheep	1 50@2 00
Bucks	1 25@2 25
Choice shipping lambs	5 00@5 25
Seconds	4 00@4 50
Good butcher lambs	4 00@4 50
Culls and tail-ends	3 00@4 00

(Reported by the Central Live Stock Exchange, Central Stock Yards.)

Louisville, Oct. 18.—Cattle—Receipts light, only 61 head on sale to-day. The quality of the offerings was good and everything changed hands at steady prices. The choice butcher stuff continue to be the best sellers at steady to a shade higher prices, while the common kinds are slow sellers at steady prices. Choice high-grade dehorned stockers and feeders are selling at good prices. Light trashy stockers and feeders are hard to sell at satisfactory prices. Choice milch cows are in good demand, while the small thin cows are hard to sell even at a low price. The pens are well cleared and the prospects are for a steady market the balance of the week.

Calves—Receipts liberal to-day. The market was strong on good calves, that class selling readily at $5.75@6.25; coarse calves slow sale.

Hogs—Receipts 725 head. The market opened up 10c lower on all grades; best, 160 pounds and up, $5.15; 120 to 160 pounds $5; heavy pigs $4.65; light pigs $4@4.25; roughs $4@4.50. The market closed easy.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts light. The market was active and higher on good butcher lambs and fat sheep and steady on all other grades. Best fat sheep $2.75@3.25; fair to good $2@2.50; common $1@2; best shipping lambs $5@5.25; good butcher lambs $4@4.50; fair to good butcher lambs $3.75@4; tail-ends $3@3.50.

New York.

New York, Oct. 18.—Beeves—Receipts 892; market steady; dressed beef in fair demand at 6½@10c per lb. for native sides; Texas beef 5½@6½c; cables quoted live cattle firmer at 8½@12½c per lb.; tops 12¾c, dressed weight; sheep steady at 10½@11¾c, dressed weight; refrigerator beef higher at 9⅝@10c per lb.; exports to-day 811 beeves, 1,145 sheep and 5,000 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts 279; market steady; veals $5@8.75; grassers and Westerns nominal; dressed calves steady; city-dressed veals 8½@13½c per lb.; country-dressed 8@12c; dressed grassers and fed calves 4@7c per lb. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 459; market steady for both sheep and lambs; sheep $3@4.25; lambs $5.25@6; yearlings $4.50. Hogs—Receipts 2,444; market quite demoralized; State and Pennsylvania hogs $5.50@5.75; one sale at $5.80.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, Oct. 18.—Cattle—Receipts 20,500, including 700 Southerns; market strong; beef steers strong; other cattle steady to 10c lower; choice export and dressed beef steers $5.25@6.25; fair to good $4@5.25; Western fed steers $4@5.75; stockers and feeders $2.50@4.25; Southern steers $2.50@3.75; Southern cows $1.50@2.75; native cows $1.50@3.50; native heifers $2.50@4.50; bulls $1.75@3.50; calves $2.50@6. Hogs—Receipts 12,000; market steady to 5c lower; top $5.27½; bulk of sales at $4.70@5.20; heavy $5.15@5.27½; packers $5@5.15; pigs and lights $4.50@5.05. Sheep—Receipts 6,500; market 10c higher; native lambs $4.25@5.50; native wethers $3.25@3.80; native ewes $3@3.40; Western lambs $4.25@5.50; Western yearlings $3.60@4; Western sheep $3.25@3.80; stockers and feeders $2.50@3.50.

Chicago.

Chicago, Oct. 18.—Cattle—Receipts 11,000, including 3,000 Westerns and 500 Texans; market steady; good to prime steers $5.85@6.75; poor to medium $3.70@5.75; stockers and feeders $2.25@4; cows $1.50@4; heifers $2@4.90; canners $1.50@2.35; bulls $2@4.25; calves $3@6.50; Texas-fed steers $3.75@5.50; Western steers $3@4.75. Hogs—Receipts 18,000, estimated for to-morrow 21,000; market 5@10c lower; mixed and butchers' $4.90@5.35; good to choice heavy $5.10@5.35; rough heavy $4.70@5; light $4.80@5.20; bulk of sales at $4.95@5.15. Sheep—Receipts 40,000; sheep steady; lambs slow; good to choice wethers $3.80@4.30; fair to choice mixed $3.25@3.75; Western sheep $2.75@4.25; native lambs $4.50@5.90; Western lambs $4.50@5.60.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Oct. 18.—Hogs fairly active; butchers $5.12½@5.35; common $3.75@4.65. Cattle dull; fair to good shippers $3.35@3.50; common $1.75@2.75. Sheep steady to strong at $1@3.35; lambs strong at $3@6.

COTTON MARKETS.

New York, Oct. 18.—The cotton market opened rather better than due on the cables at unchanged prices to an advance of 2 points, and after some irregularity ruled active and generally firm, closing at a fair net gain for the day. The advance was due chiefly to covering and support from some large speculative interests on the prospect for rain in the western belt, while buying was also encouraged to some extent by reports of a better spot situation in the South, owing to lighter offerings and a somewhat increased demand at the recent decline. Business here seemed to be of a professional character, but there was a fair sprinkling of orders through wire and commission houses largely from the South, making it appear that the outlook for frost in Texas was bringing in a little public demand. A leading Southern operator was a good buyer here early in the day, but seemed to be selling at the advance. Just before the close there was more general selling, with smaller longs taking profits. At the best point the market was about 17@20 points net higher. The close was steady at a net gain of 10@15 points. Sales estimated at 350,000 bales.

Estimated receipts at the ports: To-day, 85,000 bales, against 84,161 last week and 70,523 last year; for the week, 400,000 bales, against 394,793 last week and 317,496 last year. To-day's receipts at New Orleans were 27,214 bales, against 17,356 last year, and at Houston 28,993 bales, against 26,006 last year.

Spot cotton steady; middling uplands 10.30c; do gulf 10.55c. Closed quiet at 15 points advance; middling uplands 10.35c; do gulf 10.60c. Sales 500 bales.

The following is the range of futures on the New York Cotton Exchange:

MONTH.	Open-ing.	Clos-ing.	High-est.	Low-est.
October	9.75	9.86	9.92	9.73
November	9.77	9.88	9.93	9.75
December	9.87	9.98	10.05	9.84
January	9.94	10.06	10.12	9.89
February	9.96	10.10	10.11	10.00
March	10.03	10.16	10.21	10.10
April	10.07	10.16	10.09	10.05
May	10.08	10.20	10.26	10.06
June	10.10	10.22	.....	.....

New Orleans, Oct. 18.—Spot cotton active and firm. Most of the factors are holding for outside figures. Sales 9,800 bales, including 4,000 to arrive. The improvement in futures gave strength to spots. Quotations 1-16c higher; ordinary 7⅝c; good ordinary 8 11-16c; low middling 9 5-16c; middling 9⅝c; good middling 10 1-16c; middling fair 10 9-16c; receipts 26,630 bales; stock 182,798. Futures opened steady, with prices from 5 points down to 2 up compared with last evening's close. The market was more active than it has been for some days. The scalpers operated freely as prices fluctuated rapidly with fairly wide limits. The outside public also took part in the trading, while the operations of the big bulls and bears kept the ring guessing at what would be the outcome of the session. The chief feature of the day was the prediction in the weather forecast that the temperature would fall to 32 to-morrow in North Texas and in the western portions of Oklahoma and Indian Territories. This scared the shorts and gave the bulls new courage, with the result that prices were sent up about 2 points from the lowest levels of the early hours. When the demand of shorts had been supplied prices eased off 5@8 points. In the trading December opened up 2 points at 9.73c, declined to 9.69c, sold up to 9.90c and finally receded to 9.83. The market closed steady, with net gains of 11@15 points.

Liverpool, Oct. 18.—Spot cotton in moderate demand at prices 12 to 14 points lower; American middling 5.68d; good middling 5.46d; middling 5.36d; low middling 5.22d; good ordinary 5.08d; ordinary 4.92d. The sales of the day were 7,000 bales, of which 300 were for speculation and export, and included 6,000 American. Receipts 64,000 bales, including 55,000 American. Futures opened easier and closed firm.

Memphis, Oct. 18.—Cotton closed firm and unchanged; middling 9 13-16c; receipts 5,935 bales; shipments 2,450; sales 2,800; stock 58,614.

Savannah, Oct. 18.—Cotton quiet; middling 9⅝c; sales 112 bales; receipts 21,121; stock 112,137.

Galveston, Oct. 18.—Cotton quiet; middling 9⅞c; receipts 28,466 bales; stock 180,062.

St. Louis, Oct. 18.—Cotton quiet; middling 10c; receipts 1,455 bales; stock 5,331.

Boston, Oct. 18.—Cotton quiet; middling 10.20c; gross receipts 955 bales.

Bradstreet's Available Supplies.

New York, Oct. 18.—Special cable and telegraphic communications received by Bradstreet's show the following changes in available supplies as compared with last account:

Wheat—United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, increase 6,157,000 bu.; afloat for and in Europe, increase 1,300,000; total supply, increase 7,457,000.

Corn—United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, decrease 1,087,000 bu.

Oats—United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, increase 855,000 bu.

The leading increases reported this week are 1,000,000 bu. at the Northwestern interior elevators, 1,192,000 in Manitoba, 200,000 at the Chicago private elevators, 217,000 at the Milwaukee private elevators and 54,000 at Cleveland.

CHICAGO GRAIN.

Chicago, Oct. 18.—Improved demand for cash wheat in all domestic grain markets was largely the cause of an advance of 1¼@2c in speculative wheat prices here to-day. Poor grading of newly marketed spring wheat was another powerful influence. At the close December corn was up ⅝@¾c and oats a shade. Provisions show a gain of 10@15c.

The strength of the wheat market developed after a weak opening. Under the influence of heavy Northwestern receipts and lower prices at Liverpool initial quotations showed a considerable decline, December being down ⅛@⅜c at $1.11⅛@1.11¾. May was off ⅛@⅜c to ½@⅝c at $1.10½@1.10⅝. The obstacles to the upward progress of values, however, were soon overcome, as upon analysis of the depressing factors the bearish significance was alleged to be of small account. In the first place many traders seemed to believe that the market at present is governed largely by the existing domestic situation, the action of foreign grain centers having apparently little effect. The increased receipts in the Northwest did not appear so extremely bearish when it was seen that in the Duluth arrivals there were 97 cars from Oregon, which made the actual Northwestern spring wheat receipts at that point smaller than those of the preceding year. There was also claimed to be abundant evidence in the inspection returns from Minneapolis and Duluth that the spring wheat crop was noticeably poor as regards its quality. These factors gave the bull crowd the necessary leverage with which to hoist prices to a high level. From the tap of the gong until the last minute of trading there was an exceptionally good demand for the December delivery. As a result the market gained in strength until within the last fifteen minutes, when a slight recession occurred on profit taking. The brisk demand for December caused active covering of May, and this month also showed a good gain, although the advance was not so sharp as in the nearby option. Elements that entered decisively into the situation later in the day were the strength of cash wheat in all markets and reports of damage by Hessian flies to winter wheat in Missouri. The high point for the day on December was reached at $1.14⅝ and on May at $1.12¾. December closed at $1.14¼@1.14⅜. Final quotations on May were at $1.12½@1.12⅝. Clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 43,400 bushels. The world's visible supply as shown by Bradstreet's increased 7,457,000 bushels. Primary receipts were 1,828,500 bushels, compared with 1,354,300 bushels a year ago. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 1,158 cars, against 1,241 last week and 851 a year ago.

After a weak opening resulting from easier cables, the corn market rallied on predictions of wet weather for to-morrow, and on the sharp upturn in wheat. Decreased primary receipts were an additional bull factor. December opened ⅛@¼c to ⅜@½c lower at 47⅜@47½c, sold between 47½c and 48⅜c and closed at 48⅛c. Local receipts were 131 cars, none of contract grade.

The oats market was influenced almost exclusively by the action of other grains. Sentiment was weak early, but a firmer tone developed later in the day. A good cash demand had a beneficial effect on option trading. December opened ⅛@¼c to ¼@⅜c lower at 27⅞@28c, sold up to 28⅝@28½c and closed at 28⅛c. Local receipts were 224 cars.

Provisions were strong. Offerings were light, and there was a fair demand from local shorts and some of the smaller packers. At the close January pork was up 15c at $12.25. Lard and ribs were each 10c higher at $7.17½ and $6.40⅝@6.42½, respectively.

Estimated receipts for to-morrow: Wheat 63 cars, corn 73 cars, oats 100 cars, hogs 26,000 head.

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour—Winter patents $5.30@5.40; straights $4.90@5.20; spring patents $5.30@5.70; straights $4.60@5.30; bakers' $3.30@4. Market firm.

Grain—No. 2 spring wheat $1.12@1.18; No. 3 do $1.05@1.15; No. 2 red $1.15⅛@1.18; No. 2 corn 52½c; No. 2 yellow do 55½c; No. 2 oats 30@30½c; No. 3 white do 28¼@30½c; No. 2 rye 77½@78c; good feeding barley 35½c; fair to choice malting do 40@48c; No. 1 flax seed $1.09½; No. 1 Northwestern do $1.10½; clover, contract grade $12.25.

Provisions—Mess pork $10.90@11 per bbl.; lard $7.15@7.17½ per 100 lbs.; short rib sides, loose $7.50@7.62½; short clear sides, boxed $7.25@7.50.

Whisky—Distillers' finished goods, on basis of high wines, $1.26½.

On the Produce Exchange to-day the butter market was firm; creamery 15@20½c; dairy 13@17c. Eggs firm at mark; cases included 16½@18½c; firsts 18½c; prime firsts 20½c; extras 22½c. Cheese steady at 10@10½c.

Receipts—Flour 32,700 bbl.; wheat 164,400 bu.; corn 166,400; oats 307,800; rye 15,000; barley 179,800. Shipments—Flour 35,200 bbls.; wheat 255,500 bu.; corn 25,560; oats 306,800; barley 40,400.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Open-ing.	High-est.	Low-est.	Clos-ing.
WHEAT—				
Oct.	....	....	....	$1 13¼
Dec.	1 11½	1 14⅝	1 11½	1 14¼
May	1 10½	1 12¾	1 10¼	1 12½
July	96⅞	98⅛	96⅞	98
CORN—				
Oct.	....	....	....	51⅛
Dec.	47⅜	48⅜	47½	48½
May	44⅝	45¼	44⅝	45¼
OATS—				
Oct.	....	....	....	28½
Dec.	27⅞	28½	27⅞	28½
May	30⅛	30⅞	30¼	30½
PORK—				
Oct.	....	....	....	10 85
Dec.	10 92½	10 97½	10 92½	10 97½
Jan.	12 12½	12 32½	12 12½	12 25
May	12 05	12 27½	12 05	12 20
LARD—				
Oct.	7 17½	7 17½	7 17½	7 17½
Dec.	7 12½	7 12½	7 12½	7 12½
Jan.	7 12½	7 20	7 12½	7 17½
May	7 20	7 27½	7 15	7 25
RIBS—				
Oct.	7 45	7 45	7 45	7 45
Jan.	6 35	6 45	6 35	6 42½
May	6 45	6 52½	6 45	6 50

GENERAL MARKETS.

New York.

New York, Oct. 18.—Butter firm; street price, extra creamery 21@21½c; official prices, creamery, common to extra 13@21c; do held, extras 20@20½c; State dairy, common to extra 13@20c. Cheese quiet; State full cream, small fancy, colored and white 10c; do good to prime 9½@9⅝c; do poor to fair 6⅜@8⅜c; large colored, fancy 9½c; do good to prime 9@9¼c; large white, fancy 9½c; do good to prime 7¾@9c; do poor to fair 6⅜@8⅜c; skims, full to light 2@8½c. Eggs firm; State, extra 30c; do choice 27@29c; Western firsts selected 23½@24c; average best 22½@23c; Southern 17@20c. Sugar—Raw quiet; fair refining 3⅜c; centrifugal 96 test 4⅜c; molasses sugar 3⅛c; refined quiet; crushed 5.75c; powdered 5.15c; granulated 5.05c.

Flour—Receipts 33,000 bbls.; exports 6,372; sales 4,800 packages; market fair, with light demand for winters. Rye flour easy; sales 325 bbls.; fair to good $4.50; choice to fancy $4.65@5. Buckwheat flour quiet at $2.25@2.35 per 100 lbs. Corn meal steady. Rye nominal. Barley quiet.

Wheat—Receipts 34,000 bu.; sales 3,800,000 bu. futures; spot market firm; No. 2 red $1.20⅝ f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth $1.23⅝ f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard Manitoba $1.07@1.07½ f. o. b. afloat. Corn—Receipts 139,875 bu.; exports 12,414; sales 15,000 bu. futures and 80,000 bu. spot; spot market firm; No. 2 58½c and 57⅜c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 yellow 61¼c; No. 2 white 59c. Oats—Receipts 56,700 bu.; exports 23,174; spot market dull; mixed oats, 26 to 32 lbs., 34@35c; natural white, 30 to 32 lbs., 34½@36½c; clipped white, 36 to 40 lbs., 37@39¾c.

Feed quiet; middling $20.60. Hay dull. Hops firm. Leather steady. Wool firm. Beef and cut meats quiet. Lard dull: Western steamed $7.65; October closed at $7.65, nominal; refined dull. Pork dull. Tallow quiet. Cotton-seed oil barley steady; prime crude nominal; do yellow 27@27½c. Petroleum, rosin, turpentine and rice steady. Molasses firm.

Metals—The London tin market was a little lower, with spot there closing at £132 and futures at £130 15s. Locally the market seemed a little easier in consequence and demand was quiet, with spot quoted at $28.75@28.85. Copper was also lower in London, closing at £60 5s for spot and at £60 8s 9d for futures. Locally the market continues firm, with lake held at 13⅛@13⅜c, electrolytic at 13@13⅛c and casting at 12⅞@13c. Lead was unchanged at £12 3s 9d in London and at $4.20@4.30 in the local market. Spelter was higher at £23 2s 6d in London and remained steady here at $5.20@5.25. Iron closed at 50s 6d at Glasgow and at 43s 9d in Middlesboro. Locally iron was steady at the recent advance; No. 1 foundry Northern $14.50@15; No. 2 do, No. 1 foundry Southern and No. 1 do soft $14@14.50.

St. Louis.

St. Louis, Oct. 18.—Wheat higher; No. 2 red $1.16¼, on track $1.19½@1.20; December $1.16¼; May $1.16¼@1.16⅜; No. 2 hard $1.12@1.14. Corn higher; No. 2 51c, on track 51@53¼c; December 44⅜c; May 43⅝c. Oats higher; No. 2 30c, on track 31c; December 30c; May 31⅝c; No. 2 white 31½c. Lead firm at $4.15@4.20. Spelter strong at $5.10. Eggs firm at 18c per dozen, case count. Flour steady; fair domestic trade; red winter patents $5.50@5.60; special brands higher; extra fancy and straight $5@5.35; clear $4.35@4.60. Timothy seed steady at $2.55@2.85. Corn meal steady at $2.75. Bran in limited demand; sacked on east track 84@90c. Hay dull; timothy $6@12.50; prairie $5@9.50. Whisky steady at $1.26½. Iron cotton ties 95c. Bagging 7¼@7⅝c. Hemp twine 7c. Pork higher; jobbing $11.10. Lard higher; prime steam $6.92½. Bacon steady; boxed, extra shorts $9; clear ribs $9.25; short clear $9.50.

New Orleans.

New Orleans, Oct. 18.—Hog products quiet. Pork—Standard mess $13.50. Lard—Refined tierce 5⅝c; pure lard 8⅝c. Boxed Meats—Dry salt shoulders 8¼c; sides 8⅝c. Bacon—Clear rib sides 9⅛c. Hams—Choice sugar-cured 13¾@14¼c. Coffee firm; Rio, 8s to 4s 8½@9¼c. Rice steady; screenings 1¼@6c; head 3@4½c; extra fancy 4⅝@5c. Flour—Extra fancy $5.50; patent $6. Corn meal steady at $2.60. Bran quiet at 95c. Hay—Prime $13.50@14; choice $15. Corn—No. 2 bulk white 56c; mixed 55c; yellow 57c. Oats—No. 2 bulk 39c. Sugar strong; open kettle 3¼@3⅝c; open kettle centrifugal 4@4¼c; centrifugal whites 4 15-16c; yellows (new) 4 7-16@4 11-16c; seconds 2⅝@4c. Molasses—Open kettle nominal; new centrifugal 24@28c. New cane syrup 37c.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, Oct. 18.—Wheat steady to higher; December $1.05¼; May $1.04¼; cash: No. 2 hard $1.07½@1.10; No. 3 $1.04@1.08; No. 4 96c@$1.04; rejected 85@91c; No. 2 red $1.12; No. 3 $1.08@1.10; No. 4 98c@$1.06. Corn higher; December 41⅜c; May 40⅜@40½c; cash: No. 2 mixed 48c; No. 3 47½c; No. 2 white 48½c; No. 3 48@48½c. Oats steady; No. 2 white 30@32c; No. 2 mixed 29½c. Butter firm; creamery 18@19c; dairy 14c. Eggs lower; fresh 18c.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Oct. 18.—Whisky—Distillers' finished goods active on basis of $1.26½. Eggs steady at 19c. Butter higher; extra creamery 23c; firsts 21@21½c; choice dairy 13c. Poultry easy; hens 10c; springs 10½c; turkeys 12½c. Cheese strong. Flour firm. Wheat firm; No. 2 red $1.20@1.22. Corn firm; No. 2 mixed 57@57½c. Oats dull; No. 2 mixed 31¼@32c. Rye firm; No. 2 86@87c. Lard steady at $7.50. Bulk meats quiet at $8. Bacon firm at $9.25. Sugar easy.

Duluth.

Duluth, Oct. 18.—Wheat—To arrive: No. 1 hard $1.20¼; No. 1 Northern $1.18⅜; No. 2 Northern $1.10¼; on track: No. 1 Northern $1.18⅜; No. 2 Northern $1.10¼; December $1.15⅛@1.15¼; May $1.15¼. Oats—To arrive and on track 27⅝c.

Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, Oct. 18.—Wheat—December $1.16⅝; May $1.16⅛; No. 1 hard $1.22; No. 1 Northern $1.17@1.20; No. 2 Northern $1.15½@1.16½.

Toledo.

Toledo, Oct. 18.—Clover-seed—Cash and October $7.45; December $7.47½; March $7.57½; prime alsike $8; prime timothy $1.25.

Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Oct. 18.—Barley firm; No. 2 55c; sample 35@53c.

New York Dry Goods.

New York, Oct. 18.—Operations in dry goods show a slight improvement with the home trade, who are more inclined to buy for the future than they were, especially where current necessities compel it. Improvement is noted in prints, certain spring orders of good size being reported, while purchases of print cloths are also rumored.

St. Louis Wool.

St. Louis, Oct. 18.—Wool steady; medium grades, combing and clothing 20@26c; light fine 16@20c; heavy fine 12@16c; tub-washed 22@30c.

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of going to the bank regularly each salary day and depositing what you can spare. The accumulation of money is, after all, nothing but a habit, and the most satisfactory one possible at that, and the most profitable.
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The Shoe here illustrated is a new SOROSIS Blucher, made of SOROSIS health leather. A very "swell" walking shoe—just one of the 100 styles of SOROSIS Shoes and Slippers, for women—$3.50 a pair. We are sole agents.

Levy's Third & Market.

Courier-Journal.

WEDNESDAY..OCTOBER 19, 1904

LOW INTEREST

ON MONEY BORROWED FOR THE CITY'S EARLY EXPENSES.

Mayor Secures Promise of $400,000 At Five Per Cent. To Be Taken As Needed.

The lowest rate of interest which has been paid by the city in many years will be paid on the loan to be made to defray the expenses of the city during the first four months of the fiscal year. Charles F. Grainger, the Mayor, has arranged to secure the money at 5 per cent. interest. It has always been customary to pay 6 per cent. and in the past as high as 7 per cent. has been paid on the short time loans. A total of $400,000 will be borrowed, but it will be borrowed only as it is needed, so as to cut down the interest, and payment will be made as soon as the collections on taxes begin in January.

The Mayor tried several banks before he found one which would give him a rate of 5 per cent. on the $400,000, several of the largest of Louisville's banking institutions refusing to make the loan at less than 6 per cent. interest. The president of one was told that the loan could be secured for 5 per cent. and his reply was:

"Go get the money there. We don't want it at that rate."

Business men who knew yesterday of securing the loan at the low rate of interest expressed surprise and the Mayor was congratulated on the good business stroke which will save the city several thousand dollars. The Mayor refused to give out yesterday the name of the bank from which he will secure the loan, thinking it proper to wait until the General Council has authorized him to borrow the money. It is customary each year for the city to borrow from $300,000 to $400,000 during the fall, as no funds are available at that time for the expenses of the new fiscal year.

ARBITRARY ASSESSMENTS

Will Begin By the City Assessor Next Monday.

All persons who fail to give in the schedule of their real and personal property not later than Saturday at noon will be assessed arbitrarily by Daniel F. Murphy, the City Assessor. The law provides that in every instance where the property owner fails to return a schedule the City Assessor is required to make what he considers a proper valuation of the property. Three-fourths of the citizens of Louisville have returned their schedules and Mr. Murphy yesterday began compiling a list of the delinquents. He will begin making the arbitrary assessments next Monday.

Mr. Murphy finds that some few persons in Louisville persistently refuse to give in a schedule and he says that in nearly every case where he makes the assessment it is higher than that which would have been made by the property owner. The large majority of property owners prefer to make their own valuations and if this is done the work of the assessor is considerably lightened. In case any objection is made to the assessments as fixed by Mr. Murphy, appeal may be made to the Board of Equalization, which will convene after all the assessments have been made.

$30,000 Church.

The building inspector yesterday granted a permit to the German Evangelical Reform Zion church for the construction of a new building at Hancock street and Broadway. The new church will be a handsome one, costing $30,000. It will be 78x128 feet and the steeple will be 63 feet high. Work will begin at once and the church is to be completed by August 31, 1905.

LOUISVILLE'S INTERESTS TO BE SET FORTH.

The January and February numbers of the New York News Letter, a magazine published and circulated by a New York insurance company, will be exclusively devoted to the interests of Louisville and Kentucky.

The Commercial Club is obtaining the material and pictures which will be used, and counts upon the two issues of the magazine to place the advantages of Louisville before many thousands of people in an attractive manner. Over sixty photographs will be used to illustrate the subject matter—photographs of the city's parks, industries, monuments, bridges and thoroughfares. Secretary Van Pelt has received a communication from Lexington offering a series of views of the Bluegrass region for this purpose.

LAST OF THE SEASON.
Grand Out-of-Town Excursion.
SUNDAY, OCTOBER 23.
"BIG FOUR ROUTE."

To the Indiana Gas Belt. Special train leaves Seventh-street Union Depot at 7 o'clock a. m. Extremely low round-trip rates as follows: Rushville, $1; Knightstown, $1; Anderson, $1.25; Alexandria, $1.25; Marion, $1.50.

Tickets on sale at city ticket office, 259 Fourth avenue, and at depot.

S. J. GATES, Gen. Agent.

ARMORY

Will Cost Not More Than $325,000.

A FINE BUILDING PLANNED.

SEATING CAPACITY OF GRAND HALL TO BE 15,000.

EQUIPMENT TO BE IDEAL.

The Fiscal Court yesterday decided to build an armory for the county, which will cost not more than $325,000 and will be completed within one year after the commencement of the work by the contractor. This action was taken upon recommendation of the Armory Committee, consisting of Magistrates G. C. Shadburne, John W. Adams and Charles J. Fegenbush, who were appointed some time ago to examine into the plans and specifications submitted by Brinton B. Davis, recently selected as architect for the building.

The contract will be let some time shortly after January 1, 1905, and the work will begin as soon as the weather will permit. The plans as presented by Mr. Davis were accepted by the court with but little alteration, and the building promises to be an exceptionally fine one in every respect. The price of $325,000 is given by Mr. Davis as the outside figure, while it is confidently believed by him that the contract price will be considerably less. In the opinion of Judge Gregory the new armory will be as handsome and more costly than many of the large armories of the East which were visited by the Armory Committee and Mr. Davis preparatory to the drafting of plans.

The big drill hall will be 196½x270 feet, while a small hall for squad and company drill in the basement will be 46x103. The structure will be fireproof throughout, constructed of steel, stone and brick, with fireproof partitions. The basement will be nine feet in height, the greater portion of which will be above the grade line. Besides the small drill hall it will contain a rifle range 324 feet long, officers' rooms, a mess hall, kitchens, swimming pool, equipment, artillery and locker rooms for use of artillery. An incline on the rear end of the building will be established so that field pieces may be brought in and out with ease. The roof above the drill hall will be supported by eleven great steel trusses eighty-one feet high, and along each of the four walls will be a commodious gallery.

* * *

Building For All Purposes.

The total seating capacity of the hall and galleries will be 15,000 people, giving Louisville a building in which may be held the largest national gathering, including presidential conventions. On the main floor will be private offices for the field officers, reception, billiard, armorer's, veterans', ammunition and surgeons' rooms and library. On the second floor will be the gymnasium, which will be about 100 feet in length, and twelve company rooms, each about 20x30 feet. Shower baths will adjoin the gymnasium. The locker room of each company will be on the third floor just above its main room. A large room will also be provided for the band. The committee's report was adopted without dissent or revision.

The Fiscal Court indefinitely postponed action upon application of citizens living in the neighborhood of Orel on the Eighteenth street road to allow the tracks of the Louisville and Interurban Railroad Company to cross the pike at that point. This question involving other crossings nearer the city is in litigation at present between the court and the railroad. A bid to install a laundry in the jail for $545 so that the prisoners may do their own washing was accepted.

Action of the last meeting of the court electing the Rev. W. M. Bruce, of Hope Rescue Mission, as jail chaplain was reconsidered. The question will come up again November 15.

LOST CHILD

GIVES MOTHER GREAT ANXIETY AND LONG SEARCH.

Latter a Stranger In Louisville and Easily Deceived As To Streets.

While seeking information in regard to her own whereabouts, Mrs. R. W. Butler, of Memphis, Tenn., lost her five-year-old daughter, Sachti Butler, at Sixth and Market streets at 2:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and for two hours the frantic mother, with the aid of the police, searched the streets of the city, which is entirely strange to her.

Mrs. Butler left her home in Tennessee yesterday upon receiving a telegram which told her of the death of her mother at Covington, Va., and she took her two small children, the older of whom is Sachti, with her. Arriving at the Seventh-street station yesterday, she found that she would have to wait there three hours for connections.

Thinking that she would take a walk about the city, Mrs. Butler left the station and had walked several blocks when she realized that she had become lost. She approached a passerby at Sixth and Market streets to ask him where she was and while she was talking the little girl wandered away in the crowd. For a time the frightened mother searched the streets herself and finally at the suggestion of a citizen she hastened to the office of Col. Gunther, Chief of Police, to report the disappearance.

In the meantime the little child was found, weeping and wailing for its mother, in front of the City Hall by Patrolman McDonald, who had heard of the mother's misfortune. Not knowing that she was at that time in the office of the Chief, only a few feet from him, the patrolman picked up the frantic little girl and hurried with her to the Seventh-street station, hoping to find the mother there.

Col. Gunther went to the Central Police Station with Mrs. Butler, but no report of the child had been filed there, and the mother became desperate.

Patrolman McDonald had been to the station and was on his way back, when the mother started from the City Hall to Market street and saw the officer with the child in his arms. She ran rapidly for half a block to meet them and wept with joy as she folded the little one safely in her arms.

Marriage Licenses.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to the following: Cook Lay and Lizzie Williams, John P. Flaherty and Carrie E. Miller, Louis J. Hollenbach and Kathryn M. C. Hubbuch, P. K. Waller and Tillie Karr, J. C. Browning and Mary Dohoney, Mathias Oechslin and Matilda Zehnder, Chester V. Frey and Nellie R. Angermeier.

How long is it since you rode your wheel? Had you almost forgotten that you owned one? Trade it for something you can use every day—and the trade can be made easily through our Exchange columns.

NO RIGHT

To Hold Poolroom Employes On Charge Made.

OTHER WARRANTS PROBABLE.

JUDGE GREGORY FORCED TO DISMISS ACCUSED.

KNOTT CASE CONSIDERED.

County Judge James P. Gregory yesterday dismissed the warrants against the eight South Louisville poolroom employes on the ground that he could not hold them on that charge. Under the weight of authority, he declares the charge of keeping a disorderly house could not fit their cases, but the law covering such an offense could only apply to proprietors and managers and not to mere employes, as was agreed between counsel that the defendants in these cases were.

Last Friday when Judge Gregory had determined to hand down his decision he had reached the conclusion to amend the warrants against the defendants and hold them on the charge of receiving a hazard. He notified the attorneys, R. W. Bingham, county attorney, and Aaron Kohn for the defendants, that he was about to hand down his decision. It developed that Mr. Bingham was not in the city. However, Mr. Kohn when he learned the substance of the opinion as originally written pointed out that according to his understanding of the agreed facts upon which the argument was based only the charge of keeping a disorderly house was considered, all other phases being eliminated. Upon ascertaining this Judge Gregory decided to hold up the opinion until Mr. Bingham returned. Yesterday after conference with counsel, Judge Gregory was assured by both Mr. Bingham and Mr. Kohn that the agreed state of facts did not contemplate amendment of the warrants but confined the entire issue to the question of whether or not the defendants were guilty of keeping a disorderly house. The opinion was therefore altered accordingly and dismissal of the warrants ordered.

* * *

Will Prosecute Further.

In speaking of the matter Judge Gregory said he did not know just what steps would be taken in the event another attempt was made to open the poolroom. "If such an attempt is made, however," he said, "it is assured that there will be some sort of prosecution. There are other charges upon which these people can be tried and they will not be allowed to violate the law with impunity. I do not relish the idea of both taking steps to apprehend these people and trying their cases. I would be very glad to step aside and let some one else try their cases. If guilty they ought to be punished. If innocent they should go free. Following is the opinion:

* * *

Court Has No Alternative.

Under the agreed facts stipulated for the purposes of this and other cases known as the poolroom cases the court is limited to the single inquiry as to whether or not in law a mere employe of a disorderly house is liable to indictment or punishment for the common law offense of keeping a disorderly house. The authorities establish conclusively the fact that a poolroom is a disorderly house and a public nuisance and that those who own, run or control same are guilty of a misdemeanor. It is also entirely clear that generally those aiding or abetting any misdemeanor are liable equally as principals. The weight of authority seems to be that mere employes in a disorderly house having control or management of its affairs are not such participants in the offense of maintaining a nuisance or disorderly house as to be made criminal by special process. The decision of the Superor Court of Kentucky in the case of the Commonwealth vs. Keller, Eighth Kentucky Law Reporter, 837, would, in the absence of other Kentucky cases, perhaps warrant a different conclusion. While the court is by no means certain that some of defendants have not exercised that degree of control or management of this disorderly house that would render them amenable to the law it does not sufficiently appear from the agreed facts that they have. For the purposes of the present inquiry they will be given the benefit of the doubt, especially in view of the fact that this court at most could only hold them to answer before the grand jury, and the law as heretofore interpreted by the honorable Jefferson Circuit Court in similar cases would not justify conviction. The motion of defendants for dismissal in each of these cases must therefore be sustained.

The defendants were Joe Varble, Ed Shelly, Logan Schwaner, M. J. Rosenham, L. L. Chapman, George C. Raible, George Tyson and T. G. Slater.

Knott Case Considered.

In the case of R. W. Knott, editor of the Evening Post, and W. C. Hallowell, alias "Mysterious Red," held to answer yesterday to the grand jury on the charge of criminal libel preferred by Pat Sharkey and Ed Melter, the grand jury heard witnesses, but took no action. Further consideration of the case will take place to-day.

The grand jury returned the following indictments:

Selling Liquor to Minors (five counts)—Charles Krause.

Willful Murder—Chas. Sullivan, who is charged with the murder of John F. Fitzgerald.

Assault and Battery—William Snyder.

Malicious Cutting—Arthur Johnson.

Court Paragraphs.

—George Mundy sued the city for $500 for injury to his property by reason of change of grade of Burnett avenue.

—Henry C. Hikes sued English Hoke to enforce collection of two notes for $713 each subject to certain credits.

—Casper McAllister sued Mary McAllister for divorce on the charge of five years' separation. They were married in Jeffersonville May 28, 1898.

—Walker Lewis sued the Kentucky Refining Company for $1,500 damages. He fell and hurt himself while carrying heavy packages up a stairway while in the defendant's employ.

—The Runnymeade Stock Farm Company sued the Big Four railroad for $2,000 damages alleged to have been done horses of the plaintiff while in shipment over the defendant's road.

—Barbara Horcher sued the city for $1,000 damages alleged to have been done her property on account of change of grade of Twenty-second street between Duncan street and Griffiths avenue.

—In the case of Joe Hart against the Louisville Bolt and Iron Company for $20,000 on account of the loss of an eye and hearing of one ear by explosion of hot metal a verdict was given the defendant in Judge Gordon's court.

Court of Appeals.

Frankfort, Ky., Oct. 18.—Present, Chief Justice Burnam and Judges O'Rear, Nunn and Settle.

Magoffin county vs. Owens, Magoffin; reversed.

Bryant vs. Stephens, etc., Whitley; reversed.

Brown vs. Barton, Hickman; reversed.

Joyes vs. city of Louisville, Jefferson; affirmed.

Commonwealth of Kentucky vs. W. K. Vandervolit; Mason; affirmed.

Gratz vs. Warden, Bullitt; affirmed.

Lockett vs. Lockett, Metcalfe; petition for rehearing overruled.

Bitzer vs. Vancleave, Jefferson; appellee filed notice and motion to dismiss appeal and filed brief on motion; motion submitted.

Enright vs. Commonwealth; Respass vs. same, Kenton; motion by Attorney General to dismiss these appeals; motion submitted.

Zumbiel vs. Zumbiel, Kenton; twenty days to appellant to brief.

German Insurance Company vs. Yellow Poplar Lumber Company; agreement filed and appellee given to including October 28 to file brief.

Illinois Central Railroad Company vs. Houchins; appellee filed brief on objections to oral argument; appellant given ten days to respond to same.

Tharpe vs. Noland, Powell; appellant given thirty days' extension of time to file brief.

Laughlin's executor vs. Bougner, Bracken; appellee given thirty days to brief.

Aetna Life Insurance Co. vs. Sugg, Logan; appellee given until December 1 to file brief.

Phillips' vs. Beattyville Mining and Timber Co., Lee; appelee given an extension of thirty days' time to file brief.

Whitney, etc., vs. Whitney; Whitney vs. Whitney; Pioneer Granite Co. vs. Reidy, Kenton; appellees in each case given an extension of twenty days' time to file briefs.

Bean vs. Venable, Clark; agreement filed and appellant given an extension of thirty days to file brief, and appellees thirty days after filing of appellant's brief to file brief.

Ewell & Smith vs. Jackson's administrator, Laurel; agreement filed and appellant given ten days to file brief and appellee fifteen days thereafter to file brief.

Laughlin's executor vs. Boughner, etc., Bracken; appellee given an extension of thirty days to file brief.

Kentucky Lumber Co. vs. Smith, Pulaski; Sievers vs. Martin and Wolfork, Pulaski; C., N. O. and T. P. Ry. Co., Mercer; appellees in each case granted an extension of ten days to file briefs.

Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Co. vs. Avritt, Marion; grounds and motion by parties for oral argument; motion submitted.

City of Louisville vs. Oberle, Jefferson; Monarch vs. Owensboro Street Railway Co., Davies; appellees filed brief.

Green vs. Commonwealth, Daviess; case set for October 26 for trial.

Smith vs. Bank of Lewisport, Hancock; Taylor, Jr., & Sons vs. Taylor, Franklin; appellants filed briefs.

City of Louisville vs. Louisville and same vs. McAteer, etc., Jefferson; appellees filed a petition for rehearing and also a response to appellant's petition for modification of opinion.

South Covington and Cincinnati Street Railway Company vs. Schrader, Kenton; agreement of parties filed and case dismissed at appellee's cost.

Tandy vs. Riley, Owen; appellee filed a response to appellant's petition for rehearing.

Wayland vs. Browning, Grant; appellant filed petition for rehearing.

Lucas vs. Commonwealth, Bourbon; submitted.

Garth vs. Davis & Johnson, Warren; appellee's brief filed.

Gast vs. Brand and city of Louisville vs. Gast; appellant filed response to appellee's petition for rehearing.

I. C. Railroad Company vs. Allen, Hopkins; agreement filed and parties given thirty days' extension of time to file briefs.

Schmidt vs. L., C. and L. Railway Company, Jefferson; motion for oral argument overruled.

J. R. Zimmerman, W. J. O'Connor and G. C. Tabb sworn as attorneys.

Wood vs. Coldeway's executor, Jefferson; argued by H. L. Stone and O. A. Wehle for appellant, J. C. Doolan, W. F. Trabue and C. H. Shields for appellee and submitted.

Court adjourned until to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock.

Court of Appeals Decisions.

Mollie B. Stonestreet, etc., vs. Ella Jacobs, etc.—Filed October 11, 1904.—(To be reported.) Appeal from Carroll Circuit Court. Opinion by Judge Hobson, affirming.

Deed—Boundary—Stream as Division Line.—Where a stream is named in a deed as a boundary between two adjoining tracts of land, the thread or center of the stream is the division line between the two tracts, and, in this case, as the spring in controversy, known as Blue Lick spring, is on appellee's side of a center line of the stream it was properly adjudged to be her property.

H. G. Batts, G. B. Winslow, Winslow & Hume for appellants; J. S. Gaunt, J. A. Donaldson for appellees.

Aetna Life Insurance Co. vs. Lessie M. Milward.—Filed September 20, 1904.—(To be reported.) Appeal from Fayette Circuit Court. Opinion by Judge O'Rear, affirming.

First — Accident Policy—Death—Proof—Circumstantial Evidence — Suicide — Verdict.—Decedent held a $5,000 accident policy payable upon the condition that he came to his death by "violent, external and accidental means." He was found dead from the effect of a pistol shot wound in his head, his body partially disrobed as he had slept, lying in a small entry at the rear of his residence. By his side were two pistols, both loaded, but in one a discharged cartridge. The shot entered his head on the left side behind the ear and passed through nearly in a straight line. The pistols were lying rather to his right side. He was right-handed. His domestic relations were pleasant, being happily married with two young children, good health, prosperous in business, thirty-four years old, of good habits and character and no taint of insanity. The loaded pistol was his, the owner of the one with the discharged cartridge was unknown. The question being submitted to the jury whether his death was caused by suicide or by accidental means, they found the latter. Held—That the jury were warranted under the evidence in finding that the death was not by suicide.

Pleading—Necessary Allegations—Negative Averments.—In an action upon an accident policy it is necessary to allege and prove that the insured came to his death by violent, external and accidental means within the time covered by the policy, but it is not necessary to negative any of the provisions of the policy not made conditions precedent to his right to institute the suit. It is enough for the plaintiff to declare upon the clause of the contract under which he deems himself entitled to recover, stating the facts showing prima facie such right.

Third—Evidence—Verdict of Coroner's Jury.—In an action to recover upon a policy of insurance payable upon the death of the insured caused by violent, external and accidental means, the finding of a Coroner's jury that the death of deceased was caused by suicide was properly rejected as irrelevant and incompetent evidence.

Fourth—Proof of Death—Notice to the Company.—Decedent's death having occurred November 21, 1900, an averment in the petition "that on December 11, 1900, the plaintiff made due out and presented to defendant proof of the death of deceased and that said death was the proximate and sole result of violent, external and accidental means, to-wit, a gunshot wound, and within ten days thereafter defendant acknowledged having received such proof and that same was in due and proper form," was a sufficient allegation as to furnishing proof of death.

Breckinridge & Shelby for appellant; C. J. Bronston, John R. Allen for appellee.

Treasurer of City—Ex-Officio Treasurer of Public Library of the City.—Board of Trustees Public Library of Covington vs. John L. Beltzer, Treasurer.—(To be reported.) Filed October 7, 1904. Appeal from Kenton Circuit Court. Opinion by Judge Barker, reversing.

First—It is agreed that appellee, as Treasurer of the city of Covington, has in his hands to the credit of plaintiff $5,-647.73, which he declines to pay over to the plaintiff on the ground that as Treasurer of the city of Covington he is "ex-officio" treasurer of the Public Library Board of Trustees, and, as such, is entitled to the custody of said fund.

Held—That under Ky. Statutes, Section 3210, as amended by Sections 3210—a and 3210—b, appellant is clothed with the power necessary to establish and maintain a free public library, and that it is to have the custody, control and management of all funds that have been accumulated or may hereafter be accumulated for public library purposes, and directs that the funds appropriated for the maintenance of the library shall be paid over to appellants' board, each member of which is required to give bond for the faithful performance of his duty, and that they are invested with the power to select a depository or treasurer for their own convenience cannot be doubted.

Second—Order for Fund—Failure to State Name of Treasurer.—Appellant having appointed a treasurer and directed said fund to be paid over to him as such treasurer, the failure to state his name in the order is immaterial, his designation by title being sufficient. The writ of mandamus should have been awarded.

H. C. Theisen for appellant; M. L. Harbeson for appellee.

W. T. Philips, etc., vs. Willie Williams.—Filed Octber 12, 1904.—(To be reported.) Appeal from Pike Circuit Court. Opinion by Judge Nunn, reversing.

First—Homestead—Sale by Widow—Infant Child—Action for Rents—Removal of Guardian.—Where the owner of a home, worth less than $1,000, died, leaving a second wife and infant child by her and four adult children by a former marriage, and the widow sold the homestead and left the State, in an action by the guardian of the infant child of decedent claiming the rents and profits of the homestead, it was error in the court upon ex-parte affidavits filed to the effect that the guardian of said infant was not a proper person to be guardian, to summarily remove him as such guardian and, no objection without proceedings instituted for that purpose, and such order of removal was void.

Second—Guardian Ad Litem—Conflicting Interest Between Guardian and Ward.—Where it appears that the interest of the infant and guardian are in conflict it was proper for the court to appoint a guardian ad litem to look after and aid in the protection of the infant's interest.

Third—Fraud in Purchaser of Homestead—Receiver—Authority to Appoint—Premature Action.—The guardian ad litem, having filed a plea alleging a fraudulent transfer of property by appellant to his wife to cheat the infant appellee, it was error in the court to make an order directing the receiver of the court to take possession of the homestead lot, rent it out and collect the rents and apply them to the maintenance of the infant, and then continue the case without ascertaining what interest the infant or other parties had in the property, and without giving the occupant of the homestead an opportunity to execute a bond for such sum as might be hereafter adjudged to be due the infant if any.

J. M. Robinson, R. L. Greene for appellant; A. J. & N. J. Auxier, James Soward for appellee; W. C. Marshall, warning order attorney.

GALT HOUSE GUESTS PREPARED FOR FIRE.

The smell of smoke which was detected at the Galt House at 2 o'clock yesterday morning caused the watchmen and clerks to awaken all the guests in search for the fire. Every room was visited and the occupants were aroused before the cause of the alarm was finally located in a basement room, where a pile of rubbish was discovered to be burning. The origin of the fire was discovered when a half-smoked cigar stub was found in the rubbish. It is believed to have been carelessly thrown there by some of the employes of the hotel, but an effort yesterday failed to fix the responsibility on any one. In passing through the building the nightwatchman requested all dressed and prepare to leave the hotel, and after the trouble was discovered and the fire extinguished the guests were so notified, and all returned to their slumbers.

ANOTHER VETERAN DIES AT CONFEDERATE HOME.

Alfred F. Eskin, an old soldier who had been living at the Confederate Home at Pewee Valley for the past year, died yesterday afternoon after an illness of several months. He was one of the bravest soldiers in the Thirty-third Virginia infantry, with which regiment he served for four years. He was born in Rockbridge county, Virginia, on September 4, 1823. His home was near Lexington. He was enlisted on April 10, 1861, in Company C and was discharged April 9, four years later. He leaves two sons, W. A. Eskin, of Anesville, O., and John C. Eskin, of Covington. The funeral will take place this morning at the Confederate Home and the burial will be in the Confederate cemetery at Pewee Valley.

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